08/06/08

**S-1** 

KHM
Proposed 2008-0128
No.:

## 1 STRIKING AMENDMENT TO PROPOSED ORDINANCE 2008-0128, VERSION

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- 3 On page 4, beginning on line 85, strike everything through page 261, line 4740, and
- 4 insert:
- 5 "SECTION 1. Ordinance 1488, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.010 are
- 6 each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. This chapter is intended to regulate clearing and removal of vegetation,
- 8 excavation, grading and earthwork construction including cuts and fills, gravel pits,
- 9 dumping, quarrying and mining operations within King County in order to protect public
- 10 health, safety and welfare by:
- 1. Minimizing adverse stormwater impacts generated by the removal of
- vegetation and alteration of landforms;
- 2. Protecting water quality from the adverse impacts associated with erosion and
- 14 sedimentation;
- 3. Minimizing aquatic and terrestrial wildlife habitat loss caused by the removal
- 16 of vegetation;
- 4. Protecting sensitive areas from adverse clearing and grading activities;

18 5. Facilitating and encouraging long term forest practice and agricultural 19 production operations where appropriate; 20 6. Minimizing the adverse impacts associated with materials processing, 21 quarrying and mining operations; 22 7. Preventing damage to property and harm to persons caused by excavations 23 and fills; 24 8. Establishing administrative procedures for the issuance of permits, approval 25 of plans, and inspection of clearing and grading operations; and 26 9. Providing penalties for the violation of this chapter. 27 B. This chapter establishes the administrative procedure for issuance of permits, 28 provides for approval of plans and inspection of clearing and grading operations, and 29 provides for penalties for the violation of this chapter. 30 SECTION 2. Ordinance 1488, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.020 are 31 each hereby amended to read as follows: 32 Certain words and phrases used in this chapter, unless otherwise clearly indicated 33 by their context, mean as follows: 34 A. "Applicant" means a property owner or a public agency or public or private 35 utility that owns a right-of-way or other easement or has been adjudicated the right to 36 such an easement in accordance with RCW 8.12.090, or any person or entity designated 37 or named in writing by the property or easement owner to be the applicant, in an application for a development proposal, permit or approval. 38 39

graded slope surface for drainage and maintenance purposes.

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B. "Bench" means a relatively level step excavated or constructed on the face of a

- C. "Civil engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional engineer
- in the branch of civil engineering by the state of Washington.
- D. "Clearing" means the cutting, killing, grubbing or removing of vegetation or
- other organic material by physical, mechanical, chemical or any other similar means.
- E. "Compaction" means the densification of a fill by mechanical means.
- F. "Cutting" means the severing of the main trunk or stem of woody vegetation at
- 47 any point.
- 48 G. "Department" means the department of development and environmental
- 49 services.
- H. "Director" means the director of the department of development and
- 51 environmental services or the director's designee.
- I. "Earth material" means any rock, natural soil or any combination thereof.
- J. "Erosion" means the wearing away of the ground surface as the result of the
- movement of wind, water or ice.
- K. "Excavation" means the removal of earth material.
- 56 L. "Fill" means a deposit of earth material or recycled or reprocessed waste
- 57 material consisting primarily of organic or earthen materials, or any combination thereof,
- 58 placed by mechanical means.
- M. "Geotechnical engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional
- engineer by the state of Washington and who has at least four years of relevant
- 61 professional employment.
- N. "Grade" means the elevation of the ground surface.
- 1. "Existing grade" means the grade before grading.

- 2. "Finish grade" means the final grade of the site that conforms to the approved plan as required in K.C.C. 16.82.060.
- 3. "Rough grade" means the stage at which the grade approximately conforms to the approved plan as required in K.C.C. 16.82.060.
- O. "Grading" means any excavating, filling, or removing of the duff layer, or combination thereof.
- P. "Grading and clearing permit" means the permit required by this chapter for grading and clearing activities, including temporary permits.

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- Q. "Reclamation" means the final grading and restoration of a site to establish the vegetative cover, soil surface water and groundwater conditions appropriate to accommodate and sustain all permitted uses of the proposed zone appropriate for the site.
- R. "Shorelines" means those lands defined as shorelines in the state Shorelines

  Management Act of 1971.
  - S. "Site" means a single lot or parcel of land two or more contiguous lots that are under common ownership or documented legal control, used as a single parcel for a development proposal in order to calculate compliance with the standards and regulations of this chapter. For purposes of this definition:
  - 1. "Documented legal control" includes fee simple or leasehold rights, or an easement ((retained at the time of transfer over lands previously owned by the holder of the easement)), or any combination thereof, which allows uses associated with the overall development proposal; and
- 2. Lots that are separated only by a public road right-of-way shall be considered to be contiguous.

- 87 T. "Slope" means inclined ground surface, the inclination of which is expressed 88 as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.
  - U. "Structural engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional engineer in the branch of structural engineering by the state of Washington.

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- V. "Structure" means that which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of 92 any kind or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts jointed together in 93 some definite manner.
- 94 W. "Tree" means a large woody perennial plant usually with a single main stem 95 or trunk and generally over twelve feet tall at maturity.
- X. "Understory" means the vegetation layer of a forest that includes shrubs, 96 97 herbs, grasses and grass-like plants, but excludes native trees.
- 98 Y. "Vegetation" means any organic plant life growing at, below or above the soil 99 surface.
  - SECTION 3. Ordinance 15053, Section 3 and K.C.C. 16.82.051 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. For the purposes of this section, the definitions in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 apply to the activities described in this section.
    - B. The following activities are excepted from the requirement of obtaining a clearing or grading permit before undertaking forest practices or clearing or grading activities, as long as those activities conducted in critical areas are in compliance with the standards in this ((section)) chapter and in K.C.C. ((21A.24.045)) chapter 21A.24. In cases where an activity may be included in more than one activity category, the mostspecific description of the activity shall govern whether a permit is required. For

activities involving more than one critical area, compliance with the conditions applicable to each <u>critical</u> area is required. Clearing and grading permits are required when a cell in this table is empty and for activities not listed on the table.

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NP	NP	NP				NP	NP		NP			
1, 2	1, 2	1, 2				1, 2	1, 2		1, 2			
NP 3	NP 3	NP 3	NP 3			NP 3	NP 3		NP 3	NP 4	NP 4	
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24										23	23	
NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5
NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6
NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
NP 7	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 8	NP 8	NP 8
NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9
						]	1			]	l	
	T E A O F A N N C D R I B T U I F C F A E L R N N P 1, 2 N P 3 N P 24 N P 5 N P 6 N P 6	T E A L O F A M N I C D N R E I B T U H I F A C F Z A E A L R R D D N R NP 1, 2 1, 2 NP 3 NP 3 NP 3 NP 5 NP 5 NP 6 NP 6 NP 6 NP 6 NP 7 NP 7	T E A O S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I I S O I S O I I S O I I S O I	T E A O O O O O O O I D D F A M O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	T E A O O N N O N N O N I D N N E N I D N E N I D N E N I D	T E A O O O N D D O N D D O N S B O N S B E L U U I F E L U I F E L U I F E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	T E A O O O A N D I S O N D S S O N D S S M M E L U I I F C D N S S B M E L U I I F C D F S D F S D F S D D S D D S S D D D S D D D S D D	T E A C O O A N D I L C O N D S C C O N D S C C O N D S C C O N D S C C O N D S S C C O N D S S C C O N D S S C C O N S B M A S S B M A S S B M A S S B M A S S B M A S S B M A S S B M A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	T E A L S O N D I L E Z A E A L S O N D S S C E A A L S O N D S S C C E A A C S O N S B M A A P R S S C C E A A S S O S C C E A A S S B M A A P R S S C C E A A S S S S C C E A A S S S S S C C E A A S S S S S S C C E A A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	T E A C O O A N D I L E Z I C A L S O N D S C E A T H O O I D N S S C E E A T H O D C R I D C N S S C C E A T H O O D C R I D C N S S B M A P R I A A D C L A L E C L U I N N D C C L A L E C L U I N N D C C L A L E C L U I N N D C C L A L E C L U I S S A G G C L A A G C D F C C L A L E C C L A L E C C L A L E C C L A A D C C C L A A E D C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	T E A C O O A N D I L E Z I C T A L S O N D S C E A T H L D N S B M A A D C R N D C R N D C R N D C R N D C R N A A A A A A C D F A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	T E A C O O A N D I L E Z I C T U D D S C E A T H L A T B F A M O N D S B M A P R I A A T B F A M O N I N B B M A N D I I N D C R N I L A A T B F A M O N I N B B M A N D D C R N I U I N D C R N I U I I N D C R N I U I I N D C R N I U I I N D C R N I I U I I N D C I I S A G D C F F C L A L E S F F R B B A A A I R R A H P P D A A A A R R R I I R A A D R A A Z B B U E D A A R R R I I R A A D R A Z B U I I A A R R R I I R A A D R R I I R A A D R R F F B B D F E U I I A A D R R F F E U I I A A D R R F F E U I I A A D R R F F F E U I I R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R

Emergency action	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Roads													
Grading within the	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP			NP
roadway	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11			11
Clearing within the	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
roadway		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12		12	12	12
Maintenance of driveway	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
or private access road	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Maintenance of bridge or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
culvert	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,
	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,
	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Construction of farm	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
field access drive	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Maintenance of farm	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
field access drive	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Utilities													
Construction or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
maintenance of utility	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	19	19	19
corridors or facility													
within the right-of-way													
Construction or	NP		NP				NP	NP		NP			
maintenance of utility	1, 2,		1, 2,				1, 2,	1, 2,		1, 2,			
corridors or facility	3		3				3	3		3			
outside of the right-of-													
way													
			1	1	1			1		1			1

Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water conveyance	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
system													
Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water flow	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
control and surface water													
quality treatment facility													
Maintenance or repair of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
flood protection facility	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Maintenance or repair of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
existing instream											11	11	
structure													
Recreation areas													
Maintenance of outdoor	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
public park facility, trail	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
or publicly improved													
recreation area													
Habitat and science													
projects													
Habitat restoration or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
enhancement project		21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21		21	21	21
Drilling and testing for	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
critical areas report	1, 2	1, 2	1, 2	22	22	22	1, 2	1, 2	22	1, 2	22	22	22
Agriculture													

Horticulture activity	NP												
including tilling, discing,													
planting, seeding,													
harvesting, preparing													
soil, rotating crops and													
related activity													
Grazing livestock	NP												
Construction and	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP		NP	NP		NP	NP	NP	
maintence of livestock	16	16	16	16	16		16	16		16	16	16	
manure storage facility													
Maintenance of	NP												
agricultural drainage	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Maintenance of farm	NP												
pond, fish pond, livestock	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
watering pond													
Other													
Excavation of cemetery	NP												
grave in established and													
approved cemetery													
Maintenance of cemetery	NP												
grave		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
Maintenance of lawn,	NP												
landscaping and		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
gardening for personal													
consumption													
Maintenance of golf	NP												
course	13	13	13	13	13	13			13	13	13	13	13

C. The following conditions apply:

114	1. Excavation less than five feet in vertical depth, or fill less than three feet in
115	vertical depth that, cumulatively over time, does not involve more than one hundred
116	cubic yards on a single site.
117	2. Grading that produces less than two thousand square feet of new impervious
118	surface on a single site added after January 1, 2005 or that produces less than two
119	thousand square feet of replaced impervious surface or less than two thousand square feet
120	of new plus replaced impervious surface after the effective date of this ordinance. For
121	purposes of this subsection C.2., "new impervious surface" ((is)) and "replaced
122	impervious surface" are defined in K.C.C. 9.04.020.
123	3. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet including, but
124	not limited to, collection of firewood and removal of vegetation for fire safety. This
125	exception shall not apply to development proposals:
126	a. regulated as a Class IV forest practice under chapter 76.09 RCW;
127	b. in a critical drainage areas established by administrative rules;
128	c. subject to clearing limits included in property-specific development
129	standards and special district overlays under K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; or
130	d. subject to urban growth area significant tree retention standards under
131	K.C.C. 16.82.156 and 21A.38.230.
132	4. Cutting firewood for personal use in accordance with a forest management
133	plan or rural stewardship plan approved under K.C.C. Title 21A. For the purpose of this

5. Limited to material at any solid waste facility operated by King County.

condition, personal use shall not include the sale or other commercial use of the firewood.

6. Allowed to prevent imminent danger to persons or structures.

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138 conducted in accordance with an approved farm management plan, forest management 139 plan or rural stewardship plan. 140 8. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet and either: 141 a. conducted in accordance with a farm management plan, forest management 142 plan or a rural stewardship plan; or 143 b. limited to removal with hand labor. 9. Class I, II, III or IV forest practices as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW and 144 Title 222 WAC. 145 146 10. If done in compliance with K.C.C. 16.82.065. 147 11. Only when conducted by or at the direction of a government agency in 148 accordance with the regional road maintenance guidelines and K.C.C. 9.04.050, creates 149 less than two thousand square feet of new impervious surface on a single site added after 150 January 1, 2005 and is not within or does not directly discharge to an aquatic area or 151 wetland. For purposes of this subsection C.11., "new impervious surface" is defined in K.C.C. 9.04.020. 152 153 12. Limited to clearing conducted by or at the direction of a government agency 154 or by a private utility that does not involve: 155 a. slope stabilization or vegetation removal on slopes; or 156 b. ditches that are used by salmonids. 157 13. In conjunction with normal and routine maintenance activities, if: 158 a. there is no alteration of a ditch or aquatic area that is used by salmonids:

7. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet annually or

159	b. the structure, condition or site maintained was constructed or created in
160	accordance with law; and
161	c. the maintenance does not expand the roadway, lawn, landscaping, ditch,
162	culvert or other improved area being maintained.
163	14. If a culvert is used by salmonids or conveys water used by salmonids and
164	there is no adopted farm management plan, the maintenance is limited to removal of
165	sediment and debris from the culvert and its inlet, invert and outlet and the stabilization
166	of the area within three feet of the culvert where the maintenance disturbed or damaged
167	the bank or bed and does not involve the excavation of a new sediment trap adjacent to
168	the inlet.
169	15. If used by salmonids, only in compliance with an adopted farm plan in
170	accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A and only if the maintenance activity is inspected by:
171	a. The King Conservation District;
172	b. King County department of natural resources and parks;
173	c. King County department of development and environmental services; or
174	d. Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife.
175	16. Only if consistent with an adopted farm plan in accordance with K.C.C.
176	Title 21A.
177	17. Only if:
178	a. consistent with a farm plan in accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A; or
179	b. conducted in accordance with best management practices in the Natural
180	Resource Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide.
181	18. In accordance with a franchise permit.

182	19. Only within the roadway in accordance with a franchise permit.
183	20. ((Allowed if)) When:
184	a. conducted by a public agency;
185	b. the height of the facility is not increased;
186	<u>c.</u> ((there is no linear extension)) the linear length of the facility ((from the
187	existing conditions)) is not increased;
188	((c. there is no)) d. the footprint of the facility is not expanded waterward
189	((extension of the facility from the existing conditions));
190	((d.)) e. done in accordance with the Regional Road Maintenance Guidelines;
191	((e.)) <u>f.</u> done in accordance with the adopted King County Flood Hazard
192	((Reduction)) Management Plan and ((Washington state)) the Integrated Streambank
193	Protection Guidelines (Washington State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002);
194	and
195	f. monitoring is conducted for three years following maintenance or repair and
196	an annual report is submitted to the department.
197	21. Only if:
198	a. the activity is not part of a mitigation plan associated with another
199	development proposal or is not corrective action associated with a violation; and
200	b. the activity is sponsored or co-sponsored by a public agency that has natural
201	resource management as its primary function or a federally-recognized tribe, and the
202	activity is limited to:
203	(1) revegetation of the critical area and its buffer with native vegetation or the
204	removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation;

206 other specific salmonid habitat improvements; 207 (3) hand labor except: 208 (a) the use of riding mower or light mechanical cultivating equipment and 209 herbicides or biological control methods when prescribed by the King County noxious 210 weed control board for the removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation; or 211 (b) the use of helicopters or cranes if they have no contact with or otherwise 212 disturb the critical area or its buffer. 213 22. If done with hand equipment and does not involve any clearing. 214 23. Limited to removal of vegetation for forest fire prevention purposes in 215 accordance with best management practices approved by the King County fire marshal. 216 24. Limited to the removal of downed trees. 217 SECTION 4. Ordinance 14259, Section 4 and K.C.C. 16.82.052 are each hereby 218 amended to read as follows: 219 A. The director shall have the authority to issue temporary permits for 220 excavations, processing, quarrying and mining, and removal of sand, gravel, rock and 221 other natural deposits, together with the necessary buildings, apparatus or appurtenances 222 incident thereto for specific jobs on application for highway, road, street, airport 223 construction, flood control and other public works projects. In conjunction with such 224 operations, allied uses such as, but not limited to, rock crushers, concrete-batching plants 225 and asphalt-batching plants may be authorized by this temporary permit. The director

(2) placement of weirs, log controls, spawning gravel, woody debris and

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shall also have the authority to issue temporary permits for the removal of existing

stockpiles of previously mined materials for the reclamation of land to its best use, consistent with the underlying zoning.

- ((A.)) <u>B.</u> The department of development and environmental services shall consider the effect of the proposed operation on the county road system and any effect it may have on surface or groundwater drainage and flood control, and shall make such recommendations as are necessary to protect the public interest in this regard.
- ((B-)) <u>C.</u> The department of development and environmental services shall also consider the effect of the proposed operation on the current and future land use in the area affected by the proposed operation and shall condition permits as necessary to protect the public interest in this regard. Temporary permits are good for the life of the contract of the specific job but must be reviewed annually. Each temporary permit((s)) site shall be fully restored during the term of the temporary permit, unless the site is subsequently designated with an M zone classification((, or included in an unclassified use permit.
- C. Development proposals will be subject to two levels of review standards based on occupancy types, critical facilities and standard structures. The review standards for critical facilities will be based on larger earthquake reoccurrence intervals than the earthquakes considered for standard occupancy structures. The review standards will be set forth in the administrative rules)).
- SECTION 5. Ordinance 1488, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.100 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A person conducting a grading activity shall comply with the following standards:
- A. Cuts and fills shall conform to the following provisions unless otherwise approved by the department:

250 1. A slope of cut and fill surfaces shall not be steeper than is safe for both the 251 intended use and soil type and shall not exceed two horizontal to one vertical; 252 2. All disturbed areas including faces of cuts and fill slopes shall be prepared 253 and maintained to control erosion in compliance with K.C.C. 16.82.095; 254 3. The ground surface shall be prepared to receive fill by removing unsuitable 255 material such as concrete slabs, tree stumps, brush, car bodies and other materials as 256 determined by the department; 257 4. Except in an approved sanitary landfill or as part of engineered fill, fill material shall meet the following standards: 258 259 a. Fill material shall consist of earthen material, organic material or recycled or 260 reprocessed materials that are not categorized as dangerous waste under Title 173 WAC 261 and that were produced originally from an earthen or organic material; b. Fill material shall have a maximum dimension of less than twelve inches; 262 263 c. Recycled concrete shall be free of rebar and other materials that may pose a 264 safety or health hazard; 265 d. Recycled asphalt shall not be used in areas subject to exposure to seasonal 266 or continual perched ground water, in a critical aquifer recharge area or over a sole-267 source aquifer; and 268 e. Recycled materials that have not been reprocessed to meet the definition of 269 common borrow shall be intermixed with well-graded, natural, earthen materials in 270 sufficient quantities and of a suitable size to assure filling of all voids and to assure that 271 the fill can be compacted to ninety percent of the maximum density;

5. Provisions shall be made to:

274 excavation or the sloping face of a fill; and b. address any surface water that is or might be concentrated as a result of a fill 275 276 or excavation to a natural watercourse in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and the 277 Surface Water Design Manual; 278 6. Benches and any swales or ditches on benches shall be designed in 279 accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual; 280 7. The tops and the toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from property 281 boundaries and structures as far as necessary: 282 a. for the safety of the adjacent properties; 283 b. for adequacy of foundation support; 284 c. to prevent damage resulting from water runoff or erosion of the slopes; and 285 d. to preserve the permitted uses on the adjacent properties; and 286 8. All fill shall meet the following: 287 a. Fill greater than three feet in depth shall be engineered and compacted to 288 accommodate the proposed use unless a notice on title documenting the location of the 289 fill is recorded and the fill is sufficiently stable to not pose a hazard; and 290 b. Any fill in the floodplain shall, from the face of the fill to a horizontal 291 distance of six feet back from the face, meet the compaction requirements for pond 292 embankments in the Surface Water Design Manual, unless determined by the department 293 that inundation is not a threat to fill integrity or that other requirements necessary for 294 compliance with the King County Guidelines for Bank Stabilization (Surface Water 295 Management 1993) are met.

a. prevent any surface water or seepage from damaging the cut face of any

B. Access roads to grading sites shall be:

- 1. Maintained and located to the satisfaction of the King County department of transportation to minimize problems of dust, mud and traffic circulation;
  - 2. Located where the permanent access to the site is proposed in the permit application to minimize site disturbance; and
    - 3. Controlled by a gate when required by the department.
  - C. Signs warning of hazardous conditions, if determined by the department to exist on a particular site, shall be affixed at locations as required by the department.
  - D. Where required by the department, to protect life, limb and property, fencing shall be installed with lockable gates that must be closed and locked when not working on the site. The fence shall be no less than six feet in height and the fence material shall have no opening larger than two inches.
  - E. Rocks, dirt, mud, vegetation and any other materials used or produced on-site in the course of permitted activities shall not be spilled onto or otherwise left on public roadways or any off-site property not specifically authorized as a receiving site under a valid permit.
  - F. The duff layer and native topsoil shall be retained in an undisturbed state to the maximum extent practicable. Any duff layer or topsoil removed during grading shall be stockpiled on-site in a designated, controlled area not adjacent to public resources and critical areas. The material shall be reapplied to other portions of the site where feasible.
  - G.1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection G.2. of this section, areas that have been cleared and graded shall have the soil moisture holding capacity restored to that of the original undisturbed soil native to the site to the maximum extent practicable.

The soil in any area that has been compacted or that has had some or all of the duff layer
or underlying topsoil removed shall be amended to mitigate for lost moisture-holding
capacity. The amendment shall take place between May 1 and October 1. ((Replaced))
The topsoil <u>layer</u> shall be a minimum of eight inches thick, unless the applicant
demonstrates that a different thickness will provide conditions equivalent to the soil
moisture-holding capacity native to the site. ((Replaced)) The topsoil layer shall have an
organic matter content of between ((eight to thirteen)) five to ten percent dry weight and
a pH suitable for the proposed landscape plants. When feasible, subsoils below the
topsoil layer should be scarified at least four inches with some incorporation of the upper
material to avoid stratified layers. Compost used to achieve the required soil organic
matter content must meet the definition of "composted materials" in WAC 173-350-220.
2. This subsection does not apply to areas that:
a. Are subject to a state surface mine reclamation permit; or
b. At project completion are covered by an impervious surface, incorporated
into a drainage facility or engineered as structural fill or slope.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
new section to read as follows:
A property owner who controls two or more adjacent lots subject to clearing
limits under K.C.C. 16.82.150 may relocate the area that is required to remain
undeveloped on each individual lot into a single location on one or more of the lots as
follows:
A. The total area subject to clearing limits shall not be decreased;

B. Areas within critical areas and critical area buffers cannot be relocated;

342	C. The relocated area shall be situated in a manner that minimizes fragmentation
343	of wildlife habitat and maximizes protection of critical areas and prevention of flooding,
344	erosion, and groundwater impacts based on site characteristics, including topography and
345	soils;
346	D. The relocated area is subject to the provisions of this chapter governing
347	allowable activities within areas subject to clearing limits; and
348	E. The property owner shall record a notice on title that identifies the relocated
349	area subject to the clearing limits.
350	SECTION 7. Ordinance 9614, Section 103, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.150
351	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
352	A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in the RA zone the following
353	standards apply to clearing on individual lots:
354	1. For lots one and one-quarter acre or smaller:
355	a. clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
356	(1) the amount cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a complete
357	clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with previous
358	county regulations;
359	(2) fifty percent of the lot area; or
360	(3) seven thousand square feet.
361	b. any clearing required for the construction of access, utilities and septic
362	systems shall not be counted towards the amount of clearing allowed under this
363	subsection;

364	2. For lots greater than one and one-quarter acres and up to fives acres in area,
365	clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
366	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
367	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
368	previous county regulations; or
369	b. fifty percent of lot area;
370	3. For lots greater than fives acres, clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
371	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
372	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
373	previous county regulations;
374	b. two and one-half acres, or
375	c. thirty-five percent of lot area; and
376	4. For lots greater than one and one-quarter acre in either the Bear Creek basin,
377	the Issaquah Creek basin and the May Creek basin, clearing shall not exceed the greater
378	of:
379	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
380	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
381	previous county regulations; or
382	b. thirty-five percent of lot area;
383	B. The standards in subsection A. of this section shall not apply if more
384	restrictive standards apply through:
385	1. The Critical Areas Code, K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, and its adopted public rules

2. Property-specific development standards or special district overlays under
 K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; or

- 3. Critical drainage area designations identified by adopted public rule.
- C.1. If there is an approved and current rural stewardship plan or farm management plan under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, the maximum amount of clearing allowed under this section is established by the rural stewardship plan or the farm management plan;
- 2. Subsection A. of this section does not apply to a lot within a subdivision or short subdivision:
  - a. Approved with clearing restrictions in accordance with K.C.C. 16.82.152; or
  - b. In the Bear Creek, Issaquah Creek or May Creek basins that was approved with clearing restrictions in accordance with this section as it existed prior to January 1, 2005;
  - 3. On a lot within a subdivision or short subdivision that is not covered by subsection C.2. of this section, any land located in an open space tract created as part of the subdivision or short subdivision shall be credited to the individual lots in the subdivision or short subdivision on a prorated basis according to the size of each lot in relation the entire area of the subdivision or short subdivision;
  - 4. The area within ((critical areas and critical area)) landslide or steep slope

    hazard areas, wetlands, aquatic areas and the buffers((, except for critical aquifer recharge

    areas,)) for these critical areas may be counted towards meeting the requirements of
    subsection A. of this section;

- 5. Clearing in areas encumbered by a utility corridor, or easement for a public road or trail rights-of-way or an access easement shall not be counted toward the cleared area limit;
  - 6. Clearing standards for mining uses shall be determined through the clearing and grading permit review process; and
  - 7. Clearing that is the minimum necessary to provide for the relocation of equestrian community trails shall not be counted towards the cleared area limit.
  - D. The director may modify or wave subsection of this section for a development proposal that meets the following conditions:
    - 1. The development proposal consists of one or more of the following uses:
- a. government services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060;
- b. educational services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.050;
- 420 c. parks as listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040 when located adjacent to an existing or 421 proposed school;
- d. libraries listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040; and

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- e. road projects that are not part of a larger development proposal;
  - 2. The development proposal site is not located in a designated regionally significant resource area, except for utility or road corridors for which the applicant demonstrate that there is no feasible alternative or that the development proposal is within an existing maintained corridor. If only a portion of the project is located within a designated regionally significant resource area, this subsection applies to that portion of the project located outside of the designated regionally significant resource area; and

3. To the maximum extent practical, the project locates structures in already cleared areas of the site and clears the minimum necessary to accommodate the proposed use which includes all the allowed ballfields, playfields, other facilities, and spaces proposed by the public agency to carry out its public function.

- E. The standards of this section shall be established at the time of permit application. The area required to remain uncleared shall be designated on the site plan approved by the department.
- F. Areas that are required to remain uncleared under this section shall be maintained by the property owner as a resource area. The uses permitted in the resource area shall not prevent the long-term purpose of the resource area to promote forest cover and shall include uses such as:
- 1. Except in areas regulated by a source described in subsection B.3. of this section, forest practices in accordance with a county-approved forest management plan;
- 2. Passive recreation uses and related facilities, including pedestrian, equestrian community and bicycle trails, nature viewing areas, fishing and camping areas, and other similar uses that do not require permanent structures, if:
- a. clearing and soil compaction associated with these uses and facilities does not exceed eight percent of the area of the resource area; and
- b. within wildlife habitat corridors, trail widths shall be the minimum allowed under adopted trail standards and no other recreation uses shall be permitted in an area of the corridor at least one hundred fifty feet in width;

- 451 3. Utilities and utility easements, including surface water facilities, if the 452 facilities are within or adjacent to existing road or utility easements to the maximum 453 extent practical; 454 4. Pruning or removing hazard trees or removing downed trees; 455 5. Reducing the danger from wildfire by following best management practices 456 approved by the King County fire marshal; 457 a. removal of limbs within ten feet of the ground to prevent movement of fire 458 from ground level to treetops; and 459 b. removal of dead trees or branches overhanging a residence; and 460 6. Removal of noxious or invasive vegetation. 461 G. Before approving a development permit application for a parcel that has been 462 cleared in violation of the clearing standards in effect at the time of the clearing, the 463 department shall require the applicant submit to the department and implement a 464 restoration plan to restore trees, understory vegetation and soil to support and maintain 465 the native vegetative cover on the percentage of the site that was to remain uncleared 466 under this section. If the clearing is in violation of the six-year moratorium on permitting 467 established in K.C.C. 16.82.140, the department may determine whether the restoration 468 plan is sufficient to mitigate for the impacts resulting from the clearing violation. 469 SECTION 8. Ordinance 15053, Section 15 and K.C.C. 16.82.152 are each hereby
- A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the following standards apply to clearing allowed in subdivisions and short subdivisions in the RA zone:

amended to read as follows:

473	1. Clearing shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the area of the subdivision and
474	short subdivision; and
475	2. The area remaining uncleared shall be:
476	a. shown on the face of the recorded plat map to delineate where the uncleared
477	area is to remain on each lot; and
478	b. marked with at least one sign per buildable lot adjoining the area indicating
479	that the area is a permanent resource management area.
480	B. The standards in subsection A. of this section shall not apply if more
481	restrictive standards apply through:
482	1. Property-specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
483	or
484	2. Critical drainage area designations identified by adopted administrative rule.
485	C. If sixty-five percent or more of the site is ((in critical areas and critical area
486	buffers)) set aside in a critical area tract as required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, this
487	section does not apply.
488	D. Clearing to provide for the relocation of equestrian community trails shall not
489	be counted towards the cleared area limit.
490	E. The department may allow an increase in the amount of clearing up to fifty
491	percent of the site area of a subdivision or short subdivision if the area to remain
492	uncleared:
493	1. Is placed in a separate resource tract that is:
494	a. separately identified from critical area tracts on the face of the recorded plat
495	map; and

496	b. retained by the subdivider, conveyed to residents of the subdivision, or
497	conveyed to a third party;
498	2. Is situated in a manner that minimizes fragmentation of wildlife habitat or
499	that maximizes protection of critical areas and prevention of flooding, erosion, and
500	groundwater impacts based on site characteristics, including topography and soils; and
501	3. Complies with either of the following:
502	a. A reforestation plan for the tract is approved and implemented, if the tract
503	has been legally harvested, or
504	b. One or more of the following habitats is preserved that is not contained
505	within another critical area or critical area buffer:
506	(1) cave;
507	(2) old-growth forest;
508	(3) mature forest;
509	(4) area that has an abundance of snags;
510	(5) talus slope;
511	(6) breeding habitat for a species that the county should protect under the King
512	County Comprehensive Plan;
513	(7) foraging habitat for any species that the county shall protect or should
514	protect under the King County Comprehensive Plan; or
515	(8) a vegetated corridor that connects critical areas, priority habitat areas,
516	designated regionally or locally significant resource areas, and other areas of high
517	wildlife value.

F. The approval of a subdivision or short subdivision application for a parcel that has been cleared in violation of the regulations in effect at the time of the clearing shall require the restoration of trees, understory vegetation and soil to support and maintain native vegetation cover on the percentage of the site that was to remain uncleared under this section. The applicant shall submit to the department a restoration plan. If the clearing is in violation of the six-year moratorium on permitting authorized in K.C.C. 16.82.140, the department may determine whether the restoration plan is sufficient to mitigate for the impacts resulting from the clearing violation. G. The ((uses permitted within a resource land tract)) area required to remain uncleared under this section shall be ((limited)) maintained as a resource area as provided in K.C.C. 16.82.150.F. SECTION 9. Ordinance 13694, Section 2 and KCC 19A.08.170 are each hereby amended to read as follows: Violations and enforcement. Any person or entity who violates any provision of this title or sells or transfers lots, tracts or parcels that are not created consistent with this title shall, in addition to any remedies and sanctions provided for under state law, be subject to the enforcement provisions of K.C.C. Title 23. SECTION 10. Ordinance 13694, Section 51 and K.C.C. 19A.08.160 are each hereby amended to read as follows: A. Prior to final recording of a plat or short plat, the following minimum

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improvements shall be constructed consistent with the approved plans, except that the

director may allow posting of a financial guarantee in the event that expiration of the plat

541 such improvements. 542 1. Drainage facilities and erosion control measures consistent with K.C.C. 543 9.04.090; 544 2. Water mains and hydrant installed and fire flow available, if required; 545 3. Roadways graded to all lots within the subdivision or short subdivision and 546 capable of providing access by passenger vehicle; 547 4. Specific site improvements required by the preliminary plat approval 548 ordinance or preliminary short plat approval decision, if the decision requires completion 549 prior to plat recording; 550 5. Delineation of sensitive areas that are to remain undeveloped; 551 6. Temporary control monuments set by a land surveyor, located in 552 conformance with this title, and in place at final inspection. Permanent monuments and 553 control points shall be set and verified by a land surveyor within ninety days of the final 554 lift of asphalt; ((and)) 555 7. Improvements without which the director determines a safety hazard would 556 exist; and 557 8. All private improvements outside of the right-of-way or road easement. 558 B. The director shall have right of entry onto any lot, tract, easement or parcel 559 that is part of the final plat or short plat to ensure compliance with the minimum 560 subdivision improvements required in subsection A of this section. 561 NEW SECTION. SECTION 11. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C. 562 chapter 21A.06 to read as follows:

or short plat is imminent or other extraordinary circumstances prevent the construction of

563	Environmental education project: A project that facilitates learning where the
564	emphasis is placed on relationships between people and natural resources.
565	Environmental education projects include, but are not limited to:
566	A. Bird blinds;
567	B. Observation decks;
568	C. Boardwalks; and
569	D. Signs or kiosks
570	SECTION 12. Ordinance 10870, Section 138, as amended, and K.C.C.
571	21A.06.490 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
572	Flood protection elevation: an elevation that is ((one foot)) three-feet above the
573	base flood elevation.
574	SECTION 13. Ordinance 15051, Section 64 and K.C.C. 21A.06.578 are each
575	hereby amended to read as follows:
576	Habitat, fish: habitat that is used by ((fish)) anadromous or resident salmonids at
577	any life stage at any time of the year including potential habitat likely to be used by
578	((fish)) anadromous or resident salmonids. "Fish habitat" includes habitat that is
579	upstream of, or landward of, human-made barriers that could be accessible to, and could
580	be used by, fish upon removal of the barriers. This includes off-channel habitat, flood
581	refuges, tidal flats, tidal channels, streams and wetlands.
582	NEW SECTION. SECTION 14. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C.
583	chapter 21A.06 to read as follows:
584	Paintball. A sport in which participants eliminate opponents from play by hitting
585	them with paintballs shot from a compressed-gas-powered paintball gun.

586	<u>SECTION 15.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 259 and K.C.C. 21A.06.1095 are each
587	hereby amended to read as follows:
588	Sign, changing message center: an electrically controlled sign that contains
589	advertising messages ((which)) that changes ((at intervals of)) more frequently than once
590	every three minutes ((or greater)).
591	SECTION 16. Ordinance 15051, Section 86 and K.C.C. 21A06.942 are each
592	hereby amended to read as follows:
593	Public road right-of-way structure: the existing, maintained, improved road right-
594	of-way or railroad or light rail transit prism and the roadway drainage features including
595	ditches and the associated surface water conveyance system, flow control and water
596	quality treatment facilities and other structures that are ancillary to those facilities
597	including catch-basins, access holes and culverts.
598	SECTION 17. Ordinance 15051, Section 100 and K.C.C. 21A.06.1182 are each
599	hereby amended to read as follows:
600	Slope: an inclined ground surface, the inclination of which is expressed as a ratio
601	of ((vertical)) horizontal distance to ((horizontal)) vertical distance.
602	SECTION 18. (Ordinance 10870, Section 297 and K.C.C. 21A.06.1285 are each
603	hereby amended to read as follows:
604	Trails: man-made pathways designed and intended for use by pedestrians,
605	bicyclists, equestrians, and((/or)) other non-motorized recreational users.
606	SECTION 19. Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as amended, and K.C.C.
607	21A.08.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
608	A. Residential land uses.

KEY		RESC	RESOURCE RESIDENTIAL					COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL										
<b>P</b> -Perm	nitted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	О	I
C-Cone	ditional Use		G	О	I	U	R	E	R	E	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Spec	ial Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D
		О	I	Е	Е	A	A	Е	A	I	G	I	M	I	I	I	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	О	N	C	S
		Е	U	Т	A			V		E	В	E	N	E	N	E	Е	Т
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SIC	SPECIFIC		A	F	M	RA	UR	2	R1-	R12-	NB	}	СВ		RB	}	0	I
#	LAND USE								8	48								
	DWELLING	Ţ																
	UNITS,																	
	TYPES:																	
*	Single Detacl	hed	P	P2		P	PC	213	P	P	P17	7						
			C13			C13			C13	C13								
*	Townhouse					C4	C4		P	P	Р3		P3		Р3		P3	
									C12									
*	Apartment					C4	C4		P5	P	Р3		P3		Р3		P3	
									C4									
*	Mobile Home	e				S14			C8	P								
	Park																	
*	Cottage								C16									
	Housing																	
	GROUP																	
	RESIDENCE	ES:																
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*	Community			С	С	P15	P	P3	P3	P3	P3
	Residential					С					
	Facility-I										
*	Community						P	P3	P3	P3	P3
	Residential										
	Facility-II										
*	Dormitory			C6	C6	C6	P				
*	Senior Citizen				P4	P4	P	P3	P3	P3	P3
	Assisted										
	Housing										
	ACCESSORY										
	USES:										
*	Residential	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7
	Accessory Uses	P18									
*	Home	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
	Occupation										
*	Home Industry	С		С	С	С					
	TEMPORARY										
	LODGING:										
7011	Hotel/Motel (1)								P	P	P
*	Bed and	P9		P10	P10	P10	P10	P10	P11	P11	
	Breakfast	C10									
	Guesthouse										
7041	Organization									P	
	Hotel/Lodging										
	Houses										

GENERAL	Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070;
CROSS	Development Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30;
REFERENCES:	General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;
	Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;
	(*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

B. Development conditions.

- 1. Except bed and breakfast guesthouses.
- 2. In the forest production district, the following conditions apply:
- a. Site disturbance associated with development of any new residence shall be limited to three acres. Site disturbance shall mean all land alterations including, but not limited to, grading, utility installation, landscaping, clearing for crops, on-site sewage disposal systems and driveways. Additional site disturbance for agriculture, including raising livestock, up to the smaller of thirty-five percent of the lot or seven aces, may be approved only if a farm management (conservation) plan is prepared in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30. Animal densities shall be based on the area devoted to animal care and not the total area of the lot;
- b. A forest management plan shall be required for any new residence in the forest production district, which shall be reviewed and approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks prior to building permit issuance; and
- c. The forest management plan shall incorporate a fire protection element that includes fire safety best management practices developed by the department.
- 3. Only as part of a mixed use development subject to the conditions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14, except that in the NB zone on properties with a land use designation of commercial outside of center (CO) in the urban areas, stand-alone townhouse

- developments are permitted subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.040, 21A.14.030, 21A.14.060 and 21A.14.180.
  - 4.a. Only in a building listed on the National Register as an historic site or designated as a King County landmark subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
    - b. In the R-1 zone, apartment units are permitted, provided that:

- 633 (1) The proposal shall be subject to a conditional use permit when exceeding 634 base density,
  - (2) At least fifty percent of the site is constrained by unbuildable sensitive areas. For purposes of this section, unbuildable sensitive areas shall include wetlands, streams and slopes forty percent or steeper and associated buffers; and
  - (3) The density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.797; or
  - c. In the R-4 through R-8 zones, apartment units are permitted, provided that the proposal shall be subject to a conditional use permit when exceeding base density, and provided that the density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.797.
    - 5. Apartment units are permitted outright as follows:
  - a. In the R-1 zone when at least fifty percent of the site is constrained by unbuildable sensitive areas which for purposes of this section, includes wetlands, streams and slopes forty percent or steeper and associated buffers, and provided that the density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.797; or

650 b. In the R-4 through R-8 zones, provided that the density does not exceed 651 eighteen units per acre of net buildable area as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.797. 652 6. Only as an accessory to a school, college, university or church. 653 7.a. Accessory dwelling units: 654 (1) Only one accessory dwelling per primary single detached dwelling unit; 655 (2) Only in the same building as the primary dwelling unit on an urban lot 656 that is less than ((ten)) five thousand square feet in area, on a rural lot that is less than the 657 minimum lot size, or on a lot containing more than one primary dwelling; 658 (3) The primary dwelling unit or the accessory dwelling unit shall be owner 659 occupied; 660 (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection B.7.a(4)(b) of this 661 section,  $((\Theta))$  one of the dwelling units shall not exceed a floor area of one thousand 662 square feet except when one of the dwelling units is wholly contained within a basement 663 or attic( $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$ ); 664 (b) On a site zoned RA, if a transferable development right is purchased under K.C.C. Chapter 21A.27, the maximum floor area of the smaller of the dwelling 665 666 units shall not exceed a floor area of one thousand five hundred square feet; and 667 (c) When the primary and accessory dwelling units are located in the same 668 building, only one entrance may be located on each street side of the building; 669 (5) One additional off-street parking space shall be provided; 670 (6) The accessory dwelling unit shall be converted to another permitted use or 671 shall be removed if one of the dwelling units ceases to be owner occupied; and

(7) An applicant seeking to build an accessory dwelling unit shall file a notice approved by the department of executive services, records, elections and licensing services division, which identifies the dwelling unit as accessory. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit proof that the notice was filed before the department shall approve any permit for the construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The required contents and form of the notice shall be set forth in administrative rules. If an accessory dwelling unit in a detached building in the rural zone is subsequently converted to a primary unit on a separate lot, neither the original lot or the new lot may have an additional detached accessory dwelling unit constructed unless the lot is at least twice the minimum lot area required in the zone; and

- (8) Accessory dwelling units and accessory living quarters are not allowed in the F zone.
- b. One single or twin engine, noncommercial aircraft shall be permitted only on lots that abut, or have a legal access that is not a county right-of-way, to a waterbody or landing field, provided there is:
  - (1) no aircraft sales, service, repair, charter or rental; and
- (2) no storage of aviation fuel except that contained in the tank or tanks of the aircraft.
  - c. Buildings for residential accessory uses in the RA and A zone shall not exceed five thousand square feet of gross floor area, except for buildings related to agriculture or forestry.
    - 8. Mobile home parks shall not be permitted in the R-1 zones.
    - 9. Only as an accessory to the permanent residence of the operator, and:

696 b. There shall be no more than five guests per night. 697 10. Only as an accessory to the permanent residence of the operator, and: 698 a. Serving meals to paying guests shall be limited to breakfast; and 699 b. The number of persons accommodated per night shall not exceed five, 700 except that a structure that satisfies the standards of the Uniform Building Code as 701 adopted by King County for R-1 occupancies may accommodate up to ten persons per 702 night. 703 11. Only if part of a mixed use development, and subject to the conditions of 704 K.C.C. 21A.08.030B.10. 705 12. Townhouses are permitted, but shall be subject to a conditional use permit if 706 exceeding base density. 707 13. Required before approving more than one dwelling on individual lots, 708 except on lots in subdivisions, short subdivisions or binding site plans approved for 709 multiple unit lots, and except as provided for accessory dwelling units in K.C.C. 710 21A.08.030B.7. 711 14. No new mobile home parks are allowed in a rural zone. 712 15. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities. 713 16. Only in the R4-R8 zones limited to: 714 a. developments no larger than one acre; 715 b. not adjacent to another cottage housing development such that the total 716 combined land area of the cottage housing developments exceeds one acre; and

a. Serving meals to paying guests shall be limited to breakfast; and

717 c. All units must be cottage housing units with no less than three units and no 718 more than sixteen units, provided that if the site contains an existing home that is not 719 being demolished, the existing house is not required to comply with the height limitation 720 in subsection B.25. of this section or the floor area and footprint limits in K.C.C. 721 21A.14.025.B. 722 17. The development for a detached single-family residence shall be consistent 723 with the following: 724 a. The lot must have legally existed prior to March 1, 2005; 725 b. The lot has a comprehensive plan land use designation of Rural 726 Neighborhood or Rural Residential; and c. The standards of this title for the RA-5 zone shall apply. 727 728 18. Housing for agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or 729 operator of the site year-round as follows: 730 a. Not more than: 731 (1) One agricultural employee dwelling unit on a site under twenty acres; 732 (2) Two agricultural employee dwelling units on a site between twenty acres 733 and fifty acres; 734 (3) Three agricultural employee dwelling units on a site greater than fifty 735 acres and less than one-hundred acres; and 736 (4) On sites one-hundred acres and larger one additional agricultural 737 employee dwelling unit for each additional one hundred acres; 738 b. The primary use of the site shall be agricultural in SIC Industry Group No. 739 01-Growing and Harvesting Crops or SIC Industry Group No. 02-Raising Livestock and

Small Animals. If the primary use of the site changes to a non-agricultural use, all
 agricultural employee dwelling units shall be removed;

- c. The applicant shall file with the department of executive services, records, elections and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department that identifies the agricultural employee dwelling units as accessory and that the dwelling units shall only be occupied by agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or operator year-round. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit to the department proof that the notice was filed with the department of executive services, records, elections and licensing services division before the department approves any permit for the construction of agricultural employee dwelling units;
- d. An agricultural employee dwelling unit shall not exceed a floor area of one thousand square feet and may be occupied by no more than eight unrelated agricultural employees;
- e. One off-street parking space shall be provided for each agricultural employee dwelling unit; and
- f. The agricultural employee dwelling units shall be constructed in compliance with K.C.C. Title 16.
- 757 <u>SECTION 20.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 331, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 758 21A.08.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. Residential land uses.

KEY		RES	OUR	CE	RES	IDEN	NTIA	L		COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL								
<b>P</b> -Permitted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	О	I	
C-Conditional Use		G	О	I	U	R	E	R	E	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N	
S-Special Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D	

		О	I	Е	Е	Α	Α	Е	A	I	G	I	M	I	I	I	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	О	N	С	S
		Е	U	Т	A			V		E	В	E	N	E	N	Е	Е	Т
			L		L			Е		N	О	S	I	S	Α	S		R
			Т							T	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
			U							I	Н		Y					A
			R							A	О							L
			E							L	О							
											D							
SIC	SPECIFIC		A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-	R12-	NB	<u> </u>	СВ		RB		0	I
#	LAND USE		1.	•	1,1			•	8	48	1,12							•
	DWELLING	<u>.</u>																
	UNITS,																	
	TYPES:																	
*	Single Detach	and	P	P2		P	PC	112	P	P	P17	7						
·	Single Detach	ieu	C13	FZ		C13	rc	.13	C13	C13	FI	/						
			C13															
*	Townhouse					C4	C4		P	P	P3		P3		P3		P3	
									C12									
*	Apartment					C4	C4		P5	P	P3		P3		P3		P3	
									C4									
*	Mobile Home	•				S14			C8	P								
	Park																	
*	Cottage								C16									
	Housing																	
	GROUP																	
	RESIDENCE	ES:																
*	Community					С	С		P15	P	P3		P3		P3		P3	
	Residential								С									
	Facility-I																	

*	Community						P	P3	P3	P3	P3
	Residential										
	Facility-II										
*	Dormitory			C6	C6	C6	P				
*	Senior Citizen				P4	P4	P	P3	P3	P3	P3
	Assisted										
	Housing										
	ACCESSORY										
	USES:										
*	Residential	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7
	Accessory Uses	P18									
*	Home	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
	Occupation										
*	Home Industry	С		С	С	С					
	TEMPORARY										
	LODGING:										
7011	Hotel/Motel (1)								P	P	P
*	Bed and	P9		P10	P10	P10	P10	P10	P11	P11	
	Breakfast	C10									
	Guesthouse										
7041	Organization									P	
	Hotel/Lodging										
	Houses										

**GENERAL** Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070;

CROSS Development Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30;

**REFERENCES:** General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;

Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;

(\*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

B. Development conditions.

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1. The following conditions and limitations shall apply, where appropriate:

763 b. Lighting for structures and fields shall be directed away from residential 764 areas; 765 c. Structures or service yards shall maintain a minimum distance of fifty feet 766 from property lines adjoining residential zones, except for structures in on-site recreation 767 areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.180 and 21A.14.190. Setback requirements for 768 structures in these on-site required recreation areas shall be maintained in accordance 769 with K.C.C. 21A.12.030; 770 d. Facilities in the A zone shall be limited to trails and trailheads, including 771 related accessory uses such as parking and sanitary facilities; and 772 e. Overnight camping is allowed only in an approved campground. 773 2. Recreational vehicle parks are subject to the following conditions and 774 limitations: 775 a. The maximum length of stay of any vehicle shall not exceed one hundred 776 eighty days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period; 777 b. The minimum distance between recreational vehicle pads shall be no less 778 than ten feet; and 779 c. Sewage shall be disposed in a system approved by the Seattle-King County 780 health department. 781 3. Limited to day moorage. The marina shall not create a need for off-site 782 public services beyond those already available before the date of application. 783 4. Not permitted in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones. Limited to recreation facilities 784 subject to the following conditions and limitations:

a. No stadiums on sites less than ten acres;

- a. The bulk and scale shall be compatible with residential or rural character of the area;
  - b. For sports clubs, the gross floor area shall not exceed ten thousand square feet unless the building is on the same site or adjacent to a site where a public facility is located or unless the building is a nonprofit facility located in the urban area; and
  - c. Use is limited to residents of a specified residential development or to sports clubs providing supervised instructional or athletic programs.
    - 5. Limited to day moorage.

- 6.a. Adult entertainment businesses shall be prohibited within three hundred thirty feet of any property zoned RA, UR or R or containing schools, licensed daycare centers, public parks or trails, community centers, public libraries or churches. In addition, adult entertainment businesses shall not be located closer than three thousand feet to any other adult entertainment business. These distances shall be measured from the property line of the parcel or parcels proposed to contain the adult entertainment business to the property line of the parcels zoned RA, UR or R or that contain the uses identified in this subsection B.6.a.
- b. Adult entertainment businesses shall not be permitted within an area likely to be annexed to a city subject to an executed interlocal agreement between King County and a city declaring that the city will provide opportunities for the location of adult businesses to serve the area. The areas include those identified in the maps attached to Ordinance 13546.
- 7. Clubhouses, maintenance buildings, equipment storage areas and driving range tees shall be at least fifty feet from residential property lines. Lighting for practice

greens and driving range ball impact areas shall be directed away from adjoining residential zones. Applications shall comply with adopted best management practices for golf course development. Within the RA zone, those facilities shall be permitted only in the RA-5 and RA-2.5 zones. Not permitted in designated rural forest focus area, regionally significant resource areas or locally significant resource areas. Ancillary facilities associated with a golf course are limited to practice putting greens, maintenance buildings and other structures housing administrative offices or activities that provide convenience services to players. These convenience services are limited to a pro shop, food services and dressing facilities and shall occupy a total of no more than ten thousand square feet. Furthermore, the residential density that is otherwise permitted by the zone shall not be used on other portions of the site through clustering or on other sites through the transfer of density provision. This residential density clustering or transfer limitation shall be reflected in a deed restriction that is recorded at the time applicable permits for the development of the golf course are issued.

- 8. Limited to a golf driving range only as:
- a. an accessory to golf courses; or

- b. an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park.
  - 9.a. New structures and outdoor ranges shall maintain a minimum distance of fifty feet from property lines adjoining residential zones, but existing facilities shall be exempt.
- b. Ranges shall be designed to prevent stray or ricocheting projectiles, pelletsor arrows from leaving the property.

c. Site plans shall include: safety features of the range; provisions for reducing 831 sound produced on the firing line; elevations of the range showing target area, backdrops 832 or butts; and approximate locations of buildings on adjoining properties. 833 d. Subject to the licensing provisions of K.C.C. Title 6. 834 10.a. Only in an enclosed building, and subject to the licensing provisions of 835 K.C.C. Title 6; 836 b. Indoor ranges shall be designed and operated so as to provide a healthful 837 environment for users and operators by: 838 (1) installing ventilation systems that provide sufficient clean air in the user's 839 breathing zone, and 840 (2) adopting appropriate procedures and policies that monitor and control 841 exposure time to airborne lead for individual users. 842 11. Only as accessory to a park or in a building listed on the National Register 843 as an historic site or designated as a King County landmark subject to K.C.C. chapter 844 21A.32. 845 12. Only as accessory to a nonresidential use established through a discretionary 846 permit process, if the scale is limited to ensure compatibility with surrounding 847 neighborhoods. This condition applies to the UR zone only if the property is located 848 within a designated unincorporated rural town. 849 13. Subject to the following: 850 a. The park shall abut an existing park on one or more sides, intervening roads 851 notwithstanding;

853 no public amusement devices for hire are permitted; 854 c. Any lights provided to illuminate any building or recreational area shall be 855 so arranged as to reflect the light away from any premises upon which a dwelling unit is 856 located: and 857 d. All buildings or structures or service yards on the site shall maintain a 858 distance not less than fifty feet from any property line and from any public street. 859 14. Excluding amusement and recreational uses classified elsewhere in this 860 chapter. 861 15. Limited to golf driving ranges and subject to subsection B.7. of this section. 862 16. Subject to the following conditions: 863 a. The length of stay per party in campgrounds shall not exceed one hundred 864 eighty days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period; and 865 b. Only for campgrounds that are part of a proposed or existing county park, 866 that are subject to review and public meetings through the department of natural 867 resources and parks. 868 17. Only for stand-alone sports clubs that are not part of a park. 869 18. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor 870 provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone ((and in an equestrian 871 community designated by the Comprehensive Plan)). 872 19. Only as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park.

b. No bleachers or stadiums are permitted if the site is less than ten acres, and

20. Only as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park with the 874 floor area of an individual outdoor performance center stage limited to three thousand 875 square feet. 876 21. Only as an accessory to a park, or a large active recreation and multiuse park 877 in the RA zones, and limited to: 878 a. rentals of sports and recreation equipment; and 879 b. a total floor area of seven hundred and fifty square feet. 880 22. Only as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park and 881 limited to: 882 a. water slides, wave pools and associated water recreation facilities; and 883 b. rentals of sports and recreation equipment. 884 23. Limited to natural resource and heritage museums and only allowed in a farm or 885 forestry structure, including but not limited to barns or sawmills, existing as of December 886 31, 2003. 887 24. Use is permitted without a conditional use permit only when in compliance 888 with all of the following conditions: 889 a. The use is limited to camps for youths or for persons with special needs due 890 to a disability, as defined by the American With Disabilities Act of 1990, or due to a 891 medical condition and including training for leaders for those who use the camp; 892 b. Active recreational activities shall not involve the use of motorized vehicles 893 such as cross-country motorcycles or all-terrain vehicles or the use of firearms. The

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prohibition on motorized vehicles does not apply to such vehicles that may be necessary

for operation and maintenance of the facility or to a client-specific vehicle used as a personal mobility device;

- c.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.24.c.(2)(b) of this section, the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, in a new camp shall not exceed:
  - (a) one hundred and fifty for a camp between twenty and forty acres; or
- (b) for a camp greater than forty acres, but less than two hundred and fifty acres, the number of users allowed by the design capacity of a water system and on-site sewage disposal system approved by the department of health, Seattle/King County, up to a maximum of three hundred and fifty; and
  - (2) Existing camps shall be subject to the following:
- (a) For a camp established prior to August 11, 2005, with a conditional use permit and is forty acres or larger, but less than one hundred and sixty acres, the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, may be up to one hundred and fifty campers over the limit established by subsection B.24.c.(1)(b) of this section.
- (b) For a camp established prior to August 11, 2005, with a conditional use permit and is one hundred and sixty acres or larger, but less than two hundred acres, the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, may be up to three hundred and fifty campers over the limit established by subsection B.24.c.(1)(b) of this section. The camp may terminate operations at its existing site and establish a new camp if the area of the camp is greater than two hundred and fifty acres and the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, shall not exceed seven hundred.
- d. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period;

- e. The camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall, and activity rooms, shall be of a scale to serve overnight camp users;
  - f. The minimum size of parcel for such use shall be twenty acres;

- g. Except for any permanent caretaker residence, all new structures where camp users will be housed, fed or assembled shall be no less than fifty feet from properties not related to the camp;
- h. In order to reduce the visual impacts of parking areas, sports and activity fields or new structures where campers will be housed, fed or assembled, the applicant shall provide a Type 3 landscape buffer no less than twenty feet wide between the nearest property line and such parking area, field, or structures, by retaining existing vegetation or augmenting as necessary to achieve the required level of screening;
- i. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be directly onto said arterial unless direct access is unsafe due inadequate sight distance or extreme grade separation between the roadway and the site;
- j. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation demand management measures, such as use of carpools, buses or vans to bring in campers, shall be used to minimize traffic impacts;
- k. Any lights provided to illuminate any building or recreational area shall be so arranged as to reflect the light away from any adjacent property; and
- 1. A community meeting shall be convened by the applicant prior to submittal of an application for permits to establish a camp, or to expand the number of camp users on an existing camp site as provided in subsection B.24.c.(2)(b) of this section. Notice of the meeting shall be provided at least two weeks in advance to all property owners within

941	five hundred feet (or at least twenty of the nearest property owners, whichever is greater).
942	The notice shall at a minimum contain a brief description of the project and the location,
943	as well as, contact persons and numbers.
944	25. Limited to theaters primarily for live productions located within a Rural
945	Town designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan.
946	26.a. Only in an enclosed building; and
947	b. A copy of the current liability policy of not less than one million dollars for
948	bodily injury or death shall be maintained in the department.
949	27. Minimum standards for outdoor paintball recreation fields:
950	a. The minimum site area is twenty-five acres;
951	b. Structures shall be no closer than one hundred feet from any lot line adjacent
952	to a residential zoned property;
953	c. The area where paintballs are discharged shall be located more than three
954	hundred feed of any lot line and more than five hundred feet from the lot line of any
955	adjoining residential property. The department may allow for a lesser setback if it
956	determines through the conditional use permit review that the lesser setback in
957	combination with other elements of the site design provides adequate protection to
958	adjoining properties and rights-of-ways;
959	d. A twenty-foot high nylon mesh screen shall be installed around all play areas
960	and shall be removed at the end of each day when the play area is not being used. The
961	department may allow for the height of the screen to be lowered to no less than ten feet if
962	it determines through the conditional use permit review that the lower screen in

963	combination with other elements of the site design provides adequate protection from
964	discharged paintballs;
965	e. All parking and spectator areas, structures and play areas shall be screened
966	from adjoining residential zoned property and public rights of way with Type 1
967	landscaping at least ten feet wide;
968	f. Any retail sales conducted on the property shall be accessory and incidental
969	to the permitted activity and conducted only for the participants of the site;
970	g. A plan of operations specifying days and hours of operation, number of
971	participants and employees, types of equipment to be used by users of the site, safety
972	procedures, type of compressed air fuel to be used on the site and storage and
973	maintenance procedures for the compressed air fuel shall be provided for review in
974	conjunction with the conditional use permit application. All safety procedures shall be
975	reviewed and approved by department of public safety prior to submittal of the
976	conditional use permit application. All activities shall be in compliance with National
977	Paintball League standards;
978	h. The hours of operation shall be limited to Saturdays and Sundays and
979	statutory holidays from 8:30 A.M. to 8:30 P.M., and further restricted as applicable to
980	daylight hours;
981	i. No more than one hundred paintball players shall be allowed on the site at
982	any one time;
983	j. No outdoor lights or amplified sounds shall be permitted;
984	k. The facility shall have direct access to a road designated as a major collector
985	(or higher) in the Comprehensive Plan unless the department determines through the

conditional use permit review that the type and amount of traffic generated by the facility is such that it will not cause an undue impact on the neighbors or adversely affect safety of road usage;

1. The facility shall be secured at the close of business each day;

m. All equipment and objects used in the paintball activities shall be removed from the site within ninety days of the discontinuance of the paintball use; and

6. A copy of the current liability policy of not less than one million dollars for bodily injury or death shall be submitted with the conditional use permit application and shall be maintained in the department.

SECTION 21. Ordinance 10870, Section 332, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.050 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## A. General services land uses.

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KEY			RESOU	JRCE		RESIDENT	IAL				CO	MN	IERCL	AL/I	NDUS	TR	IAL	
P-Perm	itted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	О	I
C-Cond	litional Use		G	О	I	U	R	E	R	E	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Speci	ial Use	z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D
		О	I	Е	Е	A	A	Е	A	I	G	I	M	I	I	I	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	О	N	С	S
		Е	U	Т	A			V		E	В	E	N	E	N	Е	Е	T
			L		L			E		N	О	S	I	S	A	S		R
			T							T	R	S	T	S	L	S		I
			U							I	Н		Y					A
			R							A	О							L
			Е							L	О							
											D							
SIC#	SPECIFIC		A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-8	R12-	NB		СВ		RB		0	I
	LAND USE									48								
	PERSONAL																	
	SERVICES:																	
72	General Person	al							C25	C25	P		P		P		P3	P3
	Service								<u>C37</u>	C37								

7216	Drycleaning			1	1				l		P
	Plants										
7218	Industrial					1					P
7210	Launderers										•
7261	Funeral			C4	C4	C4		P	P		
7201				C4	C4	C4		P	r		
	Home/Crematory										
*	Cemetery,		P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	
	Columbarium or		C5 and 31	C5	C5	C5			C5		
	Mausoleum										
*	Day Care I	P6	P6	P6	P6	P	P	P	P	P7	P7
*	Day Care II		P8 C	P8 C	P8 C	P8 C	P	P	P	P7	P7
074	Veterinary Clinic	P9	P9	P9			P10	P10	P10		P
			C10 and	C10							
			31								
753	Automotive						P11	P	P		P
	Repair (1)										
754	Automotive						P11	P	P		P
	Service										
76	Miscellaneous	C33	P32 C33	P32	P32	P32	P32	P	P		P
	Repair										
866	Church,		P12	P12	P12	P12	P	P	P	P	
000	Synagogue,		C27 and	C	C	C	1	-		1	
	Temple		31								
02	Social Services			D12	D12	D12	D12	D	P	D	
83			P12	P12	P12	P12	P13	P	P	P	
	(2)		C13 and	C13	C13	C13					
			31								
*	Stable	P14	P14	P14	P14						
		С	C31	С	С						
0752	Animal specialty		С	С			P	P	P	P	P
	services		P 35								
			P 36								
*	Kennel or Cattery	P9	С	С		1		С	P		
*	Theatrical					1		P30	P28		
	Production										
	Services										
*	Artist Studios		P28	P28	P28	P28	P	P	P	P29	P
*	Interim		P21	P21	P21	P21	P22	P22	P	P21	P
	Recycling										
	Facility										
							1				

*	Dog training	C34			C34	C34			P	P	P		P
	facility												
	HEALTH												
	SERVICES:												
801-	Office/Outpatient				P12	P12	P12	P12	P	P	P	P	P
04	Clinic				C 13	C 13	C 13	C 13					
							<u>C37</u>	<u>C37</u>					
805	Nursing and							С		P	P		
	Personal Care												
	Facilities												
806	Hospital						C13	C13		P	P	С	
807	Medical/Dental									P	P	P	P
	Lab												
808-	Miscellaneous									P	P	P	
09	Health												
	EDUCATION												
	SERVICES:												
*	Elementary				P15 and								
	School				31	P	P	P		P16c	P16c	P16c	
*	Middle/Junior				P16								
	High School				C15 and								
					31	P	P	P		P16c	P16c	P16c	
*	Secondary or				P16								
Ì	High School				C15 and						P16c		
					26 and 31	P26	P26	P26		P16c C	С	P16c	
*	Vocational				P13	P13	P13	P13					
İ	School				C31	С	С	С			P	P17	P
*	Specialized				P19								
Ì	Instruction				C20 and	P19	P19	P19					
	School		P18		31	C20	C20	C20	P	P	P	P17	P
*	School District				P16								
	Support Facility				C15 and	P23	P23	P23					
					23 and 31	С	C	C	C	P	P	P	P
GENE	RAL CROSS	Land U	se Table I	nstructi	ions, see K.C.C	C. 21A.08	.020 and 2	1A.02.07	0;	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
REFEI	RENCES:	Develo	pment Sta	ndards,	see K.C.C. cha	apters 21	A.12 throu	gh 21A.3	0;				
		Genera	l Provisio	ns, see l	K.C.C. chapters	s 21A.32	through 2	1A.38;					
		Applica	ation and I	Review	Procedures, se	e K.C.C.	chapters 2	1A.40 th	ough 21A	44;			
		(*)Defi	nition of t	his spec	cific Land Use,	see K.C.	C. chapter	21A.06.					
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B. Development conditions.

999	1. Except SIC Industry No. 7534-Tire Retreading, see manufacturing permitted
1000	use table.
1001	2. Except SIC Industry Group Nos.:
1002	a. 835-Day Care Services, and
1003	b. 836-Residential Care, which is otherwise provided for on the residential
1004	permitted land use table.
1005	3. Limited to SIC Industry Group and Industry Nos.:
1006	a. 723-Beauty Shops;
1007	b. 724-Barber Shops;
1008	c. 725-Shoe Repair Shops and Shoeshine Parlors;
1009	d. 7212-Garment Pressing and Agents for Laundries and Drycleaners; and
1010	e. 217-Carpet and Upholstery Cleaning.
1011	4. Only as an accessory to a cemetery, and prohibited from the UR zone only if
1012	the property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.
1013	5. Structures shall maintain a minimum distance of one hundred feet from
1014	property lines adjoining residential zones.
1015	6. Only as an accessory to residential use, and:
1016	a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence,
1017	with no openings except for gates, and have a minimum height of six feet; and
1018	b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty feet
1019	from property lines adjoining residential zones.
1020	7. Permitted as an accessory use. See commercial/industrial accessory, K.C.C.
1021	21A.08.060.A.

1023 or an accessory use to a school, church, park, sport club or public housing administered 1024 by a public agency, and: 1025 a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence, 1026 with no openings except for gates and have a minimum height of six feet; 1027 b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty feet 1028 from property lines adjoining residential zones; 1029 c. Direct access to a developed arterial street shall be required in any 1030 residential zone; and 1031 d. Hours of operation may be restricted to assure compatibility with 1032 surrounding development. 1033 9.a. As a home occupation only, but the square footage limitations in K.C.C. 1034 chapter 21A.30 for home occupations apply only to the office space for the veterinary 1035 clinic, office space for the kennel or office space for the cattery, and: 1036 (1) Boarding or overnight stay of animals is allowed only on sites of five 1037 acres or more; 1038 (2) No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed; 1039 (3) The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or 1040 treated shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock, 1041 shall be surrounded by an eight-foot-high solid wall and the floor area shall be surfaced 1042 with concrete or other impervious material; and 1043 (4) The provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are 1044 met.

8. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32,

b. The following additional provisions apply to kennels or catteries in the A 1046 zone: 1047 (1) Impervious surface for the kennel or cattery shall not exceed twelve 1048 thousand square feet; 1049 (2) Obedience training classes are not allowed except as provided in 1050 subsection B.34. of this section; and 1051 (3) Any buildings or structures used for housing animals and any outdoor 1052 runs shall be set back one hundred and fifty feet from property lines. 1053 10.a. No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed; 1054 b. The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or treated 1055 shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock, shall be 1056 surrounded by an eight-foot-high solid wall and the floor area shall be surfaced with 1057 concrete or other impervious material; and 1058 c. The provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are met. 1059 11. The repair work or service shall only be performed in an enclosed building, 1060 and no outdoor storage of materials. SIC Industry No. 7532-Top, Body, and Upholstery 1061 Repair Shops and Paint Shops is not allowed. 1062 12. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32. 1063 13. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 1064 21A.32. 1065 14. Covered riding arenas are subject to K.C.C. 21A.30.030 and shall not 1066 exceed twenty thousand square feet, but stabling areas, whether attached or detached, 1067 shall not be counted in this calculation.

15. Limited to projects which do not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the public school, as defined in RCW 28A.150.010, or the school facility and serving only the public school or the school facility may be used. New public high schools shall be permitted subject to the review process set forth in K.C.C. 21A.42.140.

16.a. For middle or junior high schools and secondary or high schools or school facilities, only as a reuse of a public school facility or school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32. An expansion of such a school or a school facility shall be subject to approval of a conditional use permit and the expansion shall not require or result in an extension of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the public school, as defined in RCW 28A.150.010, or the school facility may be used.

- b. Renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of a school, a school facility, or the addition of relocatable facilities, is permitted but shall not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the public school, as defined in RCW 28A.150.010, or the school facility may be used.
  - c. In CB, RB and O, for K-12 schools with no more than one hundred students.
- 17. All instruction must be within an enclosed structure.
  - 18. Limited to resource management education programs.

1091 19. Only as an accessory to residential use, and: 1092 a. Students shall be limited to twelve per one-hour session; 1093 b. All instruction must be within an enclosed structure; and 1094 c. Structures used for the school shall maintain a distance of twenty-five feet 1095 from property lines adjoining residential zones. 1096 20. Subject to the following: 1097 a. Structures used for the school and accessory uses shall maintain a minimum 1098 distance of twenty-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; 1099 b. On lots over two and one-half acres: 1100 (1) Retail sale of items related to the instructional courses is permitted, if total 1101 floor area for retail sales is limited to two thousand square feet; 1102 (2) Sale of food prepared in the instructional courses is permitted with 1103 Seattle-King County department of public health approval, if total floor area for food 1104 sales is limited to one thousand square feet and is located in the same structure as the 1105 school; and 1106 (3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, if such uses are 1107 found to be both compatible with and incidental to the principal use; and 1108 c. On sites over ten acres, located in a designated Rural Town and zoned any 1109 one or more of UR, R-1 and R-4: 1110 (1) Retail sale of items related to the instructional courses is permitted, 1111 provided total floor area for retail sales is limited to two thousand square feet; 1112 (2) Sale of food prepared in the instructional courses is permitted with 1113 Seattle-King County department of public health approval, if total floor area for food

- sales is limited to one thousand seven hundred fifty square feet and is located in the same structure as the school;

  (3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, if the uses are found
  - (3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, if the uses are found to be functionally related, subordinate, compatible with and incidental to the principal use;
    - (4) The use shall be integrated with allowable agricultural uses on the site;
- 1120 (5) Advertised special events shall comply with the temporary use 1121 requirements of this chapter; and

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- (6) Existing structures that are damaged or destroyed by fire or natural event, if damaged by more than fifty percent of their prior value, may reconstruct and expand an additional sixty-five percent of the original floor area but need not be approved as a conditional use if their use otherwise complies with development condition B.20.c. of this section and this title.
- 21. Limited to drop box facilities accessory to a public or community use such as a school, fire station or community center.
- 22. With the exception of drop box facilities for the collection and temporary storage of recyclable materials, all processing and storage of material shall be within enclosed buildings. Yard waste processing is not permitted.
- 23. Only if adjacent to an existing or proposed school.
- 24. Limited to columbariums accessory to a church, but required landscapingand parking shall not be reduced.
- 25. Not permitted in R-1 and limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet per establishment and subject to the additional requirements in K.C.C. 21A.12.230.

1138 and urban reserve zones subject to the review process in K.C.C. 21A.42.140. 1139 b. Renovation, expansion, modernization, or reconstruction of a school, or the 1140 addition of relocatable facilities, is permitted. 1141 27. Limited to projects that do not require or result in an expansion of sewer 1142 service outside the urban growth area. In addition, such use shall not be permitted in the 1143 RA-20 zone. 1144 28. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 1145 21A.32 or as a joint use of an existing public school facility. 1146 29. All studio use must be within an enclosed structure. 1147 30. Adult use facilities shall be prohibited within six hundred sixty feet of any 1148 residential zones, any other adult use facility, school, licensed daycare centers, parks, 1149 community centers, public libraries or churches that conduct religious or educational 1150 classes for minors. 1151 31. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor 1152 provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone ((and in an equestrian 1153 community designated by the Comprehensive Plan)). 1154 32. Limited to repair of sports and recreation equipment: 1155 a. as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park in the urban 1156 growth area; or 1157 b. as an accessory to a park, or a large active recreation and multiuse park in 1158 the RA zones, and limited to a total floor area of seven hundred fifty square feet. 1159 33. Accessory to agricultural or forestry uses provided:

26.a. New high schools shall be permitted in the rural and the urban residential

a. the repair of tools and machinery is limited to those necessary for the 1161 operation of a farm or forest. 1162 b. the lot is at least five acres. 1163 c. the size of the total repair use is limited to one percent of the lot size up to a 1164 maximum of five thousand square feet unless located in a farm structure, including but 1165 not limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003. 1166 34. Subject to the following: 1167 a. the lot is at least five acres. 1168 b. in the A zones, area used for dog training shall be located on portions of 1169 agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within 1170 the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct 1171 agricultural production or areas without prime agricultural soils. 1172 c. structures and areas used for dog training shall maintain a minimum distance 1173 of seventy-five feet from property lines. 1174 d. all training activities shall be conducted within fenced areas or in indoor 1175 facilities. Fences must be sufficient to contain the dogs. 1176 35. Limited to animal rescue shelters and provided that: 1177 a. the property shall be at least four acres; 1178 b. buildings used to house rescued animals shall be no less than fifty feet from 1179 property lines; 1180 c. outdoor animal enclosure areas shall be located no less than thirty feet from 1181 property lines and shall be fenced in a manner sufficient to contain the animals;

1182	d. the facility shall be operated by a nonprofit organization registered under the
1183	Internal Revenue Code as a 501(c)(3) organization; and
1184	e. the facility shall maintain normal hours of operation no earlier than 7 a.m.
1185	and no later than 7 p.m.
1186	36. Limited to kennel-free dog boarding and daycare facilities, and:
1187	a. the property shall be at least five acres;
1188	b. buildings housing dogs shall be no less than seventy-five feet from property
1189	lines;
1190	c. outdoor exercise areas shall be located no less than thirty feet from property
1191	lines and shall be fenced in a manner sufficient to contain the dogs;
1192	d. the number of dogs allowed shall be limited to twenty-five, consistent with
1193	the provisions for hobby kennels as outline in K.C.C. 11.04.060.B;
1194	e. training and grooming are ancillary services which may be provided only to
1195	dogs staying at the facility;
1196	f. the facility shall maintain normal hours of operation no earlier than 7 a.m.
1197	and no later than 7 p.m.; and
1198	g . no new facility shall be permitted to be established after one year from the
1199	effective date of this ordinance.
1200	37. Not permitted in R-1 and subject to the additional requirements in section 31
1201	of this ordinance.
1202	SECTION 22. Ordinance 10870, Section 334, as amended, and K.C.C.
1203	21A.08.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1204	A. Retail land uses.

KEY			RESOU	RCE		RESIDE	NTIA	L			CO	MMI	ERCL	AL/IN	NDUS'	TRIA	L	
P-Permit	ted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	О	I
C-Condit	ional Use		G	О	I	U	R	E	R	E	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Special	Use	z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D
		О	I	Е	E	A	A	E	A	I	G	I	M	I	Ι	I	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	О	N	C	S
		Е	U	T	A			V		E	В	E	N	E	N	E	E	T
			L		L			E		N	О	S	I	S	A	S		R
			T							T	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
			U							I	Н		Y					A
			R							A	О							L
			E							L	О							
											D							
SIC#	SPECIF	IC	A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-8	R12-	NB		СВ		RB		0	I (30)
	LAND U	SE								48								
*	Building			<u>P23</u>							P2		P		P			
	Materials	3																
	and																	
	Hardward	e																
	Stores																	
*	Nursery,		P1			P1					P		P		P			
	Garden		C1			C1												
	Center	and																
	Farm Su	pply																
	Stores																	
*	Forest		P3,4	P4		P3,4									Р			
	Products																	
	Sales																	
*	Departme	ent							C14	C14	P5		Р		P			
	and Va	riety																
	Stores																	
54	Food Sto	res							C15	C15	P		P		P		С	P6
*	Agricultu	ıral	P7	P4		P7	P3		P3									
	Product		C7			C7												
	Sales																	
*	Motor														P8			P
	Vehicle	and																
	Boat Dea	lers																
			l	<u> </u>	ı	ı	<u> </u>		l								L	

553	Auto Supply		I		I	I			P9	P9		P
	Stores											
554	Gasoline							P	P	P		P
	Service											
	Stations											
56	Apparel and								P	P		
	Accessory											
	Stores											
*	Furniture								P	P		
	and Home											
	Furnishings											
	Stores											
58	Eating and			P21		P20	P20	P10	P	P	P	P
	Drinking			C19		C16	C16					
	Places											
*	Drug Stores					C15	C15	P	P	P	С	
592	Liquor	P13		P13	P13				P	P		
	Stores											
593	Used Goods:								P	P		
	Antiques/											
	Secondhand											
	Shops											
*	Sporting		P22	P22	P22	P22	P22	P22	P	P	P22	P22
	Goods and											
	Related											
	Stores											
*	Book,					C15	C15	P	P	P		
	Stationery,											
	Video and											
	Art Supply											
	Stores											
*	Jewelry								P	P		
	Stores											
*	Monuments,									P		
	Tombstones,											
	and											
	Gravestones											
*			ļ	1	1	1		P	-	D		
	Hobby, Toy,							P	P	P		

*	Photographic								P	P	P		
	and												
	Electronic												
	Shops												
*	Fabric Shops									P	P		
598	Fuel Dealers									C11	P		P
*	Florist Shops						C15	C15	P	P	P	P	
*	Personal									P	P		
	Medical												
	Supply												
	Stores												
*	Pet Shops								P	P	P		
*	Bulk Retail									P	P		
*	Auction										P12		P
	Houses												
*	Livestock	P17	P17		P17	P17	P17						P
	Sales						and 18						
GENER	RAL CROSS	Land Use	Γable Ins	tructions,	see K.C.C.	21A.08.02	0 and 21A.02	2.070;		1			
REFER	ENCES:	Developme	ent Stand	ards, see l	K.C.C. chap	pters 21A.1	2 through 21	A.30;					
	General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;												

B. Development conditions.

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1.a. As a permitted use, covered sales areas, including greenhouses, shall not exceed a total area of two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. With a conditional uses permit, covered sales areas, including greenhouses, of up to three thousand five hundred square feet may be allowed. Uncovered outdoor areas used to grow or display trees, shrubs, or other plants are not considered part of the covered sales area;

Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;

(\*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

- b. The site area shall be at least four and one-half acres;
- c. Sales may include locally made arts and crafts; and
- d. Outside lighting is permitted if no off-site glare is allowed.

1215 2. Only hardware stores. 1216 3.a. Limited to products grown on site. 1217 b. Covered sales areas shall not exceed a total area of five hundred square feet. 1218 4. No permanent structures or signs. 1219 5. Limited to SIC Industry No. 5331-Variety Stores, and further limited to a 1220 maximum of two thousand square feet of gross floor area. 1221 6. Limited to a maximum of two thousand square feet of gross floor area. 1222 7.a. As a permitted use, the covered sales area shall not exceed two thousand 1223 square feet, unless located in building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. 1224 chapter 20.62. As a conditional use, up to three thousand five hundred square feet of 1225 covered sales area may be allowed; 1226 b. The site area shall be at least four and one-half acres; 1227 c. Forty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural product sold through 1228 the store must be sold by the producers of primary agricultural products; 1229 d. Sixty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural products sold through 1230 the store shall be derived from products grown or produced in the Puget Sound counties. 1231 At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a reasonable projection of 1232 the source of product sales; 1233 e. Sales shall be limited to agricultural products and locally made arts and 1234  $crafts((\cdot))$ ; 1235 f. Storage areas for agricultural products may be included in a farm store 1236 structure or in any accessory building; and 1237 g. Outside lighting is permitted if no off-site glare is allowed.

1238 8. Excluding retail sale of trucks exceeding one-ton capacity. 1239 9. Only the sale of new or reconditioned automobile supplies is permitted. 1240 10. Excluding SIC Industry No. 5813-Drinking Places. 1241 11. No outside storage of fuel trucks and equipment. 1242 12. Excluding vehicle and livestock auctions. 1243 13. Only as accessory to a winery or SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages, 1244 and limited to sales of products produced on site and incidental items where the majority 1245 of sales are generated from products produced on site. 1246 14. Not in R-1 and limited to SIC Industry No. 5331-Variety Stores, limited to a 1247 maximum of five thousand square feet of gross floor area, and subject to K.C.C. 1248 21A.12.330. 1249 15. Not permitted in R-1 and limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet 1250 of gross floor area and subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.230. 1251 16. Not permitted in R-1 and excluding SIC Industry No. 5813-Drinking Places, 1252 and limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet of gross floor area and subject to 1253 K.C.C. 21A.12.230, except as provided in subsection B.20. of this section. 1254 17. Retail sale of livestock is permitted only as accessory to raising livestock. 1255 18. Limited to the R-1 zone. 19. Only as: 1256 1257 a. an accessory use to a permitted manufacturing or retail land use, limited to 1258 espresso stands to include sales of beverages and incidental food items, and not to include 1259 drive-through sales; or

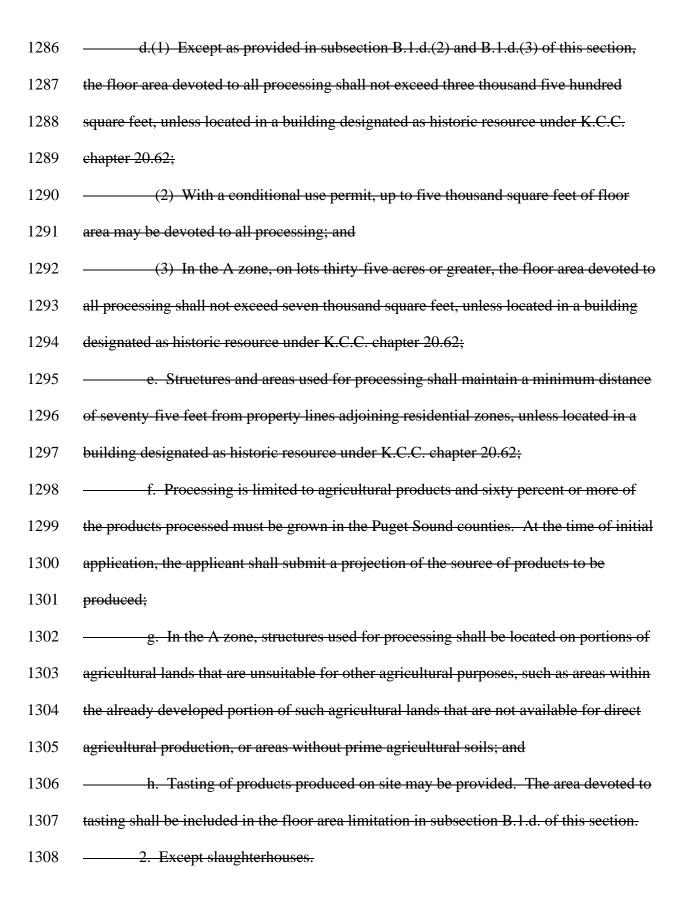
1260	b. an accessory use to a large active recreation and multiuse park, limited to a
1261	total floor area of three thousand five hundred square feet.
1262	20. Only as:
1263	a. an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park; or
1264	b. an accessory to a park and limited to a total floor area of one thousand five
1265	hundred square feet.
1266	21. Accessory to a park, limited to a total floor area of seven hundred fifty
1267	square feet.
1268	22. Only as an accessory to:
1269	a. a large active recreation and multiuse park in the urban growth area; or
1270	b. a park, or a large active recreation and multiuse park in the RA zones, and
1271	limited to a total floor area of seven hundred and fifty square feet.
1272	23. Only as accessory to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and:
1273	a. limited to lumber milled on site; and
1274	b. the covered sales area is limited to two thousand square feet. The covered
1275	sales area does not include covered areas used to display only milled lumber.
1276	((SECTION 23. Ordinance 10870, Section 335, as amended, and K.C.C.
1277	21A.08.080 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## 1278 A. Manufacturing land uses.

KEY		RESOURCE			RESIDENTIAL					COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL							
P-Permitted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	₽	€	В	R	₽	θ	I
C-Conditional Use		G	θ	Ŧ	¥	R	E	R	E	E	U	Ð	U	E	U	F	N
S-Special Use	Z	R	R	N	R	₿	S	₽	S	Ŧ	S	M	S	G	\$	F	Đ
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SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND USE	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-	R12-	NB		СВ		RB		θ	I (11)
							8	48								
20	Food and Kindred	<del>P1</del>	<del>P1</del>		<del>P1</del>	<del>P1</del>							€			P2-C
	Products	C1			<del>C1</del>											
<u>*/2082((/</u>	Winery/Brewery	P3			<del>P3</del>	P3							€			P
<del>2084))</del>		C12			C12											
*	Materials Processing	P13	P14	P15	<u>P17</u>											₽
	<del>Facility</del>		e	C16	<u>e</u>											
22	Textile Mill Products															€
23	Apparel and other												€			P
	Textile Products															
24	Wood Products, except	P4	P4 C5		P4, C5	P4							<del>C6</del>			P
27	furniture	14	1403		14,03	14										-
25	Furniture and Fixtures												0			D.
25													C			P
<del>26</del>	Paper and Allied															E
	Products															
<del>27</del>	Printing and Publishing								<del>P7</del>		<del>P7</del>		P7C	+	P7C	P
28	Chemicals and Allied															€
	Products															
2911	Petroleum Refining and															€
	Related Industries															
30	Rubber and Misc.															C
	Plastics Products															
31	Leather and Leather												€			P
	Goods															
32	Stone, Clay, Glass and										<del>P6</del>		<del>P9</del>			P
	Concrete Products															
33	Primary Metal Industries															E
34	Fabricated Metal															P
	Products															
35	Industrial and															₽
55	Commercial Machinery															•
251.55																
351-55	Heavy Machinery and															E

	Equipment Equipment												
	357	Computer and Office									€	€	P
	***	Equipment										_	-
	<del>36</del>	Electronic and other											P
	<del>30</del>										€		r-
		Electric Equipment											
	374	Railroad Equipment											€
	<del>376</del>	Guided Missile and											€
		Space Vehicle Parts											
	<del>379</del>	Miscellaneous											€
		Transportation Vehicles											
	38	Measuring and									€	E	P
		Controlling Instruments											
	39	Miscellaneous Light									€		P
		Manufacturing											
	*	Motor Vehicle and											€
		Bicycle Manufacturing											
	*	Aircraft, Ship and Boat											P10C
	_	-											1100
		Building											
	<del>7534</del>	Tire Retreading									€		₽
	<del>781-82</del>	Movie									P		₽
		Production/Distribution											
	GENERA	L-CROSS Lan	d Use Table	Instruction	is, see K.C	.C. 21A.08.	020 and 21.	A.02.070;					
	REFERE	NCES: Dev	elopment St	<del>tandards, se</del>	e K.C.C. o	hapters 21/	1.12 through	h 21A.30;					
		Gen	eral Provisi	ons, see K.C	C.C. chapt	ers 21A.32	hrough 21/	<del>\.38</del>					
		App	lication and	Review Pr	ocedures,	see K.C.C.	chapters 21.	A.40 through 21	<del>1.44;</del>				
		<del>(*)</del> E	Definition of	this specifi	ic land use	, see K.C.C	. chapter 21	A.06					
1279		B. Developmen	nt cond	itions.									
1280		1.a. Excluding	<del>g wine</del> i	<del>ies anc</del>	1 SIC	Industr	y No. 2	2082-Mal	t Bever	<del>rages;</del>			
1281	b. In the A zone, only allowed on sites where the primary use is SIC Industry												
1282	Group No. 01 Growing and Harvesting Crops or No. 02 Raising Livestock and Small												
1283	Anim	nals.											
1284		c. In the RA	and U	<del>R zone</del>	s, only	y allow	<del>ed on l</del>	ots of at l	east for	<del>ir and (</del>	one ha	lf	
1285	acres	and only when ac	ecessor	<del>y to an</del>	agrici	ultural	<del>use;</del>						



1309	3.a. Limited to wineries and SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages;
1310	b. In the A zone, only allowed on sites where the primary use is SIC Industry
1311	Group No. 01-Growing and Harvesting Crops or No. 02-Raising Livestock and Small
1312	Animals;
1313	c. In the RA and UR zones, only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half
1314	acres;
1315	d. The floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed three thousand five
1316	hundred square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under
1317	K.C.C. chapter 20.62.
1318	e. Structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance
1319	of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones, unless located in a
1320	building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
1321	f. Sixty percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget
1322	Sound counties. At the time of initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection
1323	of the source of products to be produced; and
1324	g. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
1325	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.3.c. of this section.
1326	4. Limited to rough milling and planing of products grown on site with portable
1327	equipment.
1328	5. Limited to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills. For RA zoned sites,
1329	limited to RA-10 on lots at least ten acres in size and only as accessory to forestry uses.
1330	6. Limited to uses found in SIC Industry No. 2434-Wood Kitchen Cabinets and
1331	No. 2431 Millwork, (excluding planing mills).

1332	7. Limited to photocopying and printing services offered to the general public.
1333	8. Only within enclosed buildings, and as an accessory use to retail sales.
1334	9. Only within enclosed buildings.
1335	10. Limited to boat building of craft not exceeding forty eight feet in length.
1336	11. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the
1337	King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional use in the table of K.C.C.
1338	21A.08.080.A. shall be prohibited, and all other uses shall be subject to the provisions for
1339	rural industrial uses as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.
1340	12. Limited to wineries and SIC Industry No. 2082 Malt Beverages;
1341	b.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.12.b.(2) of this section, the floor area
1342	of structures for wineries and breweries and any accessory uses shall not exceed a total of
1343	eight thousand square feet. The floor area may be increased by up to an additional eight
1344	thousand square feet of underground storage that is constructed completely below natural
1345	grade, not including required exits and access points, if the underground storage is at least
1346	one foot below the surface and is not visible above ground; and
1347	(2) On Vashon Maury Island, the total floor area of structures for wineries
1348	and breweries and any accessory uses may not exceed six thousand square feet, including
1349	underground storage;
1350	c. Wineries and breweries shall comply with Washington state Department of
1351	Ecology and King County board of health regulations for water usage and wastewater
1352	disposal. Wineries and breweries using water from exempt wells shall install a water
1353	<del>meter;</del>

1354	d. Off-street parking is limited to one hundred and fifty percent of the
1355	minimum requirement for wineries or breweries specified in K.C.C. 21A.18.030;
1356	e. Structures and areas used for processing shall be set back a minimum
1357	distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjacent to residential zones, unless the
1358	processing is located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter
1359	<del>20.62;</del>
1360	f. The minimum site area is four and one half acres. If the total floor area of
1361	structures for wineries and breweries and any accessory uses exceed six thousand square
1362	feet, including underground storage must:
1363	(1) the minimum site area is ten acres; and
1364	(2) a minimum of two and one half acres of the site shall be used for the
1365	growing of agricultural products;
1366	g. The facility shall be limited to processing agricultural products and sixty
1367	percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties.
1368	At the time of initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of
1369	products to be processed; and
1370	h. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
1371	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.12.b of this section.
1372	13. Limited to source separated organic waste processing facilities at a scale
1373	appropriate to process the organic waste generated in the agricultural zone.
1374	——————————————————————————————————————
1375	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
1376	long term lease or an easement:

1377	a. as accessory to a primary forestry use and at a scale appropriate to process
1378	the organic waste generated on the site; or
1379	b. as a continuation of a sawmill or lumber manufacturing use only for that
1380	period to complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of the
1381	sawmill or lumber manufacturing activity.
1382	15. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or
1383	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
1384	long-term lease or an easement:
1385	a. as accessory to a primary mineral use; or
1386	b. as a continuation of a mineral processing use only for that period to
1387	complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of mineral extraction.
1388	——————————————————————————————————————
1389	accordance with an approved reclamation plan.))
1390	SECTION 24. Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C.
1391	21A.08.090 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Resource land uses.

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SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND	Α	F	М	RA	UR	R1-	R12-	NB	СВ	RB	0	1
	USE						8	48					
	AGRICULTURE:												
01	Growing and	Р	Р		Р	Р	Р						Р
	Harvesting Crops												
02	Raising Livestock	P	Р		P	Р	P6						P
	and Small Animals												
*	Agriculture	C10											
	Training Facility												
*	Agriculture-related	P12											
	special needs												
	camp												
*	<u>Agricultural</u>	P13											
	Anaerobic												
	<u>Digester</u>												
	FORESTRY:												
08	Growing &	P	Р	P7	P	P	P						P
08			Р	Ρ/	P	Р	P						Р
	Harvesting Forest												
	Production												
*	Forest Research		Р		Р	Р						P2	Р
	FISH AND												
	WILDLIFE												
	MANAGEMENT:												
0921	Hatchery/Fish	Р	Р		Р	Р	С						Р
	Preserve (1)												
0273	Aquaculture (1)	Р	Р		Р	Р	С						Р
*	Wildlife Shelters	Р	Р		Р	Р							
	MINERAL:												
10,12,14	Mineral Extraction		P9	Р									
	and Processing		С	C11									
2951,	Asphalt/Concrete		P8	P8									Р
3271,	Mixtures and		C11	C11									
3273	Block												
•	ACCESSORY	1											
	USES:												
*	Resource	P3	P4	P5	P3	P3							P4
	Accessory Uses												
GENERAL	CROSS Lar	l nd Use T	able In:	struction	ns, see	K.C.C. 21	A.08.02	20 and 2	1A.02.070	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

	General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;
	Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;
	(*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.
1393	B. Development conditions.
1394	1. May be further subject to K.C.C. Title 25, Shoreline Management.
1395	2. Only forest research conducted within an enclosed building.
1396	3. Accessory dwelling units in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.030.
1397	4. Excluding housing for agricultural workers.
1398	5. Limited to either maintenance or storage facilities, or both, in conjunction
1399	with mineral extraction or processing operation.
1400	6. Large livestock allowed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
1401	7. Only in conjunction with a mineral extraction site plan approved in
1402	accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.22.
1403	8. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or
1404	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
1405	long-term lease or an easement:
1406	a. as accessory to a primary mineral extraction use;
1407	b. as a continuation of a mineral processing only for that period to complete
1408	delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of a mineral extraction; or
1409	c. for a public works project under a temporary grading permit issued in
1410	accordance with K.C.C. 16.82.152.
1411	9. Limited to mineral extraction and processing:

Development Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30;

REFERENCES:

1413 which includes but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an 1414 easement; 1415 b. that are located greater than one-quarter mile from an established residence; 1416 and 1417 c. that do not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential 1418 use. 1419 10. Agriculture training facilities are allowed only as an accessory to existing 1420 agricultural uses and are subject to the following conditions: 1421 a. The impervious surface associated with the agriculture training facilities 1422 shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted 1423 under K.C.C. 21A.12.040; 1424 b. New or the expansion of existing structures, or other site improvements, 1425 shall not be located on class 1, 2 or 3 soils; 1426 c. The director may require reuse of surplus structures to the maximum extent 1427 practical; 1428 d. The director may require the clustering of new structures with existing 1429 structures; 1430 e. New structures or other site improvements shall be set back a minimum 1431 distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; 1432 f. Bulk and design of structures shall be compatible with the architectural style 1433 of the surrounding agricultural community; 1434 g. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;

a. on a lot or group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control,

1435 h. Traffic generated shall not impede the safe and efficient movement of 1436 agricultural vehicles, nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural roads; 1437 i. Agriculture training facilities may be used to provide educational services to 1438 the surrounding rural/agricultural community or for community events. Property owners 1439 may be required to obtain a temporary use permit for community events in accordance 1440 with K.C.C. chapter 21A.32; 1441 j. Use of lodging and food service facilities shall be limited only to activities 1442 conducted in conjunction with training and education programs or community events 1443 held on site; 1444 k. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that 1445 directly support education and training activities or farm operations; and 1446 1. The King County agriculture commission shall be notified of and have an 1447 opportunity to comment upon all proposed agriculture training facilities during the permit 1448 process in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.40. 1449 11. Continuation of mineral processing and asphalt/concrete mixtures and block 1450 uses after reclamation in accordance with an approved reclamation plan. 1451 12.a. Activities at the camp shall be limited to agriculture and agriculture-1452 oriented activities. In addition, activities that place minimal stress on the site's 1453 agricultural resources or activities that are compatible with agriculture are permitted. 1454 (1) passive recreation; 1455 (2) training of individuals who will work at the camp; 1456 (3) special events for families of the campers; and 1457 (4) agriculture education for youth.

b. Outside the camp center, as provided for in subsection B.12.e of this section, camp activities shall not preclude the use of the site for agriculture and agricultural related activities, such as the processing of local food to create value-added products and the refrigeration and storage of local agricultural products. The camp shall be managed to coexist with agriculture and agricultural activities both onsite and in the surrounding area.

- c. A farm plan shall be required for commercial agricultural production to ensure adherence to best management practices and soil conservation.
- d.(1) The minimum site area shall be five hundred acres. Unless the property owner has sold or transferred the development rights as provided in subsection B.12.c.(3) of this section, a minimum of five hundred acres of the site must be owned by a single individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity and must remain under the ownership of a single individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity for the duration of the operation of the camp.
- (2) Nothing in subsection B.12.d.(1) of this section prohibits the property owner from selling or transferring the development rights for a portion or all of the site to the King County farmland preservation program or, if the development rights are extinguished as part of the sale or transfer, to a nonprofit entity approved by the director;
- e. The impervious surface associated with the camp shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;
- f. Structures for living quarters, dining facilities, medical facilities and other nonagricultural camp activities shall be located in a camp center. The camp center shall

be no more than fifty acres and shall depicted on a site plan. New structures for nonagricultural camp activities shall be clustered with existing structures;

- g. To the extent practicable, existing structures shall be reused. The applicant shall demonstrate to the director that a new structure for nonagricultural camp activities cannot be practicably accommodated within an existing structure on the site, though cabins for campers shall be permitted only if they do not already exist on site;
- h. Camp facilities may be used to provide agricultural educational services to the surrounding rural and agricultural community or for community events. If required by K.C.C. chapter 21A.32, the property owner shall obtain a temporary use permit for community events;
- i. Lodging and food service facilities shall only be used for activities related to the camp or for agricultural education programs or community events held on site;
- j. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that directly support camp activities, farm operations or agricultural education programs;
- k. New nonagricultural camp structures and site improvements shall maintain a minimum set-back of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones;
- 1. Except for legal nonconforming structures existing as of January 1, 2007, camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall and activity rooms, shall be of a scale to serve overnight camp users;
- m. Landscaping equivalent to a type III landscaping screen, as provided for in K.C.C. 21A.16.040, of at least twenty feet shall be provided for nonagricultural structures and site improvements located within two hundred feet of an adjacent residential zoned property not associated with the camp;

1504 o. The total number of persons staying overnight shall not exceed three 1505 hundred; 1506 p. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp 1507 personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period; 1508 q. Traffic generated by camp activities shall not impede the safe and efficient 1509 movement of agricultural vehicles nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural 1510 roads; 1511 r. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be 1512 directly onto the arterial unless the county road engineer determines that direct access is 1513 unsafe; 1514 s. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation 1515 management measures shall be used to minimize adverse traffic impacts; 1516 t. Camp recreational activities shall not involve the use of motor vehicles 1517 unless the motor vehicles are part of an agricultural activity or are being used for the 1518 transportation of campers, camp personnel or the families of campers. Camp personnel 1519 may use motor vehicles for the operation and maintenance of the facility. Client-specific 1520 motorized personal mobility devices are allowed; and 1521 u. Lights to illuminate the camp or its structures shall be arranged to reflect the 1522 light away from any adjacent property. 1523 13. Limited to digester receiving plant and animal waste from agricultural 1524 activities and subject as follows:

n. New sewers shall not be extended to the site:

b. the digester must be included as part of an Washington state department of
 agriculture approved dairy nutrient plan; and

c. the use must be accessory to an operating dairy or livestock operation.

SECTION 25. Ordinance 10870, Section 337, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.100 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## 1530 A. Regional land uses.

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KEY	RESOU	RESID	ENTIA	-		COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL							
P-Permitted Use	1	Α	F	М	R	U F	U	R	N B	СВ	R B	0	1
<b>C</b> -Conditional Use		G	0	1	U	R E	R	Е	E U	ου	E U	F	N
<b>S</b> -Special Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	В	S	I S	M S	G S	F	D
	0	1	E	E	Α	A E	A	I	GΙ	МІ	1 1	1	U
	N	С	s	R	L	N F	R N	D	H N	UN	O N	С	s
	Е	U	Т	Α		\	,	Е	ВЕ	N E	N E	Е	Т
		L		L		E	:	N	o s	ı s	A S		R
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		U						1	Н	Υ			Α
		R						Α	0				L
		E						L	0				
									D				
SIC# SPECIFIC LAND	USE	Α	F	М	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-	NB	СВ	RB	0	ı
								48					(15)
* Jail							S	S	S	S	S	S	S
* Jail Farm/Camp		S	S		S	S	1						
* Work Release Fac	cility				S19	S19	S	S	S	S	S	S	
* Public Agency Ani	mal		S		S	S					S		Р
Control Facility													
* Public Agency Tra	ining		S		S3					S3	S3	S3	C4
Facility													
* Hydroelectric			C14 S		C14	C14	C14						
Generation Facility	/				S	s	s						
* Non-hydroelectric		C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12	C12	C12	C12	C12	C12	C12 S	C12	P12
Generation Facility					S	S	s	S	S	S		S	S
* Communication Fa		C6c S	Р		C6c	C6c	C6c	C6c	C6c	P	P	P	P
(17)					S	S	S	S	S				•
* Earth Station		P6b C	Р		C6a	C6a	C6a	C6a	P6b	Р	Р	Р	Р
					-54	200	300		. 55	<u> </u>	•	l ·	•

and Gas Extraction ergy Resource covery Facility I Recycling Facility adfill insfer Station stewater Treatment cility inicipal Water	S	S S	P S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S	S	S	S	S	C S
I Recycling Facility I Recycling Facility Indfill Insfer Station Stewater Treatment Sility Inicipal Water Induction	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		С
I Recycling Facility  Indfill  Insfer Station  I Recycling Facility  Inster Station  I Recycling Facility  Inster Station  I Recycling Facility  I Recycli	S	S	S	S							S	
nsfer Station stewater Treatment cility nicipal Water	S	S	S	S							S	
nsfer Station stewater Treatment cility nicipal Water	S			S							S	S
stewater Treatment cility nicipal Water duction	S		S		S	S	_					
cility nicipal Water duction	S			S			S	S	S	S		Р
nicipal Water	S				S	S	S	S	S	S	S	С
duction	S		l									
		P13 S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
oort/Heliport	S7	S7		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
nsit Bus Base						S	S	S	S	S	S	Р
nool Bus Base				C5	C5 S	C5 S	C5 S	S	S	S	S	Р
				S20								
cetrack				S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S <u>23</u>
unty Fairgrounds				P21								
cility				S22								
rground									S	S		S
o/Wildlife Exhibit(2)		S9		S9	S	S	S		S	S		
dium/Arena										S		S
lege/University(1)	P10	P10		P10	P10	P10	P10	P10	Р	Р	Р	Р
				C11	C11	C11	C11	C11				
				S18	S18	S	S	S				
Animal Breeding	P16	P16		P16								
cility												
r	etrack Inty Fairgrounds Illity Iground Iwildlife Exhibit(2) Idium/Arena Iege/University(1)  Animal Breeding	etrack etrack inty Fairgrounds ility ground //Wildlife Exhibit(2) dium/Arena ege/University(1)  Animal Breeding P16	etrack etrack inty Fairgrounds ility ground /Wildlife Exhibit(2) S9 dium/Arena ege/University(1) P10 P10 Animal Breeding P16 P16	etrack etrack inty Fairgrounds ility ground /Wildlife Exhibit(2) S9 dium/Arena ege/University(1) P10 P10 Animal Breeding P16 P16	Sample   S	Sit Bus Base	S	S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	S S S S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	S S S S S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S

GENERAL CROSS

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070;

REFERENCES:

Development Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30;

General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;

Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;

(\*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

- B. Development conditions.
- 1. Except technical institutions. See vocational schools on general services land
- 1533 use table, K.C.C. 21A.08.050.

- 2. Except arboretum. See K.C.C. 21A.08.040, recreation/cultural land use table.
- 3. Except weapons armories and outdoor shooting ranges.

1536	4. Except outdoor shooting range.
1537	5. Only in conjunction with an existing or proposed school.
1538	6.a. Limited to no more than three satellite dish antennae.
1539	b. Limited to one satellite dish antenna.
1540	c. Limited to tower consolidations.
1541	7. Limited to landing field for aircraft involved in forestry or agricultural
1542	practices or for emergency landing sites.
1543	8. Except racing of motorized vehicles.
1544	9. Limited to wildlife exhibit.
1545	10. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
1546	11. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter
1547	21A.32.
1547 1548	<ul><li>21A.32.</li><li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li></ul>
1548	12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.
1548 1549	<ul><li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li><li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li></ul>
1548 1549 1550	<ul><li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li><li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li><li>14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:</li></ul>
1548 1549 1550 1551	<ul><li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li><li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li><li>14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:</li><li>a. Any new diversion structure shall not:</li></ul>
1548 1549 1550 1551 1552	<ul><li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li><li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li><li>14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:</li><li>a. Any new diversion structure shall not:</li><li>(1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed; or</li></ul>
1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553	<ul> <li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li> <li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li> <li>14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:</li> <li>a. Any new diversion structure shall not:</li> <li>(1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed; or</li> <li>(2) impound more than three surface acres of water at the normal maximum</li> </ul>
1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553 1554	<ul> <li>12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.</li> <li>13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.</li> <li>14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following: <ul> <li>a. Any new diversion structure shall not:</li> <li>(1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed; or</li> <li>(2) impound more than three surface acres of water at the normal maximum surface level;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

d. An exceedance flow of no greater than fifty percent in mainstream reach 1559 shall be maintained; 1560 e. Any transmission line shall be limited to a: 1561 (1) right-of-way of five miles or less; and 1562 (2) capacity of two hundred thirty KV or less; 1563 f. Any new, permanent access road shall be limited to five miles or less; and 1564 g. The facility shall only be located above any portion of the stream used by 1565 anadromous fish. 1566 15. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the 1567 King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional or special use in K.C.C. 1568 21A.08.100A, except for waste water treatment facilities and racetracks, shall be 1569 prohibited. All other uses, including waste water treatment facilities, shall be subject to 1570 the provisions for rural industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12. 1571 16. The operator of such a facility shall provide verification to the department of 1572 natural resources and parks or its successor organization that the facility meets or exceeds 1573 the standards of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States 1574 Department of Agriculture and the accreditation guidelines of the American Zoo and 1575 Aquarium Association. 1576 17. The following provisions of the table apply only to major communication 1577 facilities minor communication facilities shall be reviewed in accordance with the 1578 processes and standard outlined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.26. 1579 18. Only for facilities related to resource-based research.

1580	19. Limited to work release facilities associated with natural resource-based
1581	activities.
1582	20. Limited to projects which do not require or result in an expansion of sewer
1583	service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective
1584	alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet

- service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school bus base and serving only the school bus base may be used. Renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of a school bus base is permitted but shall not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school bus base.
- 21. Only in conformance with the King County Site Development Plan Report, through modifications to the plan of up to ten percent are allowed for the following:
  - a. building square footage;
- b. landscaping;
- c. parking;

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- d. building height; or
- e. impervious surface.
  - 22. A special use permit shall be required for any modification or expansion of the King County fairgrounds facility that is not in conformance with the King County Site Development Plan Report or that exceeds the allowed modifications to the plan identified in subsection B.21 of this section.
  - 23. The following accessory uses to a motor race track operation are allowed if approved as part of the special use permit:

a. motocross;

b. autocross;

1605 <u>c. skidpad;</u>

d. garage;

e. driving school; and

1608 <u>f. fire station.</u>

1609 <u>SECTION 26.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 340, as amended, and K.C.C.

1610 21A.12.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## A. Densities and dimensions - residential zones.

	RES	SIDENTI	AL											
	Z RURAL O N E S						URBAN RESIDE							
STANDARDS		RA- 2.5	RA- 5	RA- 10	RA- 20	VE UR	R-1 (17)	R-4	R-6	R-8	R-12	R-18	R-24	R-48
Base Density:		0.2	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.2	1	4	6	8	12	18	24	48
Dwelling		du/a	du/a	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac
Unit/Acre		с	с			(21)		(6)						
(15)														
Maximum Densit	y:	0.4						6	9	12	18	27	36	72
Dwelling Unit/Ac	ere	du/a						du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac
(1)		c						(22)	<u>12</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>96</u>
		(20)						<u>8</u>	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac
								<u>du/ac</u>	(27)	(27)	(27)	(27)	(27)	(27)
								<u>(27)</u>						
Minimum Density	y:							85%	85%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%
(2)								(12)	(12)	(12)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)
								(18)	(18)	(18)				
								(23)						
Minimum Lot Are	ea	1.87	3.75	7.5 ac	15 ac									
(13)		5 ac	ac											

	RES	SIDENTI	AL											
	Z O N E S	RURA	L			URB AN RE- SER VE	URBAN RESIDE	NTIAL						
STANDARDS		RA- 2.5	RA- 5	RA- 10	RA- 20	UR	R-1 (17)	R-4	R-6	R-8	R-12	R-18	R-24	R-48
Minimum Lot		135	135	135 ft	135 ft	35 ft	35 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30ft	30 ft	30 ft
Width		ft	ft			(7)	(7)							
(3)														
Minimum Street		30 ft	30 ft	30ft	30 ft	30 ft	20 ft	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	10ft	10 ft
Setback		(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(7)	(7)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
(3)														
Minimum Interio	or	5 ft	10ft	10 ft	10 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft
Setback		(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(7)	(7)				(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
(3) (16)														
Base Height		40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	60 ft	60 ft	60 ft	60 ft
(4)								(25)	45 ft	45 ft		80 ft	80 ft	80 ft
									(14)	(14)		(14)	(14)	(14)
									(25)	(25)				
Maximum		25%	20%	15%	12.5	30%	30%	55%	70%	75%	85%	85%	85%	90%
Impervious		(11)	(11)	(11)	%	(11)	(11)	(25)	(25)	(25)	(25)	(25)	(25)	(25)
Surface:		(19)	(19)	(19)	(11)	(25)	(25)							
Percentage (5)		(25)	(25)	(24)	(19)									
				(25)	(25)									

B. Development conditions.

1. This maximum density may be achieved only through the application of residential density incentives in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or transfers of development rights in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, or any combination of density incentive or density transfer. ((Maximum density may only be exceeded in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g. and F.6.))

2. Also see K.C.C. 21A.12.060.

- 3. These standards may be modified under the provisions for zero-lot-line and townhouse developments.
  - 4. Height limits may be increased if portions of the structure that exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot above the base height limit, but the maximum height may not exceed seventy-five feet. Netting or fencing and support structures for the netting or fencing used to contain golf balls in the operation of golf courses or golf driving ranges are exempt from the additional interior setback requirements but the maximum height shall not exceed seventy-five feet, except for large active recreation and multiuse parks, where the maximum height shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five feet, unless a golf ball trajectory study requires a higher fence.
    - 5. Applies to each individual lot. Impervious surface area standards for:
  - a. Regional uses shall be established at the time of permit review;
- b. Nonresidential uses in residential zones shall comply with K.C.C.
- 1633 21A.12.120 and 21A.12.220;

- c. Individual lots in the R-4 through R-6 zones that are less than nine thousand seventy-six square feet in area shall be subject to the applicable provisions of the nearest comparable R-6 or R-8 zone; and
- d. A lot may be increased beyond the total amount permitted in this chapter subject to approval of a conditional use permit.
- 6. Mobile home parks shall be allowed a base density of six dwelling units per acre.

7. The standards of the R-4 zone apply if a lot is less than fifteen thousand square feet in area.

- 8. At least twenty linear feet of driveway shall be provided between any garage, carport or other fenced parking area and the street property line. The linear distance shall be measured along the center line of the driveway from the access point to such garage, carport or fenced area to the street property line.
- 9.a. Residences shall have a setback of at least one hundred feet from any property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations. However, residences on lots less than one hundred fifty feet in width adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations shall have a setback from the rear property line equal to fifty percent of the lot width and a setback from the side property equal to twenty-five percent of the lot width.
- b. Except for residences along a property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations, lots between one acre and two and one-half acres in size shall conform to the requirements of the R-1 zone and lots under one acre shall conform to the requirements of the R-4 zone.
- 10.a. For developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be ten feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback of five feet.
- b. For townhouse and apartment development, the setback shall be twenty feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback

of five feet, unless the townhouse or apartment development is adjacent to property upon which an existing townhouse or apartment development is located.

- 11. Lots smaller than one-half acre in area shall comply with standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 zone. For lots that are one-half acre in area or larger, the maximum impervious surface area allowed shall be at least ten thousand square feet. On any lot over one acre in area, an additional five percent of the lot area may be used for buildings related to agricultural or forestry practices. For lots smaller than two acres but larger than one-half acre, an additional ten percent of the lot area may be used for structures that are determined to be medically necessary, if the applicant submits with the permit application a notarized affidavit, conforming with K.C.C. 21A.32.170A.2.
- 12. For purposes of calculating minimum density, the applicant may request that the minimum density factor be modified based upon the weighted average slope of the net buildable area of the site in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.12.087.
- 13. The minimum lot area does not apply to lot clustering proposals as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.14.
  - 14. The base height to be used only for projects as follows:
- a. in R-6 and R-8 zones, a building with a footprint built on slopes exceeding a fifteen percent finished grade; and
- b. in R-18, R-24 and R-48 zones using residential density incentives and
   transfer of density credits in accordance with this title.
- 15. Density applies only to dwelling units and not to sleeping units.

- 16. Vehicle access points from garages, carports or fenced parking areas shall be set back from the property line on which a joint use driveway is located to provide a straight line length of at least twenty-six feet as measured from the center line of the garage, carport or fenced parking area, from the access point to the opposite side of the joint use driveway.
- 17.a. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in the R-1 zone shall be required to be clustered if the property is located within or contains:
  - (1) a floodplain;

- (2) a critical aquifer recharge area;
- 1695 (3) a regionally or locally significant resource area;
- 1696 (4) existing or planned public parks or trails, or connections to such facilities;
- (5) a category type S or F aquatic area or category I or II wetland;
- 1698 (6) a steep slope; or
  - (7) an urban separator or wildlife habitat network designated by the Comprehensive Plan or a community plan.
  - b. The development shall be clustered away from critical areas or the axis of designated corridors such as urban separators or the wildlife habitat network to the extent possible and the open space shall be placed in a separate tract that includes at least fifty percent of the site. Open space tracts shall be permanent and shall be dedicated to a homeowner's association or other suitable organization, as determined by the director, and meet the requirements in K.C.C. 21A.14.040. On-site critical area and buffers and designated urban separators shall be placed within the open space tract to the extent

possible. Passive recreation, with no development of recreational facilities, and naturalsurface pedestrian and equestrian trails are acceptable uses within the open space tract.

18. See K.C.C. 21A.12.085.

- 19. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in R-1 and RA zones within the

  North Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins of the Issaquah Creek Basin (the North

  Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins are identified in the Issaquah Creek Basin and

  Nonpoint Action Plan) and the portion of the Grand Ridge subarea of the East

  Sammamish Community Planning Area that drains to Patterson Creek shall have a

  maximum impervious surface area of eight percent of the gross acreage of the plat.

  Distribution of the allowable impervious area among the platted lots shall be recorded on
  the face of the plat. Impervious surface of roads need not be counted towards the
  allowable impervious area. Where both lot- and plat-specific impervious limits apply, the
  more restrictive shall be required.
  - 20. This density may only be achieved on RA 2.5 zoned parcels receiving density from rural forest focus areas through a transfer of density credit pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.37.
- 21. Base density may be exceeded, if the property is located in a designated rural city urban growth area and each proposed lot contains an occupied legal residence that predates 1959.
- 1727 22. The maximum density is four dwelling units per acre for properties zoned
   1728 R-4 when located in the Rural Town of Fall City.
- 1729 23. The minimum density requirement does not apply to properties located1730 within the Rural Town of Fall City.

1731	24. The impervious surface standards for the county fairground facility are
1732	established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development Plan, Attachment A to
1733	Ordinance 14808 on file at the department of natural resources and parks and the
1734	department of development and environmental services. Modifications to that standard
1735	may be allowed provided the square footage does not exceed the approved impervious
1736	surface square footage established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development
1737	Plan Environmental Checklist, dated September 21, 1999, Attachment B to Ordinance
1738	14808, by more than ten percent.
1739	25. For cottage housing developments only:
1740	a. The base height is eighteen feet.
1741	b. Buildings have pitched roofs with a minimum slope of six and twelve may
1742	extend up to twenty-five feet at the ridge of the roof.
1743	26. Impervious surface does not include access easements serving neighboring
1744	property and driveways to the extent that they extend beyond the street setback due to
1745	location within an access panhandle or due to the application of King County Code
1746	requirements to locate features over which the applicant does not have control.
1747	27. Only in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g. and F.6.
1748	SECTION 27. Ordinance 10870, Section 341, as amended, and K.C.C.
1749	21A.12.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Densities and dimensions - resource and commercial/industrial zones.

			RESOU	RCE			COMMERC	CIAL/INDUSTRIA	L	
	Z O N E S	AGRICUI		F O R E S T	M I N E R A L	NEIGHBOR- HOOD BUSINESS	COMMUNITY BUSINESS	REGIONAL BUSINESS	O F F I C E	I N D U S T R I
STANDAR		A-10	A-35	F	M	NB	СВ	RB	0	I I
Base Density	:	0.1	.0286	.0125		8 du/ac	(( <del>18</del> )) <u>48</u> du/ac	36 du/ac (2)	(( <del>36</del> )) <u>48</u>	
Dwelling		du/ac	du/ac	du/ac		(2)	(2)	48 du/ac	du/ac	
Unit/Acre								(( <del>(18)</del> )) (1)	(2)	
Maximum						12 du/ac	(( <del>24</del> )) <u>72</u> du/ac	48 du/ac (3)	(( <del>48</del> )) <u>72</u>	
Density:						(3)	( <del>(3)</del> )) <u>(16)</u>	72 du/ac (16)	du/ac	
Dwelling						16 du/ac (15)	96 du/ac (( <del>(15)</del> ))	96 du/ac	(( <del>(3)</del> )) <u>(16)</u>	
Unit/Acre							(17)	(( <del>(15)</del> )) (17)	96 du/ac	
									(( <del>(15)</del> )) (17)	
Minimum Lo	t	10	35	80	10					
Area		acres	acres	acres	acres					
Maximum Lo	ot	4 to 1	4 to 1							
Depth/										
Width										
Ratio										
Minimum Str	eet	30 ft	30 ft	50 ft	(12)	10 ft (5)	10 ft (5)	10 ft (5)	10 ft	25 ft
Setback		(4)	(4)	(4)						
Minimum		10 ft	10 ft	100 ft	(12)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft
Interior		(4)	(4)	(4)		(14)				(7)
Setback										50 ft
										(8)
Base Height		35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	45 ft	45 ft
(10)						45 ft (6)	60 ft (6)	65 ft (6)	(( <del>60</del> )) <u>65</u> ft	
							65 ft (17)		(6)	
Maximum						1/1 (9)	1.5/1 (9)	2.5/1 (9)	2.5/1 (9)	2.5/1
Floor/Lot										
Ratio:										
Square Feet										

			RESOU	RCE	_		COMMERC	CIAL/INDUSTRIA	L	
		AGRICUI	TURE	F	M	NEIGHBOR-	COMMUNITY	REGIONAL	О	I
	Z			О	I	HOOD	BUSINESS	BUSINESS	F	N
	О			R	N	BUSINESS			F	D
	N			Е	Е				I	U
	Е			S	R				C	S
	S			T	A				Е	T
					L					R
										I
										A
										L
STANDAR	RDS	A-10	A-35	F	M	NB	СВ	RB	0	I
STANDAR Maximum	RDS	<b>A-10</b> 15%	<b>A-35</b>	<b>F</b> 10%	M	NB 85%	<b>CB</b> 85%	<b>RB</b> 90%	O 75%	<b>I</b> 90%
Maximum	RDS	15%	10%	10%	M					<b>I</b> 90%
	RDS				M					<b>I</b> 90%
Maximum Impervious	RDS	15% 35%	10% 35%	10% 35%	M					<b>I</b> 90%
Maximum	RDS	15%	10%	10%	M					90%
Maximum Impervious Surface:	RDS	15% 35%	10% 35%	10% 35%	M					1 90%
Maximum Impervious	RDS	15% 35%	10% 35%	10% 35%	M					1 90%
Maximum Impervious Surface: Percentage	RDS	15% 35%	10% 35%	10% 35%	M					1 90%
Maximum Impervious Surface:	RDS	15% 35%	10% 35%	10% 35%	M					1 90%

B. Development conditions.

- 1. ((Reserved.)) In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a rural city, this density is not allowed.
- 2. These densities are allowed only through the application of mixed-use development standards and, in the NB zone on property in the urban area designated commercial outside of center, for stand-alone townhouse development ((in the NB zone on property designated commercial outside of center in the urban area)).
- 3. These densities may only be achieved through the application of residential density incentives or transfer of development rights in mixed-use developments and, in the NB zone on property in the urban area designated commercial outside of center, for stand-alone townhouse development ((in the NB zone on property designated commercial outside of center in the urban area)). See K.C.C. chapters 21A.34 and 21A.37.
- 4.a. in the F zone, scaling stations may be located thirty-five feet from property lines. Residences shall have a setback of at least thirty feet from all property lines.

- b. for lots between one acre and two and one half acres in size, the setback requirements of the R-1 zone shall apply. For lots under one acre, the setback requirements of the R-4 zone shall apply.
  - c. for developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be ten feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones.
- 5. Gas station pump islands shall be placed no closer than twenty-five feet to street front lines.
  - 6. This base height allowed only for mixed-use developments and for standalone townhouse development in the NB zone on property designated commercial outside of center in the urban area.
  - 7. Required on property lines adjoining residential zones.

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- 8. Required on property lines adjoining residential zones for industrial uses established by conditional use permits.
- 9. The floor-to-lot ratio for mixed use developments shall conform to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14.
- 10. Height limits may be increased if portions of the structure building that exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot above the base height limit, provided the maximum height may exceed seventy-five feet only in mixed use developments. Netting or fencing and support structures for the netting or fencing used to contain golf balls in the operation of golf courses or golf driving ranges are exempt from the additional interior setback requirement provided that the maximum height shall not exceed seventy-five feet.

1789 Development on lots containing less than fifteen thousand square feet of lot area shall be 1790 governed by impervious surface standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 1791 zone. 1792 12. See K.C.C. 21A.22.060 for setback requirements in the mineral zone. 1793 13. The impervious surface area for any lot may be increased beyond the total 1794 amount permitted in this chapter subject to approval of a conditional use permit. 1795 14. Required on property lines adjoining residential zones unless a stand-alone 1796 townhouse development on property designated commercial outside of center in the 1797 urban area is proposed to be located adjacent to property upon which an existing 1798 townhouse development is located. 1799 15. Only as provided for walkable communities under K.C.C. 21A.34.040F.8 1800 well-served by transit or for mixed-use development through the application of 1801 residential density incentives under K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g. ((In the RB zone on 1802 property located within urban growth area of a rural city, this density is not allowed.)) 1803 16. Only for mixed-use development through the application of residential 1804 density incentives under K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or the transfer of development rights 1805 under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37. In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a rural city, this density is not allowed. 1806 1807 17. Only for mixed-use development through the application of residential 1808 density incentives through the application of residential density incentives under K.C.C. 1809 chapter 21A.34 or the transfer of development rights under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37.

11. Applicable only to lots containing less than one acre of lot area.

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Upper-level setbacks are required for any facade facing a pedestrian street for any portion

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1812	least one foot for every two feet of height above forty-five feet, up to a maximum
1813	required setback of fifteen feet. The first four feet of horizontal projection of decks,
1814	balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, and gutters shall be permitted in required
1815	setbacks. In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a
1816	rural city, this density is not allowed.
1817	SECTION 28. Ordinance 10870, Section 354, as amended, and K.C.C.
1818	21A.12.170 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1819	Provided that the required setbacks from regional utility corridors of K.C.C.
1820	21A.12.140, the adjoining half-street or designated arterial setbacks of K.C.C.
1821	21A.12.160 and the sight distance requirements of K.C.C. 21A.12.210 are maintained,
1822	structures may extend into or be located in required setbacks, including setbacks as
1823	required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.B, as follows:
1824	A. Fireplace structures, bay or garden windows, enclosed stair landings, closets,
1825	or similar structures may project into any setback, provided such projections are:
1826	1. Limited to two per facade;
1827	2. Not wider than ten feet; and
1828	3. Not more than twenty-four inches into an interior setback or thirty inches into
1829	a street setback;
1830	B. Uncovered porches and decks that exceed eighteen inches above the finished
1831	grade may project:
1832	1. Eighteen inches into interior setbacks; and
1833	2. Five feet into the street setback;

1834 C. Uncovered porches and decks not exceeding eighteen inches above the 1835 finished grade may project to the property line; 1836 D. Eaves may not project more than: 1837 1. Eighteen inches into an interior setback; 1838 2. Twenty-four inches into a street setback; or 1839 3. Eighteen inches across a lot line in a zero-lot-line development; 1840 E. Fences with a height of six feet or less may project into or be located in any 1841 setback; 1842 F. Rockeries, retaining walls and curbs may project into or be located in any 1843 setback. ((provided t)) Except for structures that cross the setback perpendicularly to 1844 property lines or that abut a critical area, these structures: 1845 1. ((<del>Do no</del>)) Shall not exceed a height of six feet in the R-1 through R-18, UR, 1846 RA and resource zones; 2. ((Do-)) Shall not exceed a height of eight feet in the R-24 and R-48 zones; 1847 1848 and 1849 3. ((<del>Do</del>-)) Shall not exceed the building height for the zone in 1850 commercial/industrial zones, measured in accordance with the standards established in 1851 the King County Building Code, Title 16; 1852 G. Fences located on top of rockeries, retaining walls or berms are subject to the 1853 requirements of K.C.C. 21A.14.220; 1854 H. Telephone, power, light and flag poles; 1855 I. The following may project into or be located within a setback, but may only 1856 project into or be located within a five foot interior setback area if an agreement

1858 with the King County department of records and elections prior to the installment or 1859 construction of the structure: 1860 1. Sprinkler systems, electrical and cellular equipment cabinets and other 1861 similar utility boxes and vaults; 1862 2. security system access controls; 1863 3. structures, except for buildings, associated with trails and on-site recreation 1864 spaces and play areas required in K.C.C.21A.14.180 and K.C.C. 21A.14.190 such as 1865 benches, picnic tables and drinking fountains; and 1866 4. Surface water management facilities as required by K.C.C. 9.04; 1867 J. Mailboxes and newspaper boxes may project into or be located within street 1868 setbacks; 1869 K. Fire hydrants and associated appendages; 1870 L. Metro bus shelters may be located within street setbacks; 1871 M. Unless otherwise allowed in K.C.C. 21A.20.080, free standing and monument 1872 signs four feet or less in height, with a maximum sign area of twenty square feet may 1873 project into or be located within street setbacks; 1874 N. On a parcel in the RA zone, in the interior setback that adjoins a property zoned NB or CB, structures housing refrigeration equipment that extends no more than 1875 1876 ten feet into the setback and is no more than sixty feet in length; and 1877 O. Stormwater conveyance and control facilities, both above and below ground, 1878 provided such projections are:

documenting consent between the owners of record of the abutting properties is recorded

1879	1. Consistent with setback, easement and access requirements specified in the
1880	Surface Water Design Manual; or
1881	2. In the absence of said specifications, not within five feet of the property line
1882	SECTION 29. Ordinance 10870, Section 358 and K.C.C. 21A.12.210 are each
1883	hereby amended to read as follows:
1884	Except for utility poles and traffic control signs, the following sight distance
1885	provisions shall apply to ((all)) new or reconstructed intersections and ((site)) driveway
1886	access points on local access streets. Sight distance requirements for arterial and
1887	neighborhood collector intersections are specified in the King County road standards:
1888	A. A sight distance triangle area as determined by Section 21A.12.210B shall
1889	contain no fence, berm, vegetation other than narrow tree trunks, on-site vehicle parking
1890	area, signs or other physical obstruction between 42 inches and eight feet above the
1891	existing street grade;
1892	
1893	(NOTE: ILLUSTRATION DELETED)
1894	NOTE: The area of a sight distance triangle between 42 inches and eight feet
1895	above the existing street grade shall remain open.
1896	B. The sight distance triangle ((at)) requirements for new or reconstructed
1897	intersections and driveway connections to local access streets are defined as follows:
1898	1. ((A)) Except where a twenty-five foot property line radius exists at an
1899	intersection, a sight distance triangle at a street intersection shall be determined by
1900	measuring ((15)) fifteen feet along both street property lines beginning at their point of
1901	intersection. The third side of the triangle shall be a line connecting the endpoints of the

1902	first two sides of the triangle. Where a twenty-five foot property line radius or larger
1903	radius is present at an intersection, the King County road standards shall govern the
1904	placement of objects that may obscure sight distance; or
1905	2. A ((site)) driveway access point shall be determined by measuring ((15))
1906	<u>fifteen</u> feet along the street lines and ((15)) <u>fifteen</u> feet along the edges of the driveway
1907	beginning at the respective points of intersection. The third side of each triangle shall be
1908	a line connecting the endpoints of the first two sides of each triangle; and
1909	C. The ((director)) development engineer may require modification or removal of
1910	structures or landscaping located in required street setbacks or relocate the driveway
1911	connection, if:
1912	1. Such improvements prevent adequate sight distance to drivers entering or
1913	leaving a driveway, and,
1914	2. No reasonable driveway relocation alternative for an adjoining lot is feasible.
1915	NEW SECTION. SECTION 30. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter
1916	21A.12 to read as follows:
1917	The minimum width for a joint use driveway and easement on private property
1918	shall be sixteen feet, except as otherwise provided in the King County road standards.
1919	NEW SECTION. SECTION 31. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter
1920	21A.12 to read as follows:
1921	The general personal service use (SIC #72 except 7216, 7218 and 7261) and the
1922	office/outpatient clinic use (SIC # 801 - 04) listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.050 are allowed as a
1923	conditional use, subject to the following requirements:
1924	A. The site shall be zoned R-4 through R-48;

B. The establishment shall be located within one-quarter mile of a rural town, 1926 unincorporated activity center, community business center or neighborhood business 1927 center and less than one mile from another commercial establishment; 1928 C. The establishment shall be located in a legally established single family 1929 dwelling in existence on or before January 1, 2008. The structure may not be expanded 1930 by more than ten percent as provided in K.C.C. 21A.30.xxx for the expansion of legally 1931 established nonconforming uses; 1932 D. The maximum on-site parking ratio for establishments and sites shall be 2 per 1933 1000 square feet and required parking shall not be located between the building and the 1934 street; and 1935 E. Sign and landscaping standards for the use apply. 1936 SECTION 32. Ordinance 10870, Section 364, as amended, and K.C.C. 1937 21A.14.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 1938 Residential lot clustering is allowed in the R, UR and RA zones. If residential lot 1939 clustering is proposed, the following requirements shall be met: 1940 A. In the R zones, any designated open space tract resulting from lot clustering 1941 shall not be altered or disturbed except as specified on recorded documents creating the 1942 open space. Open spaces may be retained under ownership by the subdivider, conveyed 1943 to residents of the development or conveyed to a third party. If access to the open space 1944 is provided, the access shall be located in a separate tract; 1945 B. In the RA zone: 1946 1. No more than eight lots of less than two and one-half acres shall be allowed

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in a cluster;

1948 2. No more than eight lots of less than two and one-half acres shall be served by a single cul-de-sac street;

- 3. Clusters containing two or more lots of less than two and one-half acres, whether in the same or adjacent developments, shall be separated from similar clusters by at least one hundred twenty feet;
- 4. The overall amount, and the individual degree of clustering shall be limited to a level that can be adequately served by rural facilities and services, including, but not limited to, on-site sewage disposal systems and rural roadways;
- 5. A fifty-foot Type II landscaping screen, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.16.040, shall be provided along the frontage of all public roads. The planting materials shall consist of species that are native to the Puget Sound region. Preservation of existing healthy vegetation is encouraged and may be used to augment new plantings to meet the requirements of this section;
- 6. Except as provided in subsection B.7. of this section, open space tracts created by clustering in the RA zone shall be designated as permanent open space. Acceptable uses within open space tracts are passive recreation, with no development of active recreational facilities, natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian foot trails and passive recreational facilities. A resource tract created under K.C.C. 16.82.152.E. may be considered an open space tract for purposes of this subsection B.6;
- 7. In the RA zone a resource land tract may be created through a cluster development in lieu of an open space tract. A resource tract created under K.C.C. 16.82.152.E. may be considered a resource tract for purposes of this subsection B.7. The

resource land tract may be used as a working forest or farm if the following provisions are met:

- a. Appropriateness of the resource land tract for forestry or agriculture has been determined by the county;
- b. The subdivider shall prepare a forest management plan, that must be reviewed and approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks, or a farm management plan, if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that must be developed by the King Conservation District. The criteria for management of a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zone shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria must assure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainable use of the resource land tract and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry and agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type of buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource land tract;
- c. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource land tract as a working forest or farm;
- d. Resource land tracts that are conveyed to residents of the development shall be retained in undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short subdivision;
- e. A homeowners association shall be established to assure implementation of the forest management plan or farm management plan if the resource land tract is retained in undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short subdivision;

- f. The subdivider shall file a notice with the King County department of executive services, records, elections and licensing services division. The required contents and form of the notice shall be set forth in a public rule. The notice shall inform the property owner or owners that the resource land tract is designated as a working forest or farm, that must be managed in accordance with the provisions established in the approved forest management plan or farm management plan;
- g. The subdivider shall provide to the department proof of the approval of the forest management plan or farm management plan and the filing of the notice required in subsection B.7.f. of this section before recording of the final plat or short plat;
  - h. The notice shall run with the land; and

- i. Natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian foot trails, passive recreation, and passive recreational facilities, with no development of active recreational facilities, are allowed uses in resource land tracts; and
- 8. The requirements of subsection B.1., 2., or 3. of this subsection may be modified or waived by the director if the property is encumbered by critical areas containing habitat for, or there is the presence of, species listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act when it is necessary to protect the habitat; and
- C. In the R-1 zone, open space tracts created by clustering required by K.C.C. 21A.12.030 shall be located and configured to create urban separators and greenbelts as required by the comprehensive plan, or subarea plans or open space functional plans, to connect and increase protective buffers for critical areas, to connect and protect wildlife habitat corridors designated by the comprehensive plan and to connect existing or

planned public parks or trails. The department may require open space tracts created under this subsection to be dedicated to an appropriate managing public agency or qualifying private entity such as a nature conservancy. In the absence of such a requirement, open space tracts shall be retained in undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short subdivision. A homeowners association shall be established for maintenance of the open space tract.

- SECTION 33. Ordinance 10870, Section 382, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 2022 21A.14.220 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- Fences are permitted as follows:

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- A. Fences exceeding a height of six feet shall comply with the applicable street and interior setbacks of the zone in which the property is located, except((\ddot)):
- 2026 1. Fences located on a rockery, retaining wall, or berm within a required setback 2027 area are permitted subject to the following requirements;
  - a. In R-1 through R-18, UR, RA and the resource zones:
  - (1) The total height of the fence and the rockery, retaining wall or berm upon which the fence is located shall not exceed a height of ten feet. This height shall be measured from the top of the fence to the ground on the low side of the rockery, retaining wall or berm; and
    - (2) The total height of the fence itself, measured from the top of the fence to the top of the rockery, retaining wall or berm, shall not exceed six feet.
  - b. In the R-24, R-48 and commercial/industrial zones, the height of the fence, measured from the top of the fence to the top of the rockery, retaining wall or berm, shall not exceed six feet.

2038	c. Any portion of the fence above a height of eight feet, measured to include
2039	both the fence and the rockery, retaining wall, or berm (as described in a1. above), shall
2040	be an open-work fence.
2041	d. The height limitation of this subsection may be exceeded where walls with
2042	fences cross a setback perpendicularly or abut a critical area tract established under
2043	K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.
2044	B. Fences located on a rockery, retaining wall or berm outside required setback
2045	areas shall not exceed the building height for the zone, measured in accordance with the
2046	standards established in the King County Building Code, Title 16.
2047	C. Electric fences shall:
2048	1. Be permitted in all zones, provided that when placed within R-4 through R-48
2049	zones, additional fencing or other barriers shall be constructed to prevent inadvertent
2050	contact with the electric fence from abutting property;
2051	2. Comply with the following requirements:
2052	a. An electric fence using an interrupted flow of current at intervals of about
2053	one second on and two seconds off shall be limited to 2,000 volts at 17 milliamp;
2054	b. An electric fence using continuous current shall be limited to 1,500 volts at
2055	seven milliamp;
2056	c. All electric fences in the R-4 through R-48 zones shall be posted with
2057	permanent signs a minimum of 36 square inches in area at 50 foot intervals stating that
2058	the fence is electrified; and

2059	d. Electric fences sold as a complete and assembled unit can be installed by an
2060	owner if the controlling elements of the installation are certified by an A.N.S.I. approved
2061	testing agency; and
2062	D. Except as specifically required for the necessary security related to a
2063	nonresidential use, no barbed or razor-wire fence shall be located in any R-4 through R-
2064	48 zone.
2065	SECTION 34. Ordinance 10870, Section 390, as amended, and K.C.C.
2066	21A.16.050 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
2067	The average width of perimeter landscaping along street frontages shall be
2068	provided as follows:
2069	A. Twenty feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an institutional use,
2070	excluding playgrounds and playfields;
2071	B. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an industrial
2072	development;
2073	C. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an above-ground utility
2074	facilities development, excluding distribution and transmission corridors, located outside
2075	a public right-of-way;
2076	D. Ten feet of Type III landscaping shall be provided for a commercial or
2077	attached/group residence development; and
2078	E. For single family subdivisions and short subdivisions in the urban growth area:
2079	1. Trees shall be planted at the rate of one tree for every forty feet of frontage
2080	along all public streets;
2081	2. The trees shall be:

2083 local agency; 2084 b. No more than twenty feet from the street right-of-way line if located within 2085 a lot; 2086 c. Maintained by the adjacent landowner unless part of a county maintenance 2087 program; and 2088 d. A species approved by the county if located within the street right-of way 2089 and compatible with overhead utility lines. 2090 3. The trees may be spaced at irregular intervals to accommodate sight distance 2091 requirements for driveways and intersections. 2092 SECTION 35. Ordinance 10870, Section 407, as amended, and K.C.C. 2093 21A.18.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 2094 A. Except as modified in K.C.C. 21A.18.070B-D, off-street parking areas shall 2095 contain at a minimum the number of parking spaces as stipulated in the following table. 2096 Off-street parking ratios expressed as number of spaces per square feet means the usable 2097 or net square footage of floor area, exclusive of non-public areas. Non-public areas 2098 include but are not limited to building maintenance areas, storage areas, closets or 2099 restrooms. If the formula for determining the number of off-street parking spaces results 2100 in a fraction, the number of off-street parking spaces shall be rounded to the nearest

a. Located within the street right-of-way if permitted by the custodial state or

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rounding down.

whole number with fractions of .50 or greater rounding up and fractions below .50

LAND USE	MINIMUM PARKING SPACES
	REQUIRED
RESIDENTIAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.030A):	
Single detached/Townhouse	2.0 per dwelling unit
Apartment:	
Studio units	1.2 per dwelling unit
One bedroom units	1.5 per dwelling unit
Two bedroom units	1.7 per dwelling unit
Three bedroom units or larger	2.0 per dwelling unit
Mobile home park	2.0 per dwelling unit
Senior citizen assisted	1 per 2 dwelling or sleeping units
Community residential facilities	1 per two bedrooms
Dormitory, including religious	1 per two bedrooms
Hotel/Motel including organizational	1 per bedroom
hotel/lodging	
Bed and breakfast guesthouse	1 per guest room, plus 2 per facility
RECREATION/CULTURAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.0	040A):
Recreation/culture uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Bowling center	5 per lane
Golf course	3 per hole, plus 1 per 300 square feet of
	club house facilities

feet of clubhouse facility
root of olderrouse facility
1 per tee
(director)
1 per 3 fixed seats
1 per 3 fixed seats, plus 1 per 50 square
feet used for assembly purposes without
fixed seats, or 1 per bedroom, whichever
results in the greater number of spaces.
1 per 300 square feet
1 per 50 square feet of chapel area
2 per facility
2 per facility, plus 1 space for each 20
children
1 per 5 fixed seats, plus 1 per 50 square
feet of gross floor area without fixed seats
used for assembly purposes
1 per 300 square feet of office, labs and
examination rooms
1 per 4 beds
1 per bed
1 per classroom, plus 1 per 50 students

Middle/junior high schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per 50 students
High schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per 10 students
High schools with stadiums	greater of 1 per classroom plus 1 per 10
	students, or 1 per 3 fixed seats in stadium
Vocational schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per five students
Specialized instruction	1 per classroom, plus 1 per two students
Schools	
Artist Studios	.9 per 1,000 square feet of area used for
	studios
GOVERNMENT/BUSINESS SERVICES (K.C.	C. 21A.08.060A):
Government/business services uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Public agency yard	1 per 300 square feet of offices, plus .9
	per 1,000 square feet of indoor storage or
	repair areas
Public agency archives	.9 per 1000 square feet of storage area,
	plus 1 per 50 square feet of
	waiting/reviewing areas
Courts	3 per courtroom, plus 1 per 50 square feet
	of fixed seat or assembly areas
Police facility	(director)
Fire facility	(director)
Construction and trade	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus 1 per
	3,000 square feet of storage area

Warehousing and storage	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per
	1,000 square feet of storage area
Self-service storage	1 per 3,500 square feet of storage area,
	plus 2 for any resident director's unit
Outdoor advertising services	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per
	1,000 square feet of storage area
Heavy equipment repair	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per
	1,000 square feet of indoor repair areas
Office	1 per 300 square feet
RETAIL/WHOLESALE (K.C.C. 21A.08.070A):	1
Retail trade uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Food stores, less than	3 plus 1 per 350 square feet
15,000 square feet	
Gasoline service stations	3 per facility, plus 1 per service bay
w/o grocery	
Gasoline service stations	1 per facility, plus 1 per 300 square feet of
w/grocery, no service bays	store
Restaurants	1 per 75 square feet in dining or lounge
	areas
Wholesale trade uses	.9 per 1000 square feet
Retail and wholesale trade mixed use	1 per 300 square feet
	,
MANUFACTURING (K.C.C. 21A.08.080A):	
Manufacturing uses	.9 per 1,000 square feet

Winery/Brewery	.9 per 1,000 square feet, plus 1 per 50
	square feet of tasting area
RESOURCES (K.C.C. 21A.08.090A):	
Resource uses	(director)
REGIONAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.100A):	
Regional uses	(director)

B. An applicant may request a modification of the minimum required number of parking spaces by providing that parking demand can be met with a reduced parking requirement. In such cases, the director may approve a reduction of up to fifty percent of the minimum required number of spaces.

- C. When the county has received a shell building permit application, off-street parking requirements shall be based on the possible tenant improvements or uses authorized by the zone designation and compatible with the limitations of the shell permit. When the range of possible uses result in different parking requirements, the director will establish the amount of parking based on a likely range of uses.
- D. Where other provisions of this code stipulate maximum parking allowed or reduced minimum parking requirements, those provisions shall apply.
- E. In any development required to provide six or more parking spaces, bicycle parking shall be provided. Bicycle parking shall be bike rack or locker-type parking facilities unless otherwise specified.

2118 1. Off-street parking areas shall contain at least one bicycle parking space for 2119 every twelve spaces required for motor vehicles except as follows: 2120 a. The director may reduce bike rack parking facilities for patrons when it is 2121 demonstrated that bicycle activity will not occur at that location. 2122 b. The director may require additional spaces when it is determined that the 2123 use or its location will generate a high volume of bicycle activity. Such a determination 2124 will include but not be limited to the following uses: 2125 (1) Park/playfield, 2126 (2) Marina, 2127 (3) Library/museum/arboretum, 2128 (4) Elementary/secondary school, 2129 (5) Sports club, or 2130 (6) Retail business (when located along a developed bicycle trail or 2131 designated bicycle route). 2132 2. Bicycle facilities for patrons shall be located within 100 feet of the building 2133 entrance and shall be designed to allow either a bicycle frame or wheels to be locked to a 2134 structure attached to the pavement. 2135 3. All bicycle parking and storage shall be located in safe, visible areas that do 2136 not impede pedestrian or vehicle traffic flow, and shall be well lit for nighttime use. 2137 4. When more than ten people are employed on site, enclosed locker-type 2138 parking facilities for employees shall be provided. The director shall allocate the

required number of parking spaces between bike rack parking and enclosed locker-type

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parking facilities.

2141	5. One indoor bicycle storage space shall be provided for every two dwelling
2142	units in townhouse and apartment residential uses, unless individual garages are provided
2143	for every unit. The director may reduce the number of bike rack parking spaces if indoor
2144	storage facilities are available to all residents.
2145	SECTION 36. Ordinance 10870, Section 422 and K.C.C. 21A.20.040 are each
2146	hereby amended to read as follows:
2147	Except as ((indicated)) otherwise specifically allowed by this chapter, the
2148	following signs or displays are prohibited:
2149	A. Portable signs including, but not limited to, sandwich/A-frame signs and
2150	mobile readerboard signs, and excluding signs permitted under K.C.C. 21A.20.120;
2151	B. Private signs on utility poles;
2152	C. Signs which, by reason of their size, location, movement, content, coloring or
2153	manner of illumination may be confused with traffic control signs or signals;
2154	D. Signs located in the public right-of-way((, except where permitted in this
2155	<del>chapter</del> )); and
2156	E. Posters, pennants, string of lights, blinking lights, balloons, searchlights and
2157	other displays of a carnival nature; except as architectural features, or on a limited basis
2158	as seasonal decorations or as provided for in Section 21A.20.120 as grand opening
2159	displays.
2160	F. Changing message center signs((, where the message changes more frequently
2161	then every three minutes)).
2162	SECTION 37. Ordinance 10870, Section 424, as amended, and K.C.C.
2163	21A.20.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. All signs, except billboards, community bulletin boards, community identification signs, political signs, real estate signs and special event signs, shall be onpremise signs, except that uses located on lots without public street frontage in business, office and industrial zones may have one off-premise directional sign of no more than sixteen square feet.

- B. Fuel price signs shall not be included in sign area or number limitations of K.C.C. 21A.20.090, 21A.20.095, 21A.20.100 and 21A.20.110, but only if the signs do not exceed twenty square feet per street frontage.
  - C. Except as otherwise provided in K.C.C. 21A.20.115, projecting and awning signs and signs mounted on the sloping portion of roofs shall not be permitted for uses in the Resource and Residential zones. In other zones, projecting and awning signs and signs mounted on the sloping portion of roofs may be used in lieu of wall signs, but only if:
    - 1. They maintain a minimum clearance of eight feet above finished grade;
- 2. They do not project more than six feet perpendicular from the supporting building facade;
- 3. They meet the standards of K.C.C. 21A.20.060J. if mounted on the roof of a building; and
  - 4. They shall not exceed the number or size permitted for wall signs in a zone.
  - D. Changing message center signs, and time and temperature signs, which can be a wall or freestanding sign, shall not exceed the size permitted for a wall or freestanding sign, and shall be permitted only in the NB, CB, RB, O and I zones. Changing message

center signs and time and temperature signs shall not exceed the maximum sign height 2187 permitted in the zone. 2188 E. Directional signs shall not be included in the sign area or number limitation of 2189 K.C.C. 21A.20.070, 21A.20.095, 21A.20.100 and 21A.20.110, but only if the signs do 2190 not exceed six square feet in surface area and are limited to one for each entrance or exit 2191 to surface parking areas or parking structure. 2192 F. Regarding sign illumination and glare: 2193 1. All signs ((in the NB, CB, RB, O or I zone districts)) may be illuminated; 2194 2. ((Signs in all other zones may be indirectly illuminated, provided t))The light 2195 source for indirectly illuminated signs shall be no farther away from the sign than the 2196 height of the sign; 2197 ((2.)) Indirectly and directly illuminated signs shall be arranged so that no direct 2198 rays of light are projected from such artificial source into residences or any street right-2199 of-way. 2200 3. Electrical requirements for signs shall be governed by chapter 19.28 RCW 2201 and WAC 296-46-910; and 2202 4. Signs with an on/off operation shall be permitted only in the CB, RB and I 2203 zones. 2204 G. Maximum height for wall signs shall not extend above the highest exterior 2205 wall or structure upon which the sign is located.

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H. Maximum height for projecting signs shall not extend above the highest

exterior wall upon which the projecting sign is located.

2209 awning upon which the awning sign is located. 2210 J. Any sign attached to the sloping surface of a roof shall be installed or erected 2211 in such a manner that there are no visible support structures, shall appear to be part of the 2212 building itself, and shall not extend above the roof ridge line of the portion of the roof 2213 upon which the sign is attached. 2214 K. Except as otherwise permitted by this chapter, off-premise directional signs 2215 shall not exceed four square feet in sign area. 2216 L. Mixed use developments in the NB, CB, RB or O zones are permitted one 2217 permanent residential identification sign not exceeding thirty-two square feet in addition 2218 to the maximum sign area requirements in the zone where the mixed use development is 2219 located. 2220 SECTION 38. Ordinance 10870, Section 427, as amended, and K.C.C. 2221 21A.20.080 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 2222 Except as otherwise provided in K.C.C. 21A.20.115, signs in the R, UR and RA 2223 zones are limited as follows: 2224 A. Nonresidential use: 2225 1. One sign identifying nonresidential uses, not exceeding twenty-five square 2226 feet and not exceeding six feet in height is permitted; 2227 2. Schools are permitted one sign per school or school facility entrance, which 2228 may be located in the setback. Two additional wall signs attached directly to the school 2229 or school facility are permitted; 2230 3. Home occupation and home industry signs are limited to:

I. Maximum height for awning signs shall not extend above the height of the

2231	a. wall signs not exceeding ((six square feet)) ten percent of the building façade
2232	on which they are located; and
2233	b. one freestanding sign not exceeding six square feet for each street frontage of
2234	at least one-hundred feet.
2235	B. Residential use:
2236	1. One residential identification sign not exceeding two square feet is permitted;
2237	and
2238	2. One permanent residential development identification sign not exceeding
2239	thirty-two square feet is permitted ((per)) for each entrance into a development. The
2240	maximum height for the sign shall be six feet. The sign may be freestanding or mounted
2241	on a wall, fence or other structure.
2242	SECTION 39. Ordinance 10870, Section 432, as amended, and K.C.C.
2243	21A.20.120 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
2244	The following temporary signs or displays are permitted and except as required by
2245	the ((Uniform Building Code)) K.C.C. Title 16, or as otherwise permitted in this chapter,
2246	do not require building permits:
2247	A. Grand opening displays:
2248	1. Signs, posters, pennants, strings of lights, blinking lights, balloons and
2249	searchlights are permitted for a period of up to one month to announce the opening of a
2250	new enterprise or the opening of an enterprise under new management; and
2251	2. All grand opening displays shall be removed upon the expiration of 30
2252	consecutive days;
2253	B. Construction signs:

- 1. Construction signs identifying architects, engineers, planners, contractors or other individuals or firms involved with the construction of a building and announcing the character of the building or the purpose for which the building is intended may be displayed;
- 2. One nonilluminated, double-faced sign is permitted for each public street upon which the project fronts;
- 3. No sign shall exceed 32 square feet in surface area or ten feet in height, or be located closer than 30 feet from the property line of the adjoining property; and
- 2262 4. Construction signs must be removed by the date of first occupancy of the premises or one year after placement of the sign, whichever occurs first;
  - C. Political Signs:

- 1. Signs, posters or bills promoting or publicizing candidates for public office or issues that are to be voted upon in a general or special election may be displayed on private property with the consent of the property owner. Any such sign, poster or bill shall be removed within ten days following the election; and
- 2. No sign, poster, bill or other advertising device shall be located on public property or within public easements or street right-of-way;
- D. Real estate signs. All temporary real estate signs may be single or doublefaced signs:
  - 1. Signs advertising an individual residential unit for sale or rent shall be limited to one sign per street frontage. The sign may not exceed eight square feet in area, and shall not exceed six feet in height. The sign shall be removed within five days after closing of the sale, lease or rental of the property.

2. Portable off-premise residential directional signs announcing directions to an open house at a specified residence which is offered for sale or rent shall not exceed six square feet in area for each sign, and shall not exceed 42 inches in height. Such signs shall be permitted only when the agent or seller is in attendance at the property for sale or rent and may be located on the right-of-way outside of vehicular and bicycle lanes.

- 3. On-site commercial or industrial property for sale or rent signs shall be limited to one sign per street frontage, and shall not exceed 32 square feet in area. The sign shall not exceed 12 feet in height. The sign shall be removed within 30 days after closing of the sale, lease or rental of the property. A building permit is required and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit is renewable for one year increments up to a maximum of three years.
- 4. On-site residential development for sale or rent signs shall be limited to one sign per development. The sign shall not exceed 32 square feet in area, and shall not exceed 12 feet in height. A building permit is required and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit is renewable annually for up to a maximum of three years.
- 5. Off-site directional signs for residential developments shall be limited to six signs. Each sign shall not exceed 16 square feet in area, and shall include only the name of and directions to the residential development. The sign(s) shall be placed a maximum of two road miles from the nearest residential development entrance. No two signs for one residential development shall be located closer than 500 feet from one another on the same street. A single building permit is required for all signs and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit number and the permit expiration date must be clearly displayed on the face of each sign. The permit is renewable for one year increments up to

a maximum of three years, provided that extensions will only be granted if the sign permit applicant has complied with the applicable regulations.

- 6. Residential on-premise informational signs shall be limited to one sign per feature, including but not limited to signs for information centers, model homes, parking areas or announcing features such as parks, playgrounds, or trails. Each sign shall not exceed 16 square feet in area, and shall not exceed six feet in height.
  - E. Community event signs:

- 1. Community event signs shall be limited to announcing or promoting a nonprofit sponsored community fair, festival or event;
- 2. Community event signs may be displayed no more than the time period specified in the temporary use permit issued pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.44. Community event signs that do not require a temporary use permit shall not be displayed earlier than one month before the event; and
- 3. Community event signs shall be removed by the event sponsor within two weeks following the end of the community fair, festival or event.
- 2315 <u>SECTION 40.</u> Ordinance 13022, Section 26 and K.C.C. 21A.20.190 are each 2316 hereby amended to read as follows:
- 2317 Community identification signs are permitted subject to the following provisions:
  - A. Only Unincorporated Activity Centers, <u>urban planned developments</u> or Rural Towns, designated and delineated by the comprehensive plan, or specific geographic areas (communities) recognized and delineated by a recognized unincorporated area council, are eligible to be identified with community identification signs. Identification signs for Unincorporated Activity Centers, <u>urban planned developments</u> or Rural Towns

shall be placed along the boundaries identified by the comprehensive plan. Identification signs for specific geographic areas (communities) recognized and delineated by a recognized unincorporated area council shall be placed along the boundaries delineated by the unincorporated area council.

- B. Two types of community identification signs are permitted. Primary signs are intended to mark the main arterial street entrances to a designated community, Unincorporated Activity Center, urban planned development or Rural Town. Auxiliary signs are intended to mark entrances to a designated community, Unincorporated Activity Center, urban planned development or Rural Town along local access streets.
  - C. Primary signs are subject to the following provisions:
- 1. No more than four primary signs shall be allowed per Unincorporated Activity Center, <u>urban planned development</u>, Rural Town or designated community, unless a recognized unincorporated area council permits up to two additional primary signs.
- 2. Each primary sign shall be no more than thirty-two square feet in area and no more than six feet in height, except that a recognized unincorporated area council may permit consolidation of two primary signs into one larger sign no more than sixty-four square feet in area and no more than fifteen feet in height, to be located only in commercial/industrial zones.
- 3. Primary signs shall only be located along arterial streets, outside of the right-of-way.
- D. Auxiliary community identification signs are subject to the following provisions:

- 1. There shall be no limits on the number of auxiliary community identification signs allowed per Unincorporated Activity Center, <u>urban planned development</u>, Rural Town, or designated community.

  2. Each auxiliary sign shall be no more than two (((2))) square feet, and shall be located only outside of the right-of-way.
  - E. No commercial advertisement shall be permitted on either primary or auxiliary signs except as follows:

- 1. When located on property within the RA, UR, R1-8 and R12-48 zones, signs may have a logo or other symbol of a community service or business group (e.g. Kiwanis, Chamber of Commerce, etc.) sponsoring construction of the signs(s). Any permitted logo or symbol shall be limited to an area of no more than two square feet on primary signs and no more than seventy-two square inches on auxiliary signs; or
- 2. When located on properties within the NB, CB, RB, O and I zones, signs may have a logo or other symbol of the company, community service or business group sponsoring construction of the sign(s). Any permitted logo or symbol shall be limited to an area of no more than four square feet on primary signs and no more than seventy-two square inches on auxiliary signs.
- F. Community identification signs shall be exempt from the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.20.060.A that require signs to be on-premise.
- 2364 <u>SECTION 41</u> Ordinance 15051, Section 137 and K.C.C. 21A.24.045 are each 2365 hereby amended to read as follows:

2366	A. Within the following seven critical areas and their buffers all alterations are
2367	allowed if the alteration complies with the development standards, <u>impact avoidance and</u>
2368	mitigation requirements and other applicable requirements established in this chapter:
2369	1. Critical aquifer recharge area,
2370	2. Coal mine hazard area;
2371	3. Erosion hazard area;
2372	4. Flood hazard area except in the severe channel migration hazard area;
2373	5. Landslide hazard area under forty percent slope;
2374	6. Seismic hazard area; and
2375	7. Volcanic hazard areas.
2376	B. Within the following seven critical areas and their buffers, unless allowed as
2377	an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, only the alterations on the table in
2378	subsection C. of this section are allowed if the alteration complies with conditions in
2379	subsection D. of this section and the development standards, impact avoidance and
2380	mitigation requirements and other applicable requirements established in this chapter:
2381	1. Severe channel migration hazard area;
2382	2. Landslide hazard area over forty percent slope;
2383	3. Steep slope hazard area;
2384	4. Wetland;
2385	5. Aquatic area;
2386	6. Wildlife habitat conservation area; and
2387	7. Wildlife habitat network.

C. In the following table where an activity is included in more than one activity category, the numbered conditions applicable to the most specific description of the activity governs. Where more than one numbered condition appears for a listed activity, each of the relevant conditions specified for that activity within the given critical area applies. For alterations involving more than one critical area, compliance with the conditions applicable to each critical area is required.

corresponding numbered condition in subsection D. applies  "Wildlife area and network" column applies to both Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area and Wildlife Habitat Network	N D S L I D E H A Z A R D	E R 40% A N D B U F F E R	E E P S L O P E H A Z A R D	D B U F F E R	E T L A N D	U F E R	Q U A T I C A R E A N D	U F F E R N D S E V E R E	H A N N E L M I G R A T I O N	I L D L I F E A R E A	N D N E T W O R K
Construction of new single detached					A 1		A 2				
dwelling unit											
Construction of nonresidential structure					A 3		A 3			A 3, 4	
Maintenance or repair of existing structure	A 5		A		A		A			A 4	
Expansion or replacement of existing structure	A 5, 7		A 5,	7	A 7, 8		A 6,	7, 8		A 4, 7	
Interior remodeling	A		A		A		A			A	
Construction of new dock or pier					A 9		A 9,	10, 11			
Maintenance, repair or replacement of					A 12		A 10	), 11		A 4	
dock or pier											

Grading					
Grading		A 13		A 14	A 4, 14
Construction of new slope stabilization	A 15	A 15	A 15	A 15	A 4, 15
Maintenance of existing slope stabilization	A 16	A 13	A 17	A 16, 17	A 4
Mineral extraction	A	A			
Clearing					
Clearing	A 18	A 18, 19	A 18, 20	A 14, 18, 20	A 4, 14, 18,
					20
Cutting firewood		A 21	A 21	A 21	A 4, 21
Removal of vegetation for fire safety	<u>A22</u>	A22	A 22	A 22	A 4, 22
Removal of noxious weeds or invasive	A 23	A 23	A 23	A 23	A 4, 23
vegetation					
Forest Practices					
Nonconversion Class IV-G forest practice	A 24	A 24	A 24	A 24	A 24, 25
Class I, II, III, IV-S forest practice	A	A	A	A	A
Roads					
Construction of new public road right-of-			A 26	A 26	
way structure on unimproved right-of-way					
Construction of new road in a plat			<u>A26</u>	<u>A26</u>	
Maintenance of public road right-of-way	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 27
structure					
Expansion beyond public road right-of	A	A	A 26	A 26	
way structure					
Repair, replacement or modification within	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 27
the roadway					
Construction of driveway or private access	A 28	A 28	A 28	A 28	A 28
road					
Construction of farm field access drive	A 29	A 29	A 29	A 29	A 29
Maintenance of driveway, private access	A	A	A 17	A 17	A 17, 27
road. ((or)) farm field access drive or					

parking lot					
Construction of a bridge or culvert as part	<u>A 39</u>	<u>A 39</u>	<u>A 39</u>	<u>A 39</u>	<u>A 39</u>
of a driveway or private access road					
Bridges or culverts					
Maintenance or repair of bridge or culvert	A 16, 17	A 16, 17	A 16, 17	A 16, 17	A 16, 17, 27
Replacement of bridge or culvert	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 30	A 16, 27
Expansion of bridge or culvert	A <u>16, 17</u>	A <u>16, 17</u>	A <u>16, 17,</u> 31	A <u>16, 17,</u> 31	A 4
Utilities and other infrastructure					
Construction of new utility corridor or	A 32, 33	A 32, 33	A 32, 34	A 32, 34	A 27, 32, 35
utility facility					
Construction of a new residential utility	A 32, 33	A 32, 33	A 32, 60	A 32, 60	A 27, 32, 60
service distribution line					
Maintenance, repair or replacement of	A 32, 33	A 32, 33	A 32, 34, 36	A 32, 34, 36	A 4, 32, 37
utility corridor or utility facility					
Maintenance or repair of existing well	A 37	A 37	A 37	A 37	A 4, 37
Maintenance or repair of on-site sewage	A	A	A	A 37	A 4
disposal system					
Construction of new surface water	A <u>32,</u> 33	A <u>32,</u> 33	A <u>32,</u> 38	A 32, (( <del>39</del> )) <u>38</u>	A 4
conveyance system					
Maintenance, repair or replacement of	A 33	A 33	A 16, 32,	A 16, 40, 41	A 4, 37
existing surface water conveyance system			(( <del>39</del> )) <u>38</u>		
Construction of new surface water flow			A 32	A 32	A 4, 32
control or surface water quality treatment					
facility					
Maintenance or repair of existing surface	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 4
water flow control or surface water quality					
treatment facility					
Construction of new flood protection			A 42	A 42	A 27, 42
facility					
Maintenance, repair or replacement of	A 33, 43	A 33, 43	A 43	A 43	A 27, 43

flood protection facility					
Flood risk reduction gravel removal	<u>A 61</u>	<u>A 61</u>	<u>A 61</u>	<u>A 61</u>	<u>A 61</u>
Construction of new instream structure or	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 44, 45	A 4, 16, 44,
instream work					45
Maintenance or repair of existing instream	A 16	A	A	A	A 4
structure					
((Construction of new stream bank or				A 27, 42, 43	<u>A 4, 27, 42,</u>
channel stabilization and maintenance of					<u>43))</u>
existing stream bank or channel					
<u>stabilization</u>					
Recreation ((areas))					
Construction of new trail	A 46	A 46	A 47	A 47	A 4, 47
Maintenance of outdoor public park	A 48	A 48	A 48	A 48	A 4, 48
facility, trail or publicly improved					
recreation area					
Habitat, education and science projects					
Habitat restoration or enhancement project	A 49	A 49	A 49	A 49	A 4, 49
Scientific sampling for salmonids			A 50	A 50	A 50
Drilling and testing for critical areas report	A 51	A 51	A 51, 52	A 51, 52	A 4
Environmental education project	<u>A 62</u>	A 62	<u>A 62</u>	<u>A 62</u>	<u>A 62</u>
Agriculture					
Horticulture activity including tilling,	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
discing, planting, seeding, harvesting,					
preparing soil, rotating crops and related					
activity					
Grazing livestock	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
Construction or maintenance of livestock			A 53, 54, 55	A 53, 54, 55, 56	A 53, 54
manure storage facility					
Construction or maintenance of livestock			A	A 56	
flood sanctuary					

Construction of agricultural drainage			A 57	A 57	A 4, 57
Maintenance of agricultural drainage	A <u>23,</u> 58	A <u>23,</u> 58	A <u>23,</u> 53, 54,	A <u>23,</u> 53, 54, 58	A 4, <u>23,</u> 53,
			58		54, 58
Construction or maintenance of farm pond,	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
fish pond or livestock watering pond					
Other					
Excavation of cemetery graves in	A	A	A	A	A
established and approved cemetery					
Maintenance of cemetery graves	A	A	A	A	A
Maintenance of lawn, landscaping or	A 59	A 59	A 59	A 59	A 59
garden((ing)) for personal consumption					
Maintenance of golf course	A 17	A 17	A 17	A 17	A 4, 17

D. The following alteration conditions apply:

- 1. Limited to farm residences in grazed or tilled wet meadows and subject to the limitations of subsection D.3. of this section.
- 2. Allowed in a buffer of a lake that is twenty acres or larger on a lot that was created before January 1, 2005, if:
- a. at least seventy-five percent of the lots abutting the shoreline of the lake or seventy-five percent of the lake frontage, whichever constitutes the most developable lake frontage, has existing density of four dwelling units per acre or more;
- b. the development proposal, including mitigation required by this chapter, will have the least adverse impact on the critical area;
- c. existing native vegetation within the critical area buffer will remain undisturbed except as necessary to accommodate the development proposal and required building setbacks;

2408	d. access is located to have the least adverse impact on the critical area and
2409	critical area buffer;
2410	e. the alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate the development
2411	proposal and in no case in excess of a development footprint of five thousand square feet
2412	f. the alteration does not exceed the residential development setbacks required
2413	under K.C.C. chapter 25.04 and in no circumstances shall the alteration be allowed closer
2414	than:
2415	(1) twenty-five feet of the ordinary high water mark of a lake shoreline
2416	designated urban under K.C.C. chapter 25.16;
2417	(2) fifty feet of the ordinary high water mark of a lake shoreline designated
2418	rural under K.C.C. chapter 25.20 or conservancy under K.C.C. chapter 25.24; or
2419	(3) one hundred feet of the ordinary high water mark of a lake shoreline
2420	designated natural under K.C.C. chapter 25.28; and
2421	g. to the maximum extent practical, alterations are mitigated on the
2422	development proposal site by enhancing or restoring remaining critical area buffers.
2423	3. Limited to nonresidential farm-structures in grazed or tilled wet meadows or
2424	buffers of wetlands or aquatic areas where:
2425	a. the site is predominantly used for the practice of agriculture;
2426	b. the structure is in compliance with an approved farm management plan in
2427	accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051;
2428	c. the structure is either:

2429	(1) on or adjacent to existing nonresidential impervious surface areas,
2430	additional impervious surface area is not created waterward of any existing impervious
2431	surface areas and the area was not used for crop production;
2432	(2) higher in elevation and no closer to the critical area than its existing
2433	position; or
2434	(3) at a location away from existing impervious surface areas that is
2435	determined to be the optimum site in the farm management plan;
2436	d. all best management practices associated with the structure specified in the
2437	farm management plan are installed and maintained;
2438	e. installation of fencing in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 does not
2439	require the development of a farm management plan if required best management
2440	practices are followed and the installation does not require clearing of critical areas or
2441	their buffers; and
2442	f. in a severe channel migration hazard area portion of an aquatic buffer only
2443	if:
2444	(1) there is no feasible alternative location on-site;
2445	(2) the structure is located where it is least subject to risk from channel
2446	migration;
2447	(3) the structure is not used to house animals or store hazardous substances;
2448	and
2449	(4) the total footprint of all accessory structures within the severe channel
2450	migration hazard area will not exceed the greater of one thousand square feet or two
2451	percent of the severe channel migration hazard area on the site.

2452	4. Allowed if no clearing, external construction or other disturbance in a
2453	wildlife habitat conservation area occurs during breeding seasons established under
2454	K.C.C. 21A.24.382.
2455	5. Allowed for structures when:
2456	a. the landslide hazard poses little or no risk of injury;
2457	b. the risk of landsliding is low; and
2458	c. there is not an expansion of the structure.
2459	6. Within a severe channel migration hazard area allowed for:
2460	a. existing <u>legally established</u> primary structures if:
2461	(1) there is not an increase of the footprint of any existing structure; and
2462	(2) there is not a substantial improvement as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.1270;
2463	and
2464	b. existing <u>legally established</u> accessory structures if:
2465	(1) additions to the footprint will not make the total footprint of all existing
2466	structures more than one-thousand square feet; and
2467	(2) there is not an expansion of the footprint towards any source of channel
2468	migration hazard, unless the applicant demonstrates that the location is less subject to risk
2469	and has less impact on the critical area.
2470	7. Allowed only in grazed wet meadows or the buffer or building setback
2471	outside a severe channel migration hazard area if:
2472	a. the expansion or replacement does not increase the footprint of a
2473	nonresidential structure;

2474	b.(1) for a <u>legally established</u> dwelling unit, the expansion or replacement,
2475	including any expansion of $a((n))$ <u>legally established</u> accessory structure <u>or impervious</u>
2476	surfaces allowed under this subsection B.7.b., does not increase the footprint of the
2477	dwelling unit and all other structures by more than one thousand square feet, not
2478	including any expansion of a drainfield made necessary by the expansion of structures.
2479	To the maximum extent practical, the replacement or expansion of a drainfield in the
2480	buffer should be located within areas of existing lawn or landscaping, unless another
2481	location will have a lesser impact on the critical area and its buffer;
2482	(2) for a structure accessory to a dwelling unit, the expansion or replacement
2483	is located on or adjacent to existing impervious surface areas and does not increase the
2484	footprint of the accessory structure and the dwelling unit by more than one thousand
2485	square feet; and
2486	(3) the location of the expansion has the leas((e)) $\underline{t}$ adverse impact on the
2487	critical area;
2488	c. the structure was not established as the result of an alteration exception,
2489	variance, buffer averaging or reasonable use exception; and
2490	d. to the maximum extent practical, the expansion or replacement is not
2491	located closer to the critical area or within the relic of a channel that can be connected to
2492	an aquatic area.
2493	8. Allowed upon another portion of an existing impervious surface outside a
2494	severe channel migration hazard area if:

2495

a. the structure is not located closer to the critical area; and

2496	b. the existing impervious surface within the critical area or buffer is not
2497	expanded.
2498	9. Limited to piers or seasonal floating docks ((or piers)) in a category II, III or
2499	IV wetland or its buffer or along a lake shoreline or its buffer where:
2500	a. the existing and zoned density of all properties abutting the entire lake
2501	shoreline averages three dwelling units per acre or more;
2502	b. at least seventy-five percent of the lots abutting the shoreline or seventy-five
2503	percent of the lake frontage, whichever constitutes the most lake frontage, has been
2504	developed with dwelling units;
2505	c. (there is not any significant)) the vegetation where the alteration is proposed
2506	does not consist of dominant native wetland herbaceous or woody vegetation six feet in
2507	width or greater and the $((loss))$ lack of this vegetation $((was))$ is not the result of any
2508	violation of law;
2509	((d.)) b. the wetland or lake shoreline is not a salmonid spawning area; and
2510	((e.)) c. hazardous substances or toxic materials are not used.
2511	10. Allowed on type N or O aquatic areas if hazardous substances or toxic
2512	materials are not used.
2513	11. Allowed on type S or F aquatic areas outside of the severe channel
2514	migration hazard area if in compliance with K.C.C. Title 25.
2515	12. When located on a lake, must be in compliance with K.C.C. Title 25.
2516	13. Limited to regrading and stabilizing of a slope formed as a result of a legal
2517	grading activity.

2519 conducted more than one-hundred and sixty-five feet from the ordinary high water mark 2520 in the rural area and one-hundred and fifteen feet from the ordinary high water mark in 2521 the urban area: 2522 a. grading of up to fifty cubic yards on lot less than five acres; and 2523 b. clearing of up to one-thousand square feet or up to a cumulative thirty-five 2524 percent of the severe channel migration hazard area. 2525 15. Only where erosion or landsliding threatens a structure, utility facility, 2526 roadway, driveway, public trails, aquatic area or wetland if, to the maximum extent 2527 practical, stabilization work does not disturb the slope and its vegetative cover and any 2528 associated critical areas. 2529 16. Allowed when performed by, at the direction of or authorized by a 2530 government agency in accordance with regional road maintenance guidelines. 2531 17. Allowed when not performed under the direction of a government agency 2532 only if: 2533 a. the maintenance or expansion does not involve the use of herbicides, 2534 hazardous substances, sealants or other liquid oily substances in aquatic areas, wetlands 2535 or their buffers; and 2536 b. when maintenance, expansion or replacement of bridges or culverts involves 2537 water used by salmonids: 2538 (1) the work is in compliance with ditch standards in public rule; and 2539 (2) the maintenance of culverts is limited to removal of sediment and debris 2540 from the culvert and its inlet, invert and outlet and the stabilization of the disturbed or

14. The following are allowed in the severe channel migration hazard area if

2541	damaged bank or channel immediately adjacent to the culvert and shall not involve the
2542	excavation of a new sediment trap adjacent to the inlet.
2543	18. Allowed for the removal of hazard trees and vegetation as necessary for
2544	surveying or testing purposes.
2545	19. The limited trimming and pruning of vegetation for the making and
2546	maintenance of view((s)) corridors or habitat enhancement under a vegetation
2547	management plan approved by the department, if the soils are not disturbed and the
2548	activity will not adversely affect the long term <u>slope</u> stability ((of the slope, erosion)) or
2549	water quality or cause erosion. The vegetation management plan shall use native species
2550	with adequate root strength to add stability to a steep slope.
2551	20. Harvesting of plants and plant materials, such as plugs, stakes, seeds or
2552	fruits, for restoration and enhancement projects is allowed.
2553	21. Cutting of firewood is subject to the following:
2554	a. within a wildlife habitat conservation area, cutting firewood is not allowed;
2555	b. within a wildlife network, cutting shall be in accordance with a management
2556	plan approved under K.C.C. ((21A.14.270, as recodified by this ordinance)) 21A.24.386
2557	by this ordinance; and
2558	c. within a critical area buffer, cutting shall be for personal use and in
2559	accordance with an approved forest management plan or rural stewardship plan.
2560	22. Allowed only in buffers if in accordance with best management practices
2561	approved by the King County fire marshal.
2562	23. Allowed as follows:

2563	a. if conducted in accordance with an approved forest management plan, farm
2564	management plan, or rural stewardship plan; or
2565	b. without an approved forest management plan, farm management plan or
2566	rural stewardship plan, only if:
2567	(1) removal is undertaken with hand labor, including hand-held mechanical
2568	tools, unless the King County noxious weed control board otherwise prescribes the use of
2569	riding mowers, light mechanical cultivating equipment or herbicides or biological control
2570	methods;
2571	(2) the area is stabilized to avoid regrowth or regeneration of noxious weeds;
2572	(3) the cleared area is revegetated with native ((or noninvasive)) vegetation
2573	and stabilized against erosion; and
2574	(4) herbicide use is in accordance with federal and state law;
2575	24. Only if in accordance with chapter 76.09 RCW and Title 222 WAC and:
2576	a. a forest management plan is approved for the site by the King County
2577	department of natural resources and parks; and
2578	b. the property owner provides a notice of intent in accordance with RCW
2579	76.09.060 that the site will not be converted to nonforestry uses within six years.
2580	25. Only if in compliance with published Washington state Department of Fish
2581	and Wildlife and Washington state Department of Natural Resources Management
2582	standards for the species. If there are no published Washington state standards, only if in
2583	compliance with management standards determined by the county to be consistent with
2584	best available science.
2585	26. Allowed only if:

2586	a. there is not another feasible location with less adverse impact on the critical
2587	area and its buffer;
2588	b. the corridor is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or
2589	spawning or by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal
2590	government unless the department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site.
2591	c. the corridor width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
2592	d. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work; ((and))
2593	e. the corridor will not change or diminish the overall aquatic area flow peaks,
2594	duration or volume or the flood storage capacity; and
2595	f. no new public right-of-way is established within a severe channel migration
2596	hazard area.
2597	27. To the maximum extent practical, during breeding season established under
2598	K.C.C. 21A.24.382, land clearing machinery such as bulldozers, graders or other heavy
2599	equipment are not operated within a wildlife habitat conservation area.
2600	28. Allowed only if:
2601	a. an alternative access is not available;
2602	b. impact to the critical area is minimized to the maximum extent practical
2603	including the use of walls to limit the amount of cut and fill necessary;
2604	c. the risk associated with landslide and erosion is minimized;
2605	d. access is located where it is least subject to risk from channel migration; and
2606	e. construction occurs during approved periods for instream work.
2607	29. Only if in compliance with a farm management plan in accordance with
2608	K.C.C. 21A.24.051.

2609	30. Allowed only if:
2610	a. the replacement is made fish passable in accordance with the most recent
2611	Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife manuals or with the National Marine
2612	and Fisheries Services guidelines for federally listed salmonid species; and
2613	b. the site is restored with appropriate native vegetation.
2614	31. Allowed if necessary to bring the bridge or culvert up to current standards
2615	and if:
2616	a. there is not another feasible alternative available with less impact on the
2617	aquatic area and its buffer; and
2618	b. to the maximum extent practical, the bridge or culvert is located to minimize
2619	impacts to the aquatic area and its buffer's.
2620	32. Allowed in an existing roadway if conducted consistent with the regional
2621	road maintenance guidelines.
2622	33. Allowed outside the roadway if:
2623	a. the alterations will not subject the critical area to an increased risk of
2624	landslide or erosion;
2625	b. vegetation removal is the minimum necessary to locate the utility or
2626	construct the corridor; and
2627	c. significant risk of personal injury is eliminated or minimized in the landslide
2628	hazard area.
2629	34. Limited to the pipelines, cables, wires and support structures of utility
2630	facilities within utility corridors if:

a. there is no alternative location with less adverse impact on the critical area 2632 and critical area buffer; 2633 b. new utility corridors meet the all of the following to the maximum extent 2634 practical: 2635 (1) are not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or by a 2636 species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless the 2637 department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site; 2638 (2) the mean annual flow rate is less than twenty cubic feet per second; and 2639 (3) paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route near the channel 2640 is avoided: 2641 c. to the maximum extent practical utility corridors are located so that: 2642 (1) the width is the minimized; 2643 (2) the removal of trees greater than twelve inches diameter at breast height is 2644 minimized: 2645 (3) an additional, contiguous and undisturbed critical area buffer, equal in 2646 area to the disturbed critical area buffer area including any allowed maintenance roads, is 2647 provided to protect the critical area; 2648 d. to the maximum extent practical, access for maintenance is at limited access 2649 points into the critical area buffer rather than by a parallel maintenance road. If a parallel 2650 maintenance road is necessary the following standards are met: 2651 (1) to the maximum extent practical the width of the maintenance road is 2652 minimized and in no event greater than fifteen feet; and

2654 on the side of the utility corridor farthest from the critical area; 2655 e. the utility corridor or facility will not adversely impact the overall critical 2656 area hydrology or diminish flood storage capacity; 2657 f. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work; 2658 g. the utility corridor serves multiple purposes and properties to the maximum 2659 extent practical; 2660 h. bridges or other construction techniques that do not disturb the critical areas 2661 are used to the maximum extent practical; 2662 i. bored, drilled or other trenchless crossing is laterally constructed at least four 2663 feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base flood; 2664 j. bridge piers or abutments for bridge crossing are not placed within the 2665 FEMA floodway or the ordinary high water mark; 2666 k. open trenching is only used during low flow periods or only within aquatic 2667 areas when they are dry. The department may approve open trenching of type S or F 2668 aquatic areas only if there is not a feasible alternative and equivalent or greater 2669 environmental protection can be achieved; and 2670 1. minor communication facilities may collocate on existing utility facilities if: 2671 (1) no new transmission support structure is required; and 2672 (2) equipment cabinets are located on the transmission support structure. 2673 35. Allowed only for new utility facilities in existing utility corridors.

(2) the location of the maintenance road is contiguous to the utility corridor

2674	36. Allowed for private individual utility service connections on site or to public
2675	utilities if the disturbed area is not expanded and no hazardous substances, pesticides or
2676	fertilizers are applied.
2677	37. Allowed if the disturbed area is not expanded, clearing is limited to the
2678	maximum extent practical and no hazardous substances, pesticides or fertilizers are
2679	applied.
2680	38. Allowed if:
2681	a. conveying the surface water into the wetland or aquatic area buffer and
2682	discharging into the wetland or aquatic area buffer or at the wetland or aquatic area edge
2683	has less adverse impact upon the wetland or aquatic area or wetland or aquatic area buffer
2684	than if the surface water were discharged at the buffer's edge and allowed to naturally
2685	drain through the buffer;
2686	b. the volume of discharge is minimized through application of low impact
2687	development and water quality measures identified in the King County Surface Water
2688	Design Manual;
2689	c. the conveyance and outfall are installed with hand equipment where
2690	feasible;
2691	d. the outfall shall include bioengineering techniques where feasible; and
2692	e. the outfall is designed to minimize adverse impacts to critical areas.
2693	39. ((Allowed if constructed only with vegetation)) Allowed only if:
2694	a. there is no feasible alternative with less impact on the critical area and its
2695	buffer;

2696	b. to the maximum extent practical, the bridge or culvert is located to minimize
2697	impacts to the critical area and its buffer;
2698	c. the bridge or culvert is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or
2699	spawning unless there is no other feasible crossing site;
2700	d. construction occurs during approved periods for in-stream work; and
2701	e. bridge piers or abutments for bridge crossings are not placed within the
2702	FEMA floodway, severe channel migration hazard area or waterward of the ordinary
2703	high water mark; ((and
2704	f. open trenching is used during low flow periods or within aquatic areas when
2705	they are dry)).
2706	40. Allowed for an open, vegetated stormwater management conveyance system
2707	and outfall structure that simulates natural conditions if:
2708	a. fish habitat features necessary for feeding, cover and reproduction are
2709	included when appropriate;
2710	b. vegetation is maintained and added adjacent to all open channels and ponds,
2711	if necessary to prevent erosion, filter out sediments or shade the water; and
2712	c. bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical.
2713	41. Allowed for a closed, tightlined conveyance system and outfall structure if:
2714	a. necessary to avoid erosion of slopes; and
2715	b. bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical.
2716	42. Allowed in a severe channel migration hazard area ((portion of)) or an
2717	aquatic area buffer to prevent bank erosion only:

2718	a. if consistent with $\underline{\text{the}}$ (( $\underline{\text{Washington state}}$ )) Integrated Stream Protection
2719	Guidelines (Washington State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002) and if
2720	bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical, unless the applicant
2721	demonstrates that other methods provide equivalent structural stabilization and
2722	environmental function; ((and))
2723	b. based on a critical areas report, the department determines that the new
2724	flood protection facility will not cause significant impacts to upstream or downstream
2725	properties; and
2726	<u>c.</u> to prevent bank erosion for the protection of:
2727	(1) public roadways;
2728	(2) sole access routes in existence before February 16, 1995; ((or))
2729	(3) new primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units or accessory living
2730	quarters and residential accessory structures located outside the severe channel migration
2731	hazard area if:
2732	(a) the site is adjacent to or abutted by properties on both sides containing
2733	buildings or sole access routes protected by legal bank stabilization in existence before
2734	February 16, 1995. The buildings, sole access routes or bank stabilization must be
2735	located no more than six hundred feet apart as measured parallel to the migrating
2736	channel; and
2737	(b) the new primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory
2738	living quarters or residential accessory structures are located no closer to the aquatic area
2739	than existing primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory living quarters
2740	or residential accessory structures on abutting or adjacent properties; or

2741	(4) existing primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory living
2742	quarters or residential accessory structures if:
2743	(a) the structure was in existence before the adoption date of a King County
2744	Channel Migration Zone hazard map that applies to that channel, if such a map exists;
2745	(b) the structure is in imminent danger, as determined by a geologist,
2746	engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer;
2747	(c) the applicant has demonstrated that the existing structure is at risk, and
2748	the structure and supporting infrastructure cannot be relocated on the lot further from the
2749	source of channel migration; and
2750	(d) non-structural measures are not feasible.
2751	43. Applies to lawfully established existing structures if:
2752	a. ((maintained by a public agency;
2753	b.)) the height of the facility is not increased, unless the facility is being
2754	replaced in a new alignment that is landward of the previous alignment and enhances
2755	aquatic area habitat and process;
2756	((e.)) <u>b.</u> the linear length of the $((affected edge of the))$ facility is not increased,
2757	unless the facility is being replaced in a new alignment that is landward of the previous
2758	alignment and enhances aquatic area habitat and process;
2759	((d.)) <u>c.</u> the footprint of the facility is not expanded waterward;
2760	((e.)) d. consistent with ((King County's Guidelines for Bank Stabilization
2761	Projects (King County Surface Water Management 1993))) the Integrated Streambank
2762	Protection Guidelines (Washington State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002) and
2763	bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical; ((and))

2764	$((f_{-}))$ <u>e.</u> the site is restored with appropriate native vegetation <u>and erosion</u>
2765	protection materials; and
2766	f. based on a critical areas report, the department determines that the
2767	maintenance, repair, replacement or construction will not cause significant impacts to
2768	upstream or downstream properties.
2769	44. Allowed in type N and O aquatic areas if done in least impacting way at
2770	least impacting time of year, in conformance with applicable best management practices,
2771	and all affected instream and buffer features are restored.
2772	45. Allowed in a type S or F water when such work is:
2773	a. included as part of a project to evaluate, restore or improve habitat, and
2774	b. sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency that has natural resource
2775	management as a function or by a federally recognized tribe.
2776	46. Allowed as long as the trail is not constructed of impervious surfaces that
2777	will contribute to surface water run-off, unless the construction is necessary for soil
2778	stabilization or soil erosion prevention or unless the trail system is specifically designed
2779	and intended to be accessible to handicapped persons.
2780	47. Not allowed in a wildlife habitat conservation area. Otherwise, allowed ((as
2781	far landward as feasible)) in the buffer or for crossing a category II, III or IV wetland or a
2782	type F, N or O aquatic area, if:
2783	a. the trail surface is $((not))$ made of $((im))$ pervious materials, except that
2784	public multipurpose trails may be made of impervious materials if they meet all the
2785	requirements in K.C.C. chapter 9.12. A trail that crosses a wetland or aquatic area shall
2786	be constructed as a raised boardwalk or bridge; ((and))

2181	b. to the maximum extent practical, buffers are expanded equal to the width of
2788	the trail corridor including disturbed areas;
2789	c. there is not another feasible location with less adverse impact on the critical
2790	area and its buffer;
2791	d. the trail is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or
2792	by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless
2793	the department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site;
2794	e. the trail width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
2795	f. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work; and
2796	g. the trail corridor will not change or diminish the overall aquatic area flow
2797	peaks, duration or volume or the flood storage capacity.
2798	h. the trail may be located across a critical area buffer for access to a viewing
2799	platform or to a permitted dock or pier;
2800	i. A private viewing platform may be allowed if it is:
2801	(1) located upland from the wetland edge or the ordinary high water mark of
2802	an aquatic area;
2803	(2) located where it will not be detrimental to the functions of the wetland or
2804	aquatic area and will have the least adverse environmental impact on the critical area or
2805	its buffer;
2806	(3) limited to fifty square feet in size;
2807	(4) constructed of materials that are non-toxic; and
2808	(5) on footings located outside of the wetland or aquatic area.
2809	48. Only if the maintenance:

2810	a. does not involve the use of herbicides or other hazardous substances except
2811	for the removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation;
2812	b. when salmonids are present, the maintenance is in compliance with ditch
2813	standards in public rule; and
2814	c. does not involve any expansion of the roadway, lawn, landscaping, ditch,
2815	culvert, engineered slope or other improved area being maintained.
2816	49. Limited to alterations to restore habitat forming processes or directly restore
2817	habitat function and value, including access for construction, as follows:
2818	a. projects sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency that has natural
2819	resource management as a primary function or by a federally recognized tribe;
2820	b. restoration and enhancement plans prepared by a qualified biologist; or
2821	c. conducted in accordance with an approved forest management plan, farm
2822	management plan or rural stewardship plan.
2823	50. Allowed in accordance with a scientific sampling permit issued by
2824	Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife or an incidental take permit issued
2825	under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act.
2826	51. Allowed for the ((limited)) minimal clearing and grading, including site
2827	access, necessary ((needed)) to prepare critical area reports.
2828	52. The following are allowed if associated spoils are contained:
2829	a. data collection and research if carried out to the maximum extent practical
2830	by nonmechanical or hand-held equipment;
2831	b. survey monument placement;

2833 approved sampling protocols and accomplished to the maximum extent practical by 2834 hand-held equipment and; or similar work associated with an incidental take permit 2835 issued under Section 10 or consultation under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. 2836 53. Limited to activities in continuous existence since January 1, 2005, with no 2837 expansion within the critical area or critical area buffer. "Continuous existence" includes 2838 cyclical operations and managed periods of soil restoration, enhancement or other fallow 2839 states associated with these horticultural and agricultural activities. 2840 54. Allowed for expansion of existing or new agricultural activities where: 2841 a. the site is predominantly involved in the practice of agriculture; 2842 b. there is no expansion into an area that: 2843 (1) has been cleared under a class I, II, III, IV-S or nonconversion IV-G forest 2844 practice permit; or 2845 (2) is more than ten thousand square feet with tree cover at a uniform density 2846 more than ninety trees per acre and with the predominant mainstream diameter of the 2847 trees at least four inches diameter at breast height, not including areas that are actively 2848 managed as agricultural crops for pulpwood, Christmas trees or ornamental nursery 2849 stock; 2850 c. the activities are in compliance with an approved farm management plan in 2851 accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051; and 2852 d. all best management practices associated with the activities specified in the 2853 farm management plan are installed and maintained.

c. site exploration and gage installation if performed in accordance with state-

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55. Only allowed in grazed or tilled wet meadows or their buffers if:

2855	a. the facilities are designed to the standards of an approved farm management
2856	plan in accordance K.C.C. 21A.24.051 or an approved livestock management plan in
2857	accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30;
2858	b. there is not a feasible alternative location available on the site; and
2859	c. the facilities are located close to the outside edge of the buffer to the
2860	maximum extent practical.
2861	56. Allowed in a severe channel migration hazard area portion of an aquatic
2862	area buffer if:
2863	a. the facilities are designed to the standards in an approved farm management
2864	plan in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051;
2865	b. there is not a feasible alternative location available on the site; and
2866	c. the structure is located where it is least subject to risk from channel
2867	migration.
2868	57. Allowed for new agricultural drainage in compliance with an approved farm
2869	management plan in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and all best management
2870	practices associated with the activities specified in the farm management plan are
2871	installed and maintained.
2872	58. If the agricultural drainage is used by salmonids, maintenance shall be in
2873	compliance with an approved farm management plan in accordance with K.C.C.
2874	21A.24.051.
2875	59. Allowed within existing landscaped areas or other previously disturbed
2876	areas.

2877	60. Allowed for residential utility service distribution lines to residential
2878	dwellings, including, but not limited to, well water conveyance, septic system
2879	conveyance, water service, sewer service, natural gas, electrical, cable, and telephone, if:
2880	a. there is no alternative location with less adverse impact on the critical area
2881	or the critical area buffer;
2882	b. the residential utility service distribution lines meet the all of the following,
2883	to the maximum extent practical:
2884	(1) are not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or by a
2885	species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless the
2886	department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site;
2887	(2) not located over a type S aquatic area;
2888	(3) paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route near the channel
2889	is avoided;
2890	(4) the width of clearing is minimized;
2891	(5) the removal of trees greater than twelve inches diameter at breast height is
2892	minimized;
2893	(6) an additional, contiguous and undisturbed critical area buffer, equal in
2894	area to the disturbed critical area buffer area is provided to protect the critical area;
2895	(7) access for maintenance is at limited access points into the critical area
2896	<u>buffer.</u>
2897	(8) the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work;

2898	(9) bored, drilled or other trenchless crossing is encouraged, and shall be
2899	laterally constructed at least four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base
2900	flood; and
2901	(10) open trenching across Type O or Type N aquatic areas is only used
2902	during low flow periods or only within aquatic areas when they are dry.
2903	61. Allowed if sponsored or cosponsored by the countywide flood control zone
2904	district and the department determines that the project and its location:
2905	a. is the best flood risk reduction alternative practicable;
2906	b. is part of a comprehensive, long-term flood management strategy;
2907	c. is consistent with the King County Flood Hazard Management Plan policies;
2908	d. will have the least adverse impact on the ecological functions of the critical
2909	area or its buffer, including habitat for fish and wildlife that are identified for protection in
2910	the King County Comprehensive Plan; and
2911	e. has been subject to public notice in accordance with K.C.C. 20.44.060.
2912	62.a. Not allowed in wildlife habitat conservation areas;
2913	b. Only allowed if:
2914	(1) the project is sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency whose primary
2915	function deals with natural resources management;
2916	(2) the project is located on public land or on land that is owned by a non-
2917	profit agency whose primary function deals with natural resources management;
2918	(3) there is not a feasible alternative location available on the site with less
2919	impact to the critical area or its associated buffer;

2920	(4) the aquatic area or wetland is not ((a spawning area for fish species)) for
2921	salmonid rearing or spawning;
2922	(5) the project minimizes the footprint of structures and the number of access
2923	points to any critical areas; and
2924	(6) the project meets the following design criteria:
2925	(A) to the maximum extent practical size of platform shall not exceed 100-
2926	square feet;
2927	(B) all construction materials for ((bird blinds)) any strucures, including the
2928	platform, pilings, exterior and interior walls and roof, are constructed of non-toxic
2929	material, such as non-treated wood, vinyl-coated wood, non-galvanized steel, plastic,
2930	plastic wood, fiberglass, or cured concrete that the department determines will not have
2931	an adverse impact on water quality;
2932	(C) the exterior of ((bird blinds)) any strucures are sufficiently camouflaged
2933	using netting or equivalent to avoid any visual deterrent for wildlife species to the
2934	maximum extent practical. The camouflage shall be maintained to retain concealment
2935	effectiveness;
2936	(D) ((the footings and other portions of the bird blind)) structures shall be
2937	located outside of the wetland or aquatic area landward of the Ordinary High Water Mark
2938	or open water component (if applicable) to the maximum extent practical on the site;
2939	(E) construction occurs during approved periods for work inside the
2940	Ordinary High Water Mark;

2941	(F) construction associated with bird blinds shall not occur from March 1
2942	through August 31, in order to avoid disturbance to birds during the breeding, nesting,
2943	and rearing seasons;
2944	(G) to the maximum extent practical, ((wheel chair access is provided))
2945	provide accessibility for persons with physical disabilities in accordance with the
2946	International Building Code;
2947	(H) trail access is designed in accordance with public rules adopted by the
2948	department;
2949	(I) existing native vegetation within the critical area will remain undisturbed
2950	except as necessary to accommodate the proposal. Only minimal hand clearing of
2951	vegetation is allowed; and
2952	(J) disturbed bare ground areas around the structure must be replanted with
2953	native vegetation approved by the department.
2954	SECTION 42. Ordinance 15051, Section 139 and K.C.C. 21A.24.055 are each
2955	hereby amended to read as follows:
2956	A. On a site zoned RA, the department may approve a modification of the
2957	minimum buffer widths for aquatic areas, wetlands and wildlife habitat conservation
2958	areas and maximum clearing restrictions through a rural stewardship plan for single
2959	family detached residential development in accordance with this section.
2960	B. The property owner or applicant shall develop the rural stewardship plan as
2961	part of a rural stewardship program offered or approved by King County and has the
2962	option of incorporating appropriate components of a county-approved farm management
2963	or a county-approved forest stewardship plan.

2965 for aquatic areas, wetlands and wildlife habitat conservation areas and maximum clearing 2966 restrictions, the department shall consider the following factors: 2967 1. The existing condition of the drainage basin or marine shoreline as designated 2968 on the Basin and Shoreline Conditions Map; 2969 2. The existing condition of wetland and aquatic area buffers; 2970 3. The existing condition of wetland functions based on the adopted Washington 2971 State Wetland Rating System for Western Washington, Washington state department of 2972 ecology publication number 04-06-025, published August 2004; 2973 4. The location of the site in the drainage basin; ((and)) 2974 5. The percentage of impervious surfaces and clearing on the site; and 2975 6. Any existing development on the site that was approved as a result of a 2976 variance or alteration exception that allowed development within a critical area or critical 2977 area buffer. If the existing development was approved through a variance or alteration 2978 exception, the rural stewardship plan shall demonstrate that the plan will result in 2979 enhancing the functions and values of critical areas located on the site as if the 2980 development approved through the variance or alteration exception had not occurred. 2981 D. A rural stewardship plan does not modify the requirement for permits for 2982 activities covered by the rural stewardship plan. 2983 E. Modifications of critical area buffers shall be based on the following 2984 prioritized goals: 2985 1. To avoid impacts to critical areas to the maximum extent practical;

C. In its evaluation of any proposed modification of the minimum buffer widths

2. To avoid impacts to the higher quality wetland or aquatic area or the more 2987 protected fish or wildlife species, if there is a potential to affect more than one category 2988 of wetland or aquatic area or more than one species of native fish or wildlife; 2989 3. To maintain or enhance the natural hydrologic systems on the site to the 2990 maximum extent practical; 2991 4. To maintain, restore or enhance native vegetation; 2992 5. To maintain, restore or enhance the function and value of critical areas or 2993 critical area buffers located on the site; 2994 6. To minimize habitat fragmentation and enhance corridors between wetlands, 2995 riparian corridors, wildlife habitat conservation areas and other priority habitats; 2996 7. To minimize the impacts of development over time by implementing best 2997 management practices and meeting performance standards during the life of the 2998 development; and 2999 8. To monitor the effectiveness of the stewardship practices and implement 3000 additional practices through adaptive management to maintain, restore or enhance critical 3001 area functions when necessary. 3002 F. A rural stewardship plan may include, but is not limited to, the following 3003 elements: 3004 1. Critical areas designation under K.C.C. 21A.24.500; 3005 2. Identification of structures, cleared and forested areas and other significant 3006 features on the site; 3007 3. Location of wetlands and aquatic areas and their buffers, and wildlife habitat; 3008 4. ((Site-specific best management practices;

3009 5. P)) Analysis of impacts of planned changes to any existing structures,  $((\Theta + E))$ 3010 for other changes to the site that involve clearing or grading or for new development; 3011 5. Site-specific best management practices that mitigate impacts of development 3012 and that protect and enhance the ecological values and functions of the site; 3013 6. A schedule for implementation of the elements of the rural stewardship plan; 3014 and 3015 7. A plan for monitoring the effectiveness of measures approved under the rural 3016 stewardship plan and to modify if adverse impacts occur. 3017 G. A rural stewardship plan may be developed as part of a program offered or 3018 approved by King County and shall include a site inspection by the county to verify that 3019 the plan is reasonably likely to accomplish the goals in subsection E. of this section to 3020 protect water quality, reduce flooding and erosion, maintain, restore or enhance the 3021 function and value of critical areas and their buffers and maintain or enhance native 3022 vegetation on the site of this section. 3023 H. A property owner who completes a rural stewardship plan that is approved by 3024 the county may be eligible for tax benefits under the public benefit rating system in 3025 accordance with K.C.C. 20.36.100. 3026 I. If a property owner withdraws from the rural stewardship plan, in addition to 3027 any applicable penalties under the public benefit rating system, the following apply: 3028 1. Mitigation is required for any structures constructed in critical area buffers 3029 under the rural stewardship plan; and

2. The property owner shall apply for buffer averaging or an alteration exception, as appropriate, to permit any structure or use that has been established under the rural stewardship plan and that would not otherwise be permitted under this chapter.

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J. A rural stewardship plan is not effective until approved by the county. Before approval, the county may conduct a site inspection, which may be through a program offered or approved by King County, to verify that the plan is reasonably likely to accomplish the goals in subsection E. of this section.

K. Once approved, activities carried out in compliance with the approved rural stewardship plan shall be deemed in compliance with this chapter. In the event of a potential code enforcement action, the department of development and environmental services shall first inform the department of natural resources and parks of the activity. Prior to taking code enforcement action, the department of development and environmental services shall consult with the department of natural resources and parks to determine whether the activity is consistent with the rural stewardship plan.

SECTION 43. Ordinance 10870, Section 454, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

- A. The director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and critical area setbacks not otherwise allowed by this chapter as follows:
- 1. For linear alterations, the director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and critical area setbacks only when all of the following criteria are met:
- a. there is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse 3052 impact on the critical area;

b. the proposal minimizes the adverse impact on critical areas to the maximum 3054 extent practical; 3055 c. the approval does not require the modification of a critical area development 3056 standard established by this chapter; 3057 d. the development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public 3058 health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the 3059 general purposes of this chapter and the public interest; 3060 e. the linear alteration: 3061 (1) connects to or is an alteration to a public roadway, public trail, a utility 3062 corridor or utility facility or other public infrastructure owned or operated by a public 3063 utility; or 3064 (2) is required to overcome limitations due to gravity; and 3065 2. For nonlinear alterations the director may approve alterations to critical areas 3066 except wetlands, unless otherwise allowed under subsection A.2.h. of this section, aquatic 3067 areas and wildlife habitat conservation areas, and alterations to critical area buffers and 3068 critical area setbacks, when all of the following criteria are met: 3069 a. there is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse 3070 impact on the critical area; 3071 b. the alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate the development 3072 proposal; 3073 c. the approval does not require the modification of a critical area development 3074 standard established by this chapter;

d. the development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;

- e. for dwelling units, no more than ((three)) <u>five</u> thousand square feet or ten percent of the site, whichever is greater, may be disturbed by structures, <u>building setbacks</u> or other land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping, but not including the area used <u>for a driveway or</u> for an on-site sewage disposal system;
- f. to the maximum extent possible, access is located to have the least adverse impact on the critical area and critical area buffer;
  - g. the critical area is not used as a salmonid spawning area; and
- h. the director may approve an alteration in a category II, III and IV wetland for development of a public school facility.
- B. The director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and critical area setbacks if the application of this chapter would deny all reasonable use of the property. The applicant may apply for a reasonable use exception pursuant to this subsection without first having applied for an alteration exception under this section if the requested reasonable use exception includes relief from development standards for which an alteration exception cannot be granted pursuant to the provisions of this section. The director shall determine that all of the following criteria are met:
  - a. there is no other reasonable use with less adverse impact on the critical area;
- b. the development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;

3099 minimum necessary to allow for reasonable use of the property; and 3100 d. for dwelling units, no more than ((three)) five thousand square feet or ten 3101 percent of the site, whichever is greater, may be disturbed by structures, building setbacks 3102 or other land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping but not 3103 including the area used for a driveway or for an on-site sewage disposal system. 3104 C. For the purpose of this section, "linear" alteration means infrastructure that 3105 supports development that is linear in nature and includes public and private roadways, 3106 public trails, private driveways, railroads, utility corridors and utility facilities. 3107 D. Alteration exceptions approved under this section shall meet the mitigation 3108 requirements of this chapter. 3109 E. An applicant for an alteration exception shall submit a critical area report, as 3110 required by K.C.C. 21A.24.110. 3111 ((F. The hearing examiner shall provide to the clerk of the council a copy of the 3112 final decision of an appeal of the department's decision under this section within thirty 3113 days after the hearing examiner's decision. The clerk shall notify the council of the 3114 availability of the decision.)) 3115 SECTION 44. Ordinance 10870, Section 464, as amended, and K.C.C. 3116 21A.24.170 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 3117 A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection of C. of this section, the owner of 3118 any property containing critical areas or buffers on which a development proposal is 3119 submitted or any property on which mitigation is established as a result of development

c. any authorized alteration to the critical area or critical area buffer is the

3120 shall file a notice approved by King County with the records, elections and licensing 3121 services division. The notice shall inform the public of: 3122 1. The presence of critical areas or buffers or mitigation sites on the property; 3123 2. The application of this chapter to the property; and 3124 3. The possible existence of limitations on actions in or affecting the critical 3125 areas or buffers or the fact that mitigation sites may exist. 3126 B. The applicant for a development proposal shall submit proof that the notice 3127 required by this section has been filed for public record before King County approves any 3128 development proposal for the property or, in the case of subdivisions, short subdivisions 3129 and binding site plans, at or before recording of the subdivision, short subdivision or 3130 binding site plan. 3131 C. The notice required under subsection A. of this section is not required if: 3132 1. The property is a public right-of-way or the site of a permanent public 3133 facility; ((or)) 3134 2. The development proposal does not require sensitive area review under 3135 K.C.C. 21A.24.100.C; or 3136 3. The property only contains a critical aquifer recharge area. 3137 SECTION 45. Ordinance 10870, Section 471, as amended, and K.C.C. 3138 21A.24.240 are each hereby amended to read as follows: The following development standards apply to development proposals and 3139 3140 alterations on sites within the zero-rise flood fringe: 3141 A. Development proposals and alterations shall not reduce the effective base flood 3142 storage volume of the floodplain. A development proposal shall provide ((comensatory))

3143	compensatory storage if grading or other activity displaces any effective flood storage
3144	volume. Compensatory storage shall:
3145	1. Provide equivalent volume at equivalent elevations to that being displaced;
3146	2. Hydraulically connect to the source of flooding;
3147	3. Provide compensatory storage in the same construction season as when the
3148	displacement of flood storage volume occurs and before the flood season begins on
3149	September 30 for that year; and
3150	4. Occur on the site. The director may approve equivalent compensatory storage
3151	off the site if legal arrangements, acceptable to the department, are made to assure that the
3152	effective compensatory storage volume will be preserved over time;
3153	B. A structural engineer shall design and certify all elevated construction and
3154	((sumit)) submit the design to the department;
3155	C. A civil engineer shall prepare a base flood depth and base flood velocity
3156	analysis and submit the analysis to the department. The director may waive the
3157	requirement for a base flood depth and base flood velocity analysis for agricultural
3158	structures that are not used for human habitation. Development proposals and alterations
3159	are not allowed if the base flood depth exceeds three feet $((\Theta r))$ and the base flood velocity
3160	exceeds three feet per second except, the director may approve development proposals and
3161	alterations in areas where the base flood depth exceeds three feet and the base flood
3162	velocity exceeds three feet per second for the following projects:
3163	1. Agricultural accessory structures;
3164	2. Roads and bridges;
3165	3. Utilities;

3166	4. Surface water flow control or surface water conveyance systems;
3167	5. Public park structures; and
3168	6. Flood hazard mitigation projects, such as, but not limited to construction, repair
3169	or replacement of flood protection facilities or for building elevations or relocations;
3170	D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding site
3171	plans shall meet the following requirements:
3172	1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable
3173	land outside the zero-rise floodway;
3174	2. All utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are
3175	consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;
3176	3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with
3177	FEMA guidelines for all new lots;
3178	4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with
3179	the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and
3180	5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned
3181	development or binding site plan shall include the following for all lots:
3182	a. building setback areas restricting structures to designated buildable areas:
3183	b. base flood data and sources and flood hazard notes including, but not limited
3184	to, base flood elevation, required flood protection elevations, the boundaries of the
3185	floodplain and the zero-rise floodway, if determined, and channel migration zone
3186	boundaries, if determined; and
3187	c. include the following notice:

3188	"Lots and structures located within flood hazard areas may be inaccessible
3189	by emergency vehicles during flood events. Residents and property owners should take
3190	appropriate advance precautions.";
3191	E. New residential structures and substantial improvements of existing residential
3192	structures shall meet the following standards:
3193	1. Elevate the lowest floor, including basement, to the flood protection elevation;
3194	2. Do not fully enclose portions of the structure that are below the lowest floor
3195	area;
3196	3. Design and construct the areas and rooms below the lowest floor to
3197	automatically equalize hydrostatic and hydrodynamic flood forces on exterior walls by
3198	allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters as follows:
3199	a. provide a minimum of two openings on each of two opposite side walls in the
3200	direction of flow, with each of those walls having a total open area of not less than one
3201	square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
3202	b. design and construct the bottom of all openings so they are no higher than one
3203	foot above grade; and
3204	c. screens, louvers or other coverings or devices are allowed over the opening if
3205	they allow the unrestricted entry and exit of floodwaters;
3206	4. Use materials and methods that are resistant to and minimize flood damage;
3207	and
3208	5. Elevate above or dry-proof all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air
3209	conditioning equipment and other utilities that service the structure, such as duct-work to
3210	the flood protection elevation;

3212 nonresidential structures shall meet the following standards: 3213 1. Elevate the lowest floor to the flood protection elevation; or 3214 2. Dry flood-proof the structure to the flood protection elevation to meet the 3215 following standards: 3216 a. the applicant shall provide certification by a civil or structural engineer that 3217 the dry flood-proofing methods are adequate to withstand the flood-depths, pressures, 3218 velocities, impacts, uplift forces and other factors associated with the base flood. After 3219 construction, the engineer shall certify that the permitted work conforms to the approved 3220 plans and specifications; and 3221 b. approved building permits for dry flood-proofed nonresidential structures 3222 shall contain a statement notifying applicants that flood insurance premiums are based 3223 upon rates for structures that are one foot below the base flood elevation; 3224 3. Use materials and methods that are resistant to and minimize flood damage; 3225 and 3226 4. Design and construct the areas and rooms below the lowest floor to 3227 automatically equalize hydrostatic and hydrodynamic flood forces on exterior walls by 3228 allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters as follows: 3229 a. provide a minimum of two openings on each of two opposite side walls in the 3230 direction of flow, with each of those walls having a total open area of not less than one 3231 square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding; 3232 b. design the bottom of all openings is no higher than one foot above grade; and

F. New nonresidential structures and substantial improvements of existing

3233	c. screens, louvers or other coverings or devices are allowed if they do not
3234	restrict entry and exit of floodwaters; and
3235	5. Dry flood proof all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning
3236	equipment and other utility and service facilities to, or elevated above, the flood protection
3237	elevation;
3238	G. Anchor all new construction and substantially improved structures to prevent
3239	flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure. The department shall approve the
3240	method used to anchor the new construction;
3241	H. Newly sited manufactured homes and substantial improvements of existing
3242	manufactured homes shall meet the following standards:
3243	1. Manufactured homes shall meet all the standards in this section for residential
3244	structures and the following standards:
3245	a. anchor all manufactured homes; and
3246	b. install manufactured homes using methods and practices that minimize flood
3247	damage; and
3248	2. All manufactured homes within a new mobile home park or expansion of an
3249	existing mobile home park must meet the requirements for flood hazard protection for
3250	residential structures; and
3251	3. Only manufactured homes are allowed in a new or existing mobile home park
3252	located in a flood hazard area;
3253	I. Public and private utilities shall meet the following standards:
3254	1. Dry flood-proof new and replacement utilities including, but not limited to,
3255	sewage treatment and storage facilities, to, or elevate above, the flood protection elevation;

3257 there is insufficient ((soil area or)) area outside the floodplain, new on-site sewage disposal 3258 systems are allowed only in the zero-rise flood fringe. Locate on-site sewage ((dispocal)) 3259 disposal systems in the zero-rise flood fringe to avoid: 3260 a. impairment to the system during flooding; 3261 b. contamination from the system during flooding; and 3262 3. Design all new and replacement water supply systems to minimize or eliminate 3263 infiltration of floodwaters into the system; 3264 4. Above-ground utility transmission lines, except for electric transmission lines, 3265 are allowed only for the transport of nonhazardous substances; and 3266 5. Bury underground utility transmission lines transporting hazardous substances 3267 at a minimum depth of four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base flood, as 3268 predicted by a civil engineer, and achieve sufficient negative buoyancy so that any potential 3269 for flotation or upward migration is eliminated; 3270 J. Critical facilities are only allowed within the zero-rise flood fringe when a 3271 feasible alternative site is not available and the following standards are met: 3272 1. Elevate the lowest floor to the five-hundred year floodplain elevation or three 3273 or more feet above the base flood elevation, whichever is higher; 3274 2. Dry flood-proof and seal structures to ensure that hazardous substances are not 3275 displaced by or released into floodwaters; and 3276 3. Elevate access routes to or above the base flood elevation from the critical 3277 facility to the nearest maintained public street or roadway;

2. Locate new on-site sewage disposal systems outside the floodplain. When

3278	K. New construction or expansion of existing livestock flood sanctuaries is only
3279	allowed as follows:
3280	1. A livestock flood sanctuary is only allowed if there is no other suitable holding
3281	area on the site outside the floodplain to which the livestock have access;
3282	2. Construct the livestock flood sanctuary to the standards in an approved farm
3283	management plan prepared in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and K.C.C. chapter
3284	21A.30. The farm management plan shall demonstrate compliance with the following:
3285	a. flood storage compensation consistent with subsection A. of this section;
3286	b. siting and sizing that do not increase base flood elevations consistent with
3287	K.C.C. 21A.24.250.B. and 21A.24.260.D; and
3288	c. siting that is located in the area least subject to risk from floodwaters; and
3289	L. New construction or expansion of existing livestock manure storage facilities is
3290	only allowed as follows:
3291	1. The livestock manure storage facility is only allowed if there is not a feasible
3292	alternative area on the site outside the floodplain;
3293	2. Construct the livestock manure storage facility to the standards in an approved
3294	farm management plan prepared in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and K.C.C.
3295	chapter 21A.30. The farm management plan shall demonstrate compliance with the
3296	following:
3297	a. flood storage compensation consistent with subsection A. of this section;
3298	b. siting and sizing that do not increase base flood elevations consistent with
3299	K.C.C. 21A.24.250.B. and 21A.24.260.D;
3300	c. dry flood-proofing to the flood protection elevation; and

3301	d. siting that is located in the area least subject to risk from floodwaters.
3302	SECTION 46. Ordinance 10870, Section 472, as amended, and K.C.C.
3303	21A.24.250 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3304	The following development standards apply to development proposals and
3305	alterations on sites within the zero-rise floodway:
3306	A. The development standards that apply to the zero-rise flood fringe also apply to
3307	the zero-rise floodway. The more restrictive requirements shall apply where there is a
3308	conflict;
3309	B. A development proposal shall not increase the base flood elevation except as
3310	follow:
3311	1. Revisions to the Flood Insurance Rate Map are approved by FEMA, in
3312	accordance with 44 CFR 70, to incorporate the increase in the base flood elevation; and
3313	2. Appropriate legal documents are prepared and recorded in which all property
3314	owners affected by the increased flood elevations consent to the impacts on their property;
3315	C. If post and piling construction techniques are used, the following are presumed
3316	to produce no increase in the base flood elevation and a critical areas report is not required
3317	to establish this fact:
3318	1. New residential structures outside the FEMA floodway on lots in existence
3319	before November 27, 1990, that contain less than five thousand square feet of buildable
3320	land outside the zero-rise floodway if the total building footprint of all existing and
3321	proposed structures on the lot does not exceed two-thousand square feet;
3322	2. Substantial improvements of existing residential structures in the zero-rise
3323	floodway, but outside the FEMA floodway, if the footprint is not increased; or

3. Substantial improvements of existing residential structures that meet the 3325 standards for new residential structures in K.C.C. 21A.24.240.((€))D; 3326 D. When post or piling construction techniques are not used, a critical areas report 3327 is required in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.110 demonstrating that the proposal will not 3328 increase the base flood elevation; 3329 E. During the flood season from September 30 to May 1 the following are not 3330 allowed to be located in the zero-rise floodway; 3331 1. All temporary seasonal shelters, such as tents and recreational vehicles; and 3332 2. Staging or stockpiling of equipment, materials or substances that the director 3333 determines may be hazardous to the public health, safety or welfare; 3334 F. New residential structures and substantial improvements to existing residential 3335 structures or any structure accessory to a residential use shall meet the following standards: 3336 1. Locate the structures outside the FEMA floodway; 3337 2. Locate the structures only on lots in existence before November 27, 1990, that 3338 contain less than five thousand square feet of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway; 3339 and 3340 3. To the maximum extent practical, locate the structures the farthest distance 3341 from the channel, unless the applicant can demonstrate that an alternative location is less 3342 subject to risk; 3343 G. Public and private utilities are only allowed if: 3344 1. The department determines that a feasible alternative site is not available; 3345 2. A waiver is granted by the Seattle-King County department of public health for 3346 new on-site sewage disposal facilities;

3. The utilities are dry flood-proofed to or elevated above the flood protection
elevation;
4. Above-ground utility transmission lines, except for electrical transmission

lines, are only allowed for the transport of nonhazardous substances; and

- 5. Underground utility transmission lines transporting hazardous substances are buried at a minimum depth of four feet below the maximum dept of scour for the base flood, as predicted by a civil engineer, and achieve sufficient negative buoyancy so that any potential for flotation or upward migration is eliminated;
- H. Critical facilities, except for those listed in subsection I. of this section are not allowed within the zero-rise floodway; and
- I. Structures and installations that are dependent upon the zero-rise floodway are allowed in the zero-rise floodway if the development proposal is approved by all agencies with jurisdiction and meets the development standards for the zero-rise floodway. These structures and installations may include, but are not limited to:
- 1. Dams or diversions for water supply, flood control, hydroelectric production, irrigation or fisheries enhancement;
- Flood damage reduction facilities, such as levees, revetments and pumping stations;
- 3. Stream bank stabilization structures only if a feasible alternative does not exist for protecting structures, public roadways, flood protection facilities or sole access routes.

  Bank stabilization projects must ((meet the standards of King County's Guidelines for Bank Stabilization Projects (King County Surface Water Management 1993))) be consistent with the Integrated Streambank Protection Guidelines (Washington State Aquatic Habitat

3370	Guidelines Program, 2002) and use bioengineering techniques to the maximum extent
3371	practical. An applicant may use alternative methods to the guidelines if the applicant
3372	demonstrates that the alternative methods provide equivalent or better structural
3373	stabilization, ecological and hydrological functions and salmonid habitat;
3374	4. Surface water conveyance facilities;
3375	5. Boat launches and related recreation structures;
3376	6. Bridge piers and abutments; and
3377	7. Approved aquatic area or wetland restoration projects including, but not limited
3378	to, fisheries enhancement projects.
3379	SECTION 47. Ordinance 10870, Section 473, as amended and K.C.C. 21A.24.260
3380	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3381	A. The development standards that apply to the zero-rise floodway also apply to
3382	the FEMA floodway. The more restrictive standards apply where there is a conflict;
3383	B. A development proposal shall not increase the base flood elevation. A civil
3384	engineer shall certify, through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance
3385	with standard engineering practice, that any proposed encroachment would not result in any
3386	increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge;
3387	C. New residential or nonresidential structures are prohibited within the <u>mapped</u>
3388	FEMA floodway. A residential structure cannot be constructed on fill placed within the
3389	mapped FEMA floodway;
3390	D. Livestock flood sanctuaries and manure storage facilities are prohibited in the
3391	FEMA floodway;

E. If the footprint of the existing residential structure is not increased, substantial improvements of existing residential structures in the FEMA floodway, meeting the requirements of WAC 173-158-070, as amended, are presumed to not increase the base flood elevation and do not require a critical areas report to establish this fact;

- F. Maintenance, repair, replacement or improvement of an existing residential structure located within the agricultural production district on property that is zoned agriculture (A) is allowed in the FEMA floodway if the structure meets the standards for residential structures and utilities in K.C.C. 21A.24.240 and also meets the following requirements:
  - 1. The existing residential structure was legally established;
- 2. The viability of the farm is dependent upon a residential structure within close proximity to other agricultural structures; and
- 3. Replacing an existing residential structure within the FEMA floodway is only allowed if:
- a. there is not sufficient buildable area on the site outside the FEMA floodway for the replacement;
- b. the replacement residential structure is not located in an area that increases the flood hazard in water depth, velocity or erosion;
  - c. the building footprint of the existing residential structure is not increased; and
- d. the existing structure, including the foundation, is completely removed within ninety days of receiving a certificate of occupancy, or temporary certificate of occupancy, whichever occurs first, for the replacement structure;

3415 residential structure, other than a residential structure located within the agricultural 3416 production district on property that is zoned agricultural (A), is allowed in the FEMA 3417 floodway if the structure meets the standards for existing residential structures and utilities 3418 in K.C.C. 21A.24.240 and also meets the following requirements: 3419 1. The Washington state Department of Ecology has assessed the flood 3420 characteristics of the site and determined: 3421 a. base flood depths will not exceed three feet; 3422 b. base flood velocities will not exceed three feet per second; 3423 c. there is no evidence of flood-related erosion, as determined by location of the 3424 project site in relationship to mapped channel migration zones or, if the site is not mapped, 3425 evidence of overflow channels and bank erosion; and 3426 d. a flood warning system or emergency plan is in operation; 3427 2. The Washington state Department of Ecology has prepared a report of findings 3428 and recommendations to the department that determines the repair or replacement will not 3429 result in an increased risk of harm to life based on the characteristics of the site; 3430 3. The department has reviewed the Washington state Department of Ecology 3431 report and concurs that the development proposal is consistent with the findings and recommendations in the report; 3432 3433 4. The development proposal is consistent with the findings and recommendations of the Washington state Department of Ecology report; 3434 3435 5. The existing residential structure was legally established;

G. Maintenance, repair or replacement of a substantially damaged existing

3436 6. Replacing an existing residential structure within the FEMA floodway is only 3437 allowed if: 3438 a. there is not sufficient buildable area on the site outside the FEMA floodway; 3439 b. the replacement structure is a residential structure built as a substitute for a 3440 previously existing residential structure of equivalent use and size; and 3441 c. the existing residential structure, including the foundation, is removed within 3442 ninety days of receiving a certificate of occupancy, or temporary certificate of occupancy, 3443 whichever occurs first, for the replacement structure; and 3444 H. Maintenance or repair of a structure, as defined in WAC 173-158-030, that is 3445 identified as a historic resource, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.597, is allowed in the FEMA 3446 floodway if the structure and utilities meet the standards of K.C.C. 21A.24.240 for 3447 residential structures or nonresidential structures, as appropriate. 3448 SECTION 48. Ordinance 10870, Section 476, as amended, and K.C.C. 3449 21A.24.290 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 3450 The following development standards apply to development proposals and 3451 alterations on sites containing seismic hazard areas: 3452 A. The department may approve alterations to seismic hazard areas only if: 3453 1. the evaluation of site-specific subsurface conditions shows that the proposed 3454 development site is not located in a seismic hazard area; or 3455 2. The applicant implements appropriate engineering design based on the best 3456 available engineering and geological practices that either eliminates or minimizes the risk 3457 of structural damage or injury resulting from seismically induced settlement or soil 3458 liquefaction; and

B. The department may waive or reduce engineering study and design 3460 requirements for alterations in seismic hazard areas for: 3461 1. Mobile homes; 3462 2. Additions or alterations that do not increase occupancy or significantly affect 3463 the risk of structural damage or injury; and 3464 3. One story ((B)) buildings with less than two-thousand-five hundred square 3465 feet of floor area or roof area, whichever is greater, and that are not dwelling units or 3466 used as places of employment or public assembly. 3467 SECTION 49. Ordinance 11481, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.311 3468 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 3469 The map entitled King County Critical Aquifer Recharge Areas, included in 3470 Attachment ((B to Ordinance 15051)) A to this ordinance, is hereby adopted as the 3471 designation of critical aquifer recharge areas in King County in accordance with RCW 3472 36.70A.170. ((The council may adopt by ordinance revisions to add or remove critical 3473 aquifer recharge areas based on additional information about areas with susceptibility to 3474 ground water contamination or on changes to sole source aquifers or wellhead protection 3475 areas as identified in wellhead protection programs.)) 3476 SECTION 50. Ordinance 15051, Section 173 and K.C.C. 21A.24.312 are each 3477 hereby amended to read as follows: 3478 Upon application supported by a critical areas report that includes a 3479 hydrogeologic site evaluation, the department, in consultation with the department of 3480 natural resources and parks, may determine that an area that is or is not classified as a

3401	critical aquiter recharge area on the map adopted ((and amended by public rule)) under
3482	K.C.C. 21A.24.311:
3483	A. Does not meet the criteria for a critical aquifer recharge area and declassify
3484	that area if it is classified as a critical aquifer recharge area; ((OF))
3485	B. Has the wrong critical aquifer recharge area classification and determine the
3486	correct classification; or
3487	C. Has not been classified as a critical aquifer recharge area and should be so
3488	classified based on the standards of KCC 21A.24.313.
3489	SECTION 51. Ordinance 15051, Section 174 and K.C.C. 21A.24.313 are each
3490	hereby amended to read as follows:
3491	Critical aquifer recharge areas are categorized as follows:
3492	A. Category I critical aquifer recharge areas include those mapped areas that
3493	King County has determined are:
3494	$\underline{1.}$ ((h)) $\underline{H}$ ighly susceptible to groundwater contamination and that are located
3495	within a sole source aquifer or a wellhead protection area; or
3496	2. In an area where hydrogeologic mapping or a numerical flow transport
3497	model in a Washington department of health approved wellhead protection plan
3498	demonstrate that the area is within the one year time of travel to a wellhead for a Group A
3499	water system;
3500	B. Category II critical aquifer recharge areas include those mapped areas that
3501	King County has determined:
3502	1. Have a medium susceptibility to ground water contamination and are located
3503	in a sole source aquifer or a wellhead protection area; or

3504 2. Are highly susceptible to groundwater contamination and are not located in a 3505 sole source aquifer or wellhead protection area; and 3506 C. Category III critical aquifer recharge areas include those mapped areas that 3507 King County has determined have low susceptibility to groundwater contamination and 3508 are located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater. 3509 SECTION 52. Ordinance 15051, Section 179 and K.C.C. 21A.24.316 are each 3510 hereby amended to read as follows: 3511 The following development standards apply to development proposals and 3512 alterations on sites containing critical aquifer recharge areas: 3513 A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following 3514 new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category 3515 I critical aquifer recharge area: 3516 1. Transmission pipelines carrying petroleum or petroleum products; 3517 2. Sand and gravel, and hard rock mining unless: 3518 a. the site has mineral zoning as of January 1, 2005; or 3519 b. mining is a permitted use on the site and the critical aquifer recharge area 3520 was mapped after the date a complete application for mineral extraction on the site was 3521 filed with the department; 3522 3. Mining of any type below the upper surface of the saturated ground water that 3523 could be used for potable water supply; 3524 4. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW; 3525 5. Hydrocarbon extraction; 3526 6. Commercial wood treatment facilities on permeable surfaces;

3527	7. Underground storage tanks, including tanks that are exempt from the
3528	requirements of chapter 173 WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter
3529	70.105 RCW, that do not comply with standards of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C.
3530	Title 17;
3531	8. Above-ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter
3532	70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill
3533	protection plan;
3534	9. Golf courses;
3535	10. Cemeteries;
3536	11. Wrecking yards;
3537	12. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste or special waste, as
3538	defined in K.C.C. chapter 10.04; and
3539	13. On lots smaller than one acre, an on-site septic system, unless:
3540	a. the system is approved by the Washington state Department of Health and
3541	((the system either uses an up flow media filter system or a proprietary packed-bed filter
3542	system or is designed to achieve approximately eighty percent total nitrogen removal for
3543	typical domestic wastewater)) has been listed by the Washington state Department of
3544	Health as meeting treatment standard N as provided in WAC chapter 426-172A; or
3545	b. the Seattle-King County department of public health determines that the
3546	systems required under subsection A.13.a. of this section will not function on the site.
3547	B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following
3548	new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category
3549	II critical aquifer recharge area:

3550	1. Mining of any type below the upper surface of the saturated ground water that
3551	could be used for potable water supply;
3552	2. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW;
3553	3. Hydrocarbon extraction;
3554	4. Commercial wood treatment facilities located on permeable surfaces;
3555	5.a. Except for a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an
3556	aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater, underground storage tanks
3557	with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do not meet the
3558	requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17; and
3559	b. For a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an aquifer
3560	underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater, underground storage tanks,
3561	including underground storage tanks exempt from the requirements of chapter 173-360
3562	WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do not comply
3563	with the standards in chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17;
3564	6. Above-ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter
3565	70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill
3566	protection plan;
3567	7. Wrecking yards;
3568	8. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste, or special waste, as
3569	defined in K.C.C. chapter 10.04; and
3570	9. On lots smaller than one acre, an on-site septic systems, unless:
3571	a. the system is approved by the Washington state Department of Health and
3572	((the system either uses an up flow media filter system or a proprietary packed bed filter

3573	system or is designed to achieve approximately eighty percent total nitrogen removal for
3574	typical domestic wastewater)) has been listed by the Washington state Department of
3575	Health as meeting treatment standard N as provided in WAC chapter 426-172A; or
3576	b. the Seattle-King County department of public health determines that the
3577	systems required under subsection B.9.a. of this section will not function on the site.
3578	C. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following
3579	new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category
3580	III critical aquifer recharge area:
3581	1. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW;
3582	2. Hydrocarbon extraction;
3583	3. Commercial wood treatment facilities located on permeable surfaces;
3584	4. Underground storage tanks, including tanks exempt from the requirements of
3585	chapter 173-360 WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW,
3586	that do not comply with the requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17;
3587	5. Above ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter
3588	70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill
3589	protection plan;
3590	6. Wrecking yards; and
3591	7. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste, or special waste, as
3592	defined in K.C.C. chapter 10.04.
3593	D. The following standards apply to development proposals and alterations that
3594	are substantial improvements on a site located in a critical aquifer recharge area:

1. The owner of an underground storage tank, including a tank that is exempt from the requirements of chapter 173 WAC, in a category I or III critical aquifer recharge area or a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater shall either bring the tank into compliance with the standards of chapter 173 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17 or properly decommission or remove the tank; and

- 2. The owner of an underground storage tank in a category II critical aquifer recharge area not located on located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater shall bring the tank into compliance with the standards of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17 or shall properly decommission or remove the tank.
- E. In any critical aquifer recharge area, the property owner shall properly decommission an abandoned well.
- F. On a site located in a critical aquifer recharge area within the urban growth area, a development proposal for new residential development, including, but not limited to, a subdivision, short subdivision, or dwelling unit, shall incorporate best management practices included in the King County Surface Water Design Manual into the site design in order to infiltrate stormwater runoff to the maximum extent practical.
- G. On an island surround by saltwater, the owner of a new well located within two hundred feet of the ordinary high water mark of the marine shoreline and within a critical aquifer recharge area shall test the well for chloride levels using testing protocols approved by the Washington state Department of Health. The owner shall report the results of the test to Seattle-King County department of public health and to the

department of natural resources and parks. If the test results indicate saltwater intrusion is likely to occur, the department of natural resources and parks, in consultation with Seattle-King County department of public health, shall recommend appropriate measures to prevent saltwater intrusion.

- H. On a site greater than twenty acres, the department may approve a development proposal otherwise prohibited by subsections A., B. and C. of this section if the applicant demonstrates through a critical areas report that the development proposal is located outside the critical aquifer recharge area and that the development proposal will not cause a significant adverse environmental impact to the critical aquifer recharge area.
- I. The provisions relating to underground storage tanks in subsections A. through D. of this section apply only when the proposed regulation of underground storage tanks has been submitted to and approved by the Washington state department of ecology, in accordance with 90.76.040 RCW and WAC 173-360-530.
- SECTION 53. Ordinance 15051, Section 185 and K.C.C. 21A.24.325 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- Except as otherwise provided in this section, buffers shall be provided from the wetland edge as follows:
- A. In the Urban Growth Area, buffers for wetlands shall be established in accordance with the following standards:
- 1. The standard buffer widths of the following table shall apply unless modified in accordance with subsection A.2, A.3, C. or D. of this section:

WETLAND CATEGORY AND CHARACTERISTICS	BUFFER
Category I	

WETLAND CATEGORY AND CHARACTERISTICS	BUFFER
Natural Heritage Wetlands	215 feet
Bog	215 feet
Estuarine	175 feet
Coastal Lagoon	175 feet
Habitat score from ((29)) 31 to 36 points	225 feet
Habitat score from 20 to ((28)) 30 points	150 feet <u>plus 7.5</u>
	feet for each habitat
	score point above
	20 points
Category I wetlands not meeting any of the criteria ((below))	125 feet
above	
Category II	
Estuarine	135 feet
Habitat score from $((29))$ 31 to 36 points	200 feet
Habitat score from 20 to ((28)) 30 points	125 feet <u>plus 7.5</u>
	feet for each habitat
	score point above
	20 points
Category II wetlands not meeting any of the criteria ((below))	100 feet
<u>above</u>	

WETLAND CATEGORY AND CHARACTERISTICS	BUFFER
Category III	
Habitat score from 20 to 28 points	125 feet
Category III wetlands not meeting any of the criteria ((below))	75 feet
<u>above</u>	
Category IV	50 feet

2. If a Category I or II wetland with habitat score greater than twenty points is located within three hundred feet of a priority habitat area as defined by the Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife, the buffer established by subsection A.1. of this section shall be increased by fifty feet unless:

a.(i) the applicant provides relatively undisturbed vegetated corridor at least one hundred feet wide between the wetland and all priority habitat areas located within three hundred feet of the wetland. The corridor shall be protected for the entire distance between the wetland and the priority habitat through a conservation easement, native growth protection easement or the equivalent; and

((b.)) (ii) the applicable mitigation measures in subsection A.3.b. of this section are provided; or

b. the wetland is a freshwater or deep freshwater wetland; and

- 3. Buffers calculated in accordance with subsection A.1. and A.2. of this ((section)) section shall be reduced as follows:
- a. Buffers for all categories of wetlands shall be reduced by twenty-five feet if the applicant implements all applicable mitigation measures identified in subsection A.3.b. of this section, or if the applicant proposes alternate mitigation to reduce the

impacts of the development and the department determines the alternative provides equivalent mitigation.

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b. The following mitigation measures may be used by an applicant to obtain a reduced buffer width under subsection A.1. of this section:

Disturbance	Measures to minimize impacts	Activities that may cause the
		disturbance
Lights	Direct lights away from wetland	Parking lots, warehouses,
		manufacturing, high density
		residential
Noise	Place activity that generates noise	manufacturing, high density
	away from the wetland.	residential
Toxic runoff	Route all new untreated runoff away	Parking lots, roads,
	from wetland, or	manufacturing, residential areas,
	Covenants limiting use of pesticides	application of agricultural
	within 150 ft of wetland, or	pesticides, landscaping
	Implement integrated pest	
	management program	
Change in	Infiltrate or treat, detain and disperse	Any impermeable surface, lawns,
water regime	into buffer new runoff from	tilling
	impervious surfaces using low impact	
	development measures identified in	
	the King County Surface Water	
	Design Manual	

Pets and	Privacy fencing or landscaping to	Residential areas
Human	delineate buffer edge and to	
disturbance	discourage disturbance of wildlife by	
	humans and pets	
Dust	BMP's for dust	Tilled fields
Degraded	Nonnative plants to be removed and	All activities potentially requiring
buffer	replaced with native vegetation per an	buffers
condition	approved landscaping plan to be	
	bonded and monitored for a three year	
	period after completion to assure at	
	least 80% survival of plantings	

B. For a wetland located outside the Urban Growth Area:

1. The buffers shown on the following table apply unless modified in

accordance with subsections C. and D. of this section:

WETLAND CATEGORY AND	INTENSITY OF IMPACT OF		
CHARACTERISTICS	ADJACENT LAND USE		
	HIGH	MODERATE	LOW
	IMPACT	IMPACT	IMPACT
Category I			
Category I wetlands not meeting any of	100 feet	75 feet	50 feet
the criteria below			
Natural Heritage Wetlands	250 feet	190 feet	125 feet

WETLAND CATEGORY AND	INTENSITY OF IMPACT OF		
CHARACTERISTICS	ADJACENT LAND USE		
	HIGH	MODERATE	LOW
	IMPACT	IMPACT	IMPACT
Bog	250 feet	190 feet	125 feet
Estuarine	200 feet	150 feet	100 feet
Coastal Lagoon	200 feet	150 feet	100 feet
Habitat score from ((29)) 31 to 36 points	300 feet	225 feet	150 feet
Habitat score from 20 to ((28)) 30 points	150 feet plus	110 feet plus	75 feet plus
	15 feet for	11.5 feet for	7.5 feet for
	each habitat	each habitat	<u>each</u>
	point above	point above	<u>habitat</u>
	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	point above
			<u>20</u>
Category II			
Category II wetlands not meeting any of	100 feet	75 feet	50 feet
the criteria below			
Estuarine	150 feet	110 feet	75 feet
Interdunal	150 feet	110 feet	75 feet
Habitat score from ((29)) 31 to 36 points	300 feet	225 feet	150 feet

WETLAND CATEGORY AND	INTENSITY OF IMPACT OF		
CHARACTERISTICS	ADJACENT LAND USE		
	HIGH	MODERATE	LOW
	IMPACT	IMPACT	IMPACT
Habitat score from 20 to ((28)) 30 points	150 feet plus	110 feet plus	75 feet plus
	15 feet for	11.5 feet for	7.5 feet for
	each habitat	each habitat	each
	point above	point above	<u>habitat</u>
	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	point above
			<u>20</u>
Category III			
Category III wetlands not meeting any of	80 feet	60 feet	40 feet
the criteria below			
Habitat score from 20 to 28 points	150 feet	110 feet	75 feet
Category IV	50 feet	40 feet	25 feet

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2. For purposes of this subsection B., unless the director determines a lesser level of impact is appropriate based on information provided by the applicant, the intensity of impact of the adjacent land use is determined as follows:

- a. high impact includes:
- 3667 (1) sites zoned commercial or industrial;
- 3668 (2) commercial or industrial use on a site regardless of the zoning designation;

3670	(3) nonresidential use on a site zoned for residential use;
3671	(4) active recreation use on a site regardless of zoning;
3672	b. moderate impact includes:
3673	(1) residential uses on sites zoned rural residential ((without an approved
3674	rural stewardship plan));;
3675	(2) residential use on a site zoned agriculture or forestry; or
3676	(3) agricultural uses without an approved farm management plan; and
3677	c. low impact includes:
3678	(1) forestry use on a site regardless of zoning designation;
3679	(2) ((residential uses on sites zoned rural residential with an approved rural
3680	stewardship plan;
3681	(3)) passive recreation uses, such as trails, nature viewing areas, fishing and
3682	camping areas, and other similar uses that do not require permanent structures, on a site
3683	regardless of zoning; or
3684	((4))) (3) agricultural uses carried out in accordance with an approved farm
3685	management plan.
3686	C. The department may approve a modification of the minimum buffer width
3687	required by this section by averaging the buffer width if:
3688	1. The department determines that:
3689	a. the ecological structure and function of the buffer after averaging is
3690	equivalent to or greater than the structure and function before averaging; or
3691	b. averaging includes the corridors of a wetland complex; and
3692	2. The resulting buffer meets the following standards:

3694 area of the buffer before averaging; 3695 b. the additional buffer is contiguous with the standard buffer; and 3696 c. if the buffer width averaging allows a structure or landscaped area to intrude 3697 into the area that was buffer area before averaging, the resulting landscaped area shall 3698 extend no more than fifteen feet from the edge of the structure's footprint toward the 3699 reduced buffer. 3700 D. Wetland buffer widths shall also be subject to modifications under the 3701 following special circumstances: 3702 1. For wetlands containing documented habitat for endangered, threatened or 3703 species of local importance, the following shall apply: 3704 a. the department shall establish the appropriate buffer, based on a habitat 3705 assessment, to ensure that the buffer provides adequate protection for the sensitive 3706 species; and 3707 b. the department may apply the buffer increase rules in subsection A.2. of this 3708 section, the buffer reduction rules in subsection A.3. of this section, and the buffer 3709 averaging rules in subsection C. of this section; 3710 2. For a wetland buffer that includes a steep slope hazard area or landslide 3711 hazard area, the buffer width is the greater of ((either)) the buffer width required by the 3712 wetland's category in this section or twenty-five feet beyond the top of the hazard area; 3713 and 3714 3. For a wetland complex located outside the Urban Growth Area established by 3715 the King County Comprehensive Plan or located within the Urban Growth Area in a

a. the total area of the buffer after averaging is equivalent to or greater than the

3717 as Attachment A to ((this ordinance)) Ordinance 15051, the buffer width is determined as 3718 follows: 3719 a. the buffer width for each individual wetland in the complex is the same 3720 width as the buffer width required for the category of wetland; 3721 b. if the buffer of a wetland within the complex does not touch or overlap with 3722 at least one other wetland buffer in the complex, a corridor is required from the buffer of 3723 that wetland to one other wetland buffer in the complex considering the following 3724 factors: (1) the corridor is designed to support maintaining viable wildlife species that 3725 3726 are commonly recognized to exclusively or partially use wetlands and wetland buffers 3727 during a critical life cycle stage, such as breeding, rearing, or feeding; 3728 (2) the corridor minimizes fragmentation of the wetlands; 3729 (3) higher category wetlands are connected through corridors before lower 3730 category wetlands; and 3731 (4) the corridor width is a least twenty-five percent of the length of the 3732 corridor, but no less than twenty-five feet in width; and 3733 (5) shorter corridors are preferred over longer corridors; 3734 c. wetlands in a complex that are connected by an aquatic area that flows 3735 between the wetlands are not required to be connected through a corridor; 3736 d. the department may exclude a wetland from the wetland complex if the 3737 applicant demonstrates that the wetland is unlikely to provide habitat for wildlife species

basin designated as "high" on the Basin and Shoreline Conditions Map, which is included

that are commonly recognized to exclusively or partially use wetlands and wetland buffers during a critical life cycle stage, such as breeding, rearing or feeding; and

- e. the alterations allowed in a wetland buffer in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 are allowed in corridors subject to the same conditions and requirements as wetland buffers as long as the alteration is designed so as not to disrupt wildlife movement through the corridor; and
- 4. Where a legally established roadway transects a wetland buffer, the department may approve a modification of the minimum required buffer width to the edge of the roadway if the part of the buffer on the other side of the roadway sought to be reduced:
- a. does not provide additional protection of the proposed development or the wetland; and
- b. provides insignificant biological, geological or hydrological buffer functions relating to the other portion of the buffer adjacent to the wetland."
- 5. If the site has an approved rural stewardship plan under K.C.C. 21A.24.055, the buffer widths shall be established under the rural stewardship plan and shall not exceed the standard for a low impact land use, unless the department of natural resources and parks determines that a larger buffer is necessary to achieve no net loss of wetland ecological function.
- E. ((Wetlands created through voluntary enhancement or restoration projects are not subject)) The department may approve a modification to the buffers established in subsections A. and B. of this section if the wetland was created or its characterization was upgraded as part of a voluntary enhancement or restoration project.

3761 SECTION 54. Ordinance 15051, Section 187 and K.C.C. 21A.24.335 are each 3762 hereby amended to read as follows: 3763 The following development standards apply to development proposals and 3764 alterations on sites containing wetlands or their buffers: 3765 A. Unless allowed as an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, only the 3766 alterations identified in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 are allowed in wetlands and wetland buffers; 3767 B. The applicant shall not introduce any plant or wildlife that is not indigenous to 3768 the Puget Sound lowland into any wetland or wetland buffer unless authorized by a state 3769 or federal permit or approval; 3770 C. A category IV wetland less than two-thousand-five-hundred square feet that is 3771 not part of a wetland complex may be altered in accordance with an approved mitigation 3772 plan by relocating ((its functions)) the wetland into a new wetland, ((on the site)) with 3773 equivalent or greater functions, or into an existing wetland at the ratios specified in 3774 K.C.C. 21A.24.340 based on the type of mitigation measures proposed ((in accordance 3775 with an approved mitigation plan)); and 3776 D. Alterations to category I wetlands containing bogs or fens are limited to 3777 K.C.C. 21A.24.045 D.20. and D.52. 3778 SECTION 55. Ordinance 10870, Section 481, as amended, and K.C.C. 3779 21A.24.340 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 3780 In addition to the requirements in K.C.C. 21A.24.125 and 21A.24.130, the 3781 following applies to ((mitication)) mitigation to compensate for the adverse impacts 3782 associated with an alteration to a wetland or wetland buffer:

- A. Mitigation measures must achieve equivalent or greater wetland functions, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. Habitat complexity, connectivity and other biological functions; and
- 2. Seasonal hydrological dynamics, as provided in the King County Surface
- 3787 Water Design Manual;

- 3788 B. The following ratios of area of mitigation to area of alteration apply to mitigation measures for permanent alterations:
- 3790 1. For alterations to a wetland buffer, a ratio of one to one; and
- 3791 2. For alterations to a wetland:

Category and	Wetland	Wetland	1:1 Wetland	Wetland
type of wetland	reestablishment or	rehabilitation	reestablishment or	enhancement
	creation		wetland creation	only
			(R/C) and wetland	
			enhancement (E)	
Category IV	1.5:1	3:1	1:1 R/C and 2:1 E	6:1
Category III	2:1	4:1	1:1 R/C and 2:1 E	8:1
Category II	Case-by-case	4:1 rehabilitation of	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
estuarine		an estuarine wetland		
All other	3:1	8:1	1:1 R/C and 4:1 E	12:1
Category II				
Category I	6:1	12:1	1:1 R/C and 10:1 E	Case-by-case
forested				
Category I	4:1	8:1	1:1 R/C and 6:1 E	Case-by-case

based on score for				
functions				
Category I	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
natural heritage		a natural heritage		
site		site		
Category I	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
coastal lagoon		a coastal lagoon		
Category I bog	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
		a bog		
Category I	Case-by-case	6:1 rehabilitation of	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
estuarine		an estuarine wetland		

C. The following ratios of area of mitigation to area of alteration apply to

mitigation measures for temporary alterations where wetlands will not be impacted by

## permanent fill material:

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Wetland	Permanent conversion of forested and shrub			Mitigation for t	emporal loss of f	orested and	
category	wetlands into emergent wetlands			shrub wetlands when the impacted wetlands			
					will be revegetated to forest or shrub		
				communities			
	Enhancement	Rehabilitation	Creation or	Enhancement	Rehabilitation	Creation or	
			restoration			restoration	
Category	6:1	4.5:1	3:1	3:1	2:1	1.5:1	
I							
Category	3:1	2:1	1.5:1	1.5:1	1:1	.75:1	
II							
Category	2:1	1.5:1	1:1	1:1	.75:1	.5:1	
III							
Category	1.5:1	1:1	.75:1	Not	Not	Not	

	IV			applicable	applicable	applicable
3795	D. The departmen	t may increase	the mitigation	ratios provide	d in subsection	ıs B.
3796	and C. of this section under	er the following	circumstances	s:		
3797	1. The departmen	nt determines th	nere is uncertai	nty as to the p	robable succes	s of
3798	the proposed restoration or	r creation;				
3799	2. A significant p	period of time v	vill elapse betw	veen the impac	ct caused by th	e
3800	development proposal and	the establishm	ent of wetland	functions at th	ne mitigation s	ite;
3801	3. The proposed	mitigation will	result in a low	er category we	etland or reduc	ed
3802	functions relative to the w	etland being im	pacted; or			
3803	4. The alteration	causing the im	pact was an un	authorized imp	pact.	
3804	E. The department	may decrease	the mitigation	ratios provide	d in subsection	ns B.
3805	and C. of this section under	er the following	circumstances	S:		
3806	1. The applicant	demonstrates b	y documentation	on submitted b	y a qualified	
3807	wetland specialist that the	proposed mitig	ation actions h	ave a very hig	gh likelihood o	f
3808	success based on hydrolog	ic data and pric	or experience;			
3809	2. The applicant	demonstrates b	y documentation	on by a qualifi	ed wetland	
3810	specialist that the proposed	d actions for co	mpensation wi	ll provide fund	ctions and valu	ies
3811	that are significantly great	er than the wet	and being imp	acted;		
3812	3. The applicant	demonstrates th	nat the propose	d actions for n	nitigation have	<b>;</b>
3813	been conducted in advance	e of the impact	caused by the	development p	proposal and th	ıat
3814	the actions are successful;	or				
3815	4. In wetlands wl	nere several we	tland hydroged	omorphic class	ses, including,	but
3816	not limited to depressional	, slope, riverin	e and flow thro	ough, are found	d within one	
3817	delineated boundary, the d	epartment may	decrease the r	atios if:		

3819 hydrogeomorphic class from the one used to establish the category; 3820 b. the category of the area with a different class is lower than that of the entire 3821 wetland: and 3822 c. the applicant provides adequate hydrologic and geomorphic data to establish 3823 that the boundary between the hydrogeomorphic classes lies outside of the footprint of 3824 the impacts. 3825 F. For temporary alterations to a wetland or its buffer that are predominately 3826 woody vegetation, the department may require mitigation in addition to restoration of the 3827 altered wetland or buffer; and 3828 G. Mitigation of an alteration to a buffer of a wetland that occurs along an 3829 aquatic area lake shoreline in accordance with an allowed alteration under this chapter 3830 shall include, but is not limited to, on-site revegetation, maintenance and other restoration 3831 of the buffer or setback area to the maximum extent practical((; and 3832 H. The department may consider two or more contiguous sites under common 3833 ownership and located in the same drainage subbasin, as one site for the purpose of 3834 mitigation ratios)). 3835 SECTION 56. Ordinance 15051, Section 192 and K.C.C. 21A.24.355 are each 3836 hereby amended to read as follows: 3837 A. Aquatic areas are categorized or "typed" as follows: 3838 1. Type S waters include all aquatic areas inventoried as "shorelines of the state" 3839 under King County's Shoreline Master Program, K.C.C. Title 25, in accordance with 3840 chapter 90.58 RCW, including segments of streams where the mean annual flow is more

a. impacts to the wetland are all within an area that has a different

than twenty cubic feet per second, marine shorelines and lakes twenty acres in size or greater;

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- 2. Type F waters include all segments of aquatic areas that are not type S waters and that contain fish or fish habitat, including waters diverted for use by a federal, state or tribal fish hatchery from the point of diversion for one-thousand-five-hundred feet or the entire tributary if the tributary is highly significant for protection of downstream water quality;
- 3. Type N waters include all segments of aquatic areas that are not type S or F waters and that are physically connected to type S or F waters by an above-ground channel system, stream or wetland; and
- 4. Type O waters include all segments of aquatic areas that are not type S, F or N waters and that are not physically connected to type S, F or N waters by an aboveground channel system, pipe or culvert, stream or wetland.
- B. For the purposes of the water types in subsection A. of this section, an aboveground channel system is considered to be present if the one-hundred year floodplains of both the contributing and receiving waters are connected.
- C. The department may determine that an area upstream of a legal human-made barrier is not fish habitat considering the following factors:
- 3859 1. The human-made barrier is located beneath public infrastructure that is 3860 unlikely to be replaced and it is not feasible to remove the barrier without removing the public infrastructure;

3863 King County Comprehensive Plan and is located beneath one or more dwelling units and 3864 it is not feasible to remove the barrier without removing the dwelling unit; 3865 3. The human-made barrier is located in a subbasin that is not designated "high" 3866 on the Basin and Shoreline Conditions Map which is included as Attachment A to ((this 3867 ordinance)) Ordinance 15051; or 3868 4. The human-made barrier is not identified for removal by a public agency or 3869 in an adopted watershed plan. 3870 SECTION 57. Ordinance 15051, Section 193 and K.C.C. 21A.24.358 are each 3871 hereby amended to read as follows: 3872 A. Aquatic area buffers shall be measured as follows: 3873 1. From the ordinary high water mark or from the top of bank if the ordinary 3874 high water mark cannot be identified; 3875 2. If the aquatic area is located within a mapped severe channel migration area, 3876 the aquatic area buffer width shall be the greater of the aquatic area buffer width as 3877 measured consistent with subsection A.1. of this section or the outer edge of the severe 3878 channel migration area; or 3879 3. If the aquatic area buffer includes a steep slope hazard area or landslide 3880 hazard area, the aquatic area buffer width is the greater of either the aquatic area buffer in 3881 this section or twenty-five feet beyond the top of the hazard area. 3882 B. Within the Urban Growth Area, aquatic area buffers shall be as follows: 3883 1. A type S or F aquatic area buffer is one-hundred-fifteen-feet;

2. The human-made barrier is in the Urban Growth Area established by the

3884 2. A type S or F aquatic area buffer in a basin or shoreline designated as "high" 3885 on the Basin and Shoreline Conditions Map is one-hundred-sixty-five-feet; 3886 3. A type N aquatic area buffer is sixty-five-feet; and 3887 4. A type O aquatic area buffer is twenty-five-feet. 3888 C. Outside the Urban Growth Area, aquatic area buffers shall be as follows: 3889 1. A type S or F aquatic area buffer is one-hundred-sixty-five-feet; 3890 2. A type N aquatic area buffer is sixty-five-feet; and 3891 3. A type O aquatic area buffer is twenty-five-feet. 3892 D. Within the Bear Creek drainage basin a type N aquatic area buffer in a 3893 designated regionally significant resource area is one-hundred-feet. 3894 E. The department may approve a modification of buffer widths if: 3895 1. The department determines that through buffer averaging the ecological 3896 structure and function of the resulting buffer is equivalent to or greater than the structure 3897 and function before averaging and meets the following standards: 3898 a. The total area of the buffer is not reduced; 3899 b. The buffer area is contiguous; and 3900 c. Averaging does not result in the reduction of the minimum buffer for the 3901 buffer area waterward of the top of the associated steep slopes or for a severe channel 3902 migration hazard area; 3903 2. The applicant demonstrates that the buffer cannot provide certain functions 3904 because of soils, geology or topography, provided that the department shall establish 3905 buffers which protect the remaining ecological functions that the buffer can provide;

3. The site is zoned RA and is subject to an approved rural stewardship plan. In modifying the buffers, the department shall consider factors such as, the basin and shoreline condition, the location of the site within the basin and shoreline, the buffer condition and the amount of clearing;

- 4. A legally established roadway transects an aquatic area buffer, the roadway edge closest to aquatic area shall be the extent of the buffer, if the part of the buffer on the other side of the roadway provides insignificant biological or hydrological function in relation to the portion of the buffer adjacent to the aquatic area; and
- 5. The aquatic area is created <u>or its type is changed</u> as a result of enhancement or restoration projects that are not mitigation for a development proposal or alteration.
- 3916 <u>SECTION 58.</u> Ordinance 15051, Section 195 and K.C.C. 21A.24.365 are each 3917 hereby amended to read as follows:
  - The following development standards apply to development proposals and alterations on sites containing aquatic areas or their buffers:
  - A. Unless allowed as an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, only the alterations identified in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 are allowed in aquatic areas and aquatic area buffers;
  - B. Grading for allowed alterations in aquatic area buffers is only allowed from May 1 to October 1. This period may be modified when the department determines it is necessary along marine shorelines to protect critical forage fish and salmonid migration or as provided in K.C.C. 16.82.095;
- 3927 C. The moisture-holding capacity of the topsoil layer on all areas of the site not covered by impervious surfaces should be maintained by:

3929	1. Minimizing soil compaction, or
3930	2. Reestablishing natural soil structure and the capacity to infiltrate;
3931	D. New structures within an aquatic area buffer should be sited to avoid the
3932	creation of future hazard trees and to minimize the impact on groundwater movement;
3933	(( <del>and</del> ))
3934	E. To the maximum extent practical:
3935	1. The soil duff layer should not be disturbed, but if disturbed, should be
3936	redistributed to other areas of the project site where feasible;
3937	2. A spatial connection should be provided between vegetation within and
3938	outside the aquatic area buffer to prevent creation of wind throw hazards; and
3939	3. Hazard trees should be retained in aquatic area buffers and either topped or
3940	pushed over toward the aquatic area; and
3941	G. If a restoration, enhancement or mitigation project proposes to place large
3942	woody debris waterward of the ordinary high water mark of a Type S aquatic area, the
3943	applicant shall consider the potential for recreational hazards in project design.
3944	SECTION 59. Ordinance 10870, Section 485, as amended, and K.C.C.
3945	21A.24.380 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3946	In addition the requirements in K.C.C. 21A.24.130, 21A.24.125 and 21A.24.133,
3947	the following applies to mitigation to compensate for the adverse impacts associated with
3948	an alteration to an aquatic area or aquatic area buffer:
3949	A. Mitigation measures must achieve equivalent or greater aquatic area functions
3950	including, but not limited to:
3951	1. Habitat complexity, connectivity and other biological functions:

3952	2. Seasonal hydrological dynamics, water storage capacity and water quality;
3953	and
3954	3. Geomorphic and habitat processes and functions;
3955	B. To the maximum extent practical, permanent alterations that require
3956	restoration or enhancement of the altered aquatic area, aquatic area buffer or another
3957	aquatic area or aquatic area buffer must consider the following design factors, as
3958	applicable to the function being mitigated:
3959	1. The natural channel or shoreline reach dimensions including its depth, width,
3960	length and gradient;
3961	2. The horizontal alignment and sinuosity;
3962	3. The channel bed, sea bed or lake bottom with identical or similar substrate
3963	and similar erosion and sediment transport dynamics;
3964	4. Bank and buffer configuration and erosion and sedimentation rates; and
3965	5. Similar vegetation species diversity, size and densities in the channel, sea bed
3966	or lake bottom and on the riparian bank or buffer;
3967	C. Mitigation to compensate for adverse impacts shall meet the following
3968	standards:
3969	1. Not upstream of a barrier to fish passage;
3970	2. Is equal or greater in biological function; and
3971	3. To the maximum extent practical is located on the site of the alteration or
3972	within one-half mile of the site and in the same aquatic area reach at a 1:1 ratio of area of
3973	mitigation to area of alteration; or

4. Is located in the same aquatic area drainage subbasin or marine shoreline and 3975 attains the following ratios of area of functional mitigation to area of alteration: 3976 a. a 3:1 ratio for a type S or F aquatic area; and 3977 b. a 2:1 ratio for a type N or O aquatic area; 3978 D. For purposes of subsection C. of this section, a mitigation measure is in the 3979 same aquatic area reach if the length of aquatic area shoreline meets the following 3980 criteria: 3981 1. Similar geomorphic conditions including slope, soil, aspect and substrate; 3982 2. Similar processes including erosion and transport of sediment and woody 3983 debris: 3984 3. Equivalent or better biological conditions including invertebrates, fish, 3985 wildlife and vegetation; and 3986 4. Equivalent or better biological functions including mating, reproduction, 3987 rearing, migration and refuge; or 3988 5. For tributary streams, a distance of no more than one-half mile; 3989 E. The department may reduce the mitigation ratios in subsection C. of this 3990 section to 2:1 ratio for a type S or F aquatic area and 1.5:1 ratio for a type N or O aquatic 3991 area if the applicant provides a scientifically rigorous mitigation monitoring program that 3992 includes the following elements: 3993 1. Monitoring methods that ensure that the mitigation meets the approved 3994 performance standards identified by the department; 3995 2. Financing or funding guarantees for the duration of the monitoring program; 3996 and

3997 3. Experienced, qualified staff to perform the monitoring; 3998 F. For rectifying an illegal alteration to any type of aquatic area or its buffer, 3999 mitigation measures must meet the following standards: 4000 1. Located on the site of the illegal alteration at a 1:1 ratio of area of mitigation 4001 to area of alteration; and 4002 2. To the maximum extent practical, replicates the natural prealteration 4003 configuration at its natural prealteration location including the factors in subsection B. of 4004 this section; and 4005 G. The department may modify the requirements in this section if the applicant 4006 demonstrates that, with respect to each aquatic area function, greater functions can be 4007 obtained in the affected hydrologic unit that the department may determine to be the 4008 drainage subbasin through alternative mitigation measures. 4009 H. For temporary alterations to an aquatic area or its buffer that is predominately 4010 woody vegetation, the department may require mitigation in addition to restoration of the 4011 altered aquatic area or buffer. 4012 NEW SECTION. SECTION 60. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C. 4013 Chapter 21A.24 to read as follows: 4014 The department shall only approve an aquatic habitat restoration project that is 4015 proposed for a site located within the agricultural production districts as follows: 4016 A. The project shall be located on agricultural lands that the department of 4017 natural resources and parks determines: 4018 1.a. Are unsuitable for direct agricultural production purposes, such as portions 4019 of property that have not historically been farmed due to soil conditions or frequent

4021 maintenance; or 4022 b. The proposed project would result in a net benefit to agricultural 4023 productivity in the agricultural production district; 4024 2. The project will not reduce the ability to farm in the area; and 4025 3. Agriculture will remain the predominant use in the agricultural production 4026 district; 4027 B. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that there 4028 are no other suitable land outside the agricultural production district that is available for 4029 the project; 4030 C. The department shall hold a public meeting to solicit input from the property 4031 owners affected by the project; and 4032 D. The department shall determine that the project: 4033 1. The project is included in an approved Water Resources Inventory Area Plan, 4034 Farm Management Plan, Flood Hazard Management Plan, or other King County 4035 functional plan; or 4036 2. Based on the recommendation of the department of natural resources and 4037 parks, the project would improve agricultural productivity within the agricultural 4038 productions district. 4039 SECTION 61. Ordinance 14187, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.500 4040 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 4041 A.1. A property owner or the property owner's agent may request a critical area 4042 designation for part or all of a site, without seeking a permit for a development proposal,

flooding and that it determines cannot be returned to productivity by drainage

4043 by filing with the department a written application for a critical area designation on a 4044 form provided by the department. If the request is for review of a portion of a site, the 4045 application shall include a map identifying the portion of the site for which the 4046 designation is sought. 4047 2. ((The designation is limited to the following determinations: 4048 a. The existence, location, and boundaries of any aquatic area, wetland, critical 4049 aquifer recharge area, coal mine hazard area, landslide hazard area or steep slope on the 4050 site; and 4051 b. The classification of any aquatic area or wetland. 4052 3.)) The designation may include an evaluation or interpretation of the 4053 applicability of critical area buffers and other critical area standards to a future 4054 development proposal. 4055 B. In preparing the critical area designation, the department shall perform a 4056 critical area review to: 4057 1. Determine whether any critical area ((that is subject to this designation 4058 process)) exists on the site and confirm its type, location, boundaries and classification; 4059 2. Determine whether a critical area report is required to identify and 4060 characterize the location, boundaries and classification of the critical area; 4061 3. Evaluate the critical area report, if required; and 4062 4. Document the existence, location and classification of any critical area ((that 4063 is subject to this designation process)).

prepare and submit to the department the critical area report required by subsection B.2.

C. If required by the department, the applicant for a critical area designation shall

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of this section. For sites zoned for single detached dwelling units involving wetlands or aquatic areas, the applicant may elect to have the department conduct the special study in accordance with K.C.C. Title 27:

D. The department shall make the determination of a critical area designation in writing within one hundred twenty days after the application for a critical area designation is complete, as provided in K.C.C. 20.20.050. The periods in K.C.C. 20.20.100A.1. through 5. are excluded from the one-hundred-twenty-day period. The written determination made under this section as to the existence, location, classification of a critical area and critical area buffers is effective for five years from the date the determination is issued if there has been no change in site conditions. The department shall rely on the determination of the existence, location and classification of the critical area and the critical area buffer in its review of a complete application for a permit or approval filed within five years after the determination is issued. If the determination applies to less than an entire site, the determination shall clearly identify the portion of the site to which the determination applies.

E. If the department designates critical areas on a site under this section, the applicant for a development proposal on that site shall submit proof that a critical area notice has been filed as required by K.C.C. 21A.24.170. Except as provided in this subsection, the department's determination under this section is final. If the department relies on a critical area designation made under this section during its review of an application for a permit or other approval of a development proposal and the permit or other approval is subject to an administrative appeal, any appeal of the designation shall be consolidated with and is subject to the same appeal process as the underlying

development proposal. If the King County hearing examiner makes the county's final decision with regard to the permit or other approval type for the underlying development proposal, the hearing examiner's decision constitutes the county's final decision on the designation. If the King County council, acting as a quasi-judicial body, makes the county's final decision with regard to the permit or other approval type for the underlying development proposal, the King County council's decision constitutes the county's final decision on the designation.

SECTION 62. Ordinance 15051, Section 230 and K.C.C. 21A.24.515 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

The department of natural resources and parks, in consultation with the department of development and environmental services, shall conduct monitoring ((in one or two subbasins)) to evaluate the effect of this ((ordinance)) chapter on ((wetland)) protecting the functions and values of critical areas. ((The departments shall file a status report on the monitoring with the clerk of the council for distribution to the chair of the growth management and unincorporated areas committee, or its successor committee, not later than January 1, 2007. The departments shall file a final report on the monitoring with the clerk of the council for distribution to the chair of the growth management and unincorporated areas committee, or its successor committee, not later than January 1, 2010.))

SECTION 63. Ordinance 11621, Section 90 and K.C.C. 21A.28.154 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. There is hereby created a School Technical Review Committee (STRC) within King County. The Committee shall consist of ((4)) three county staff persons, one each

from the department of development and environmental services, ((the planning and community development division,)) the office of financial management and the county council.

- B. The Committee shall be charged with reviewing each school district's capital facilities plan, enrollment projections, standard of service, the district's overall capacity for the next six (6) years to ensure consistency with the Growth Management Act, King County Comprehensive Plan, and adopted community plans, and the district's calculation and rationale for proposed impact fees.
- C. Notice of the time and place of the Committee meeting where the district's documents will be considered shall be provided to the district.
- D. At the meeting where the Committee will review or act upon the district's documents, the district shall have the right to attend or to be represented, and shall be permitted to present testimony to the Committee. Meetings shall also be open to the public.
  - E. In its review, the Committee shall consider the following factors:
- 1. Whether the district's forecasting system for enrollment projections has been demonstrated to be reliable and reasonable.
  - 2. The historic levels of funding and voter support for bond issues in the district;
- 3. The inability of the district to obtain the anticipated state funding or to receive voter approval for district bond issues;
- 4. An emergency or emergencies in the district which required the closing of a school facility or facilities resulting in a sudden and unanticipated decline in districtwide capacity; and

5. The standards of service set by school districts in similar types of communities. While community differences will be permitted, the standard established by the district should be reasonably consistent with the standards set by other school districts in communities of similar socioeconomic profile.

- 6. The Committee shall consider the standards identified by the state concerning the ratios of certificated instructional staff to students.
- F. In the event that the district's standard of service reveals a deficiency in its current facilities, the Committee shall review the district's capital facilities plan to determine whether the district has identified all sources of funding necessary to achieve the standard of service.
- G. The district in developing the Financing Plan Component of the Capital Facilities Plan shall plan on a six-year horizon and shall demonstrate its best efforts by taking the following steps:
- 1. Establish a six-year financing plan, and propose the necessary bond issues and levies required by and consistent with that plan and as approved by the school board and consistent with RCW 28A.53.020 and RCW 84.52.052 and .056 as amended; and
- 2. Apply to the state for funding, and comply with the state requirement for eligibility to the best of the district's ability.
- H. The Committee is authorized to request the school district to review and to resubmit its capital facilities plan, or to establish a different standard of service, or to review its capacity for accommodating new students, under the following circumstances:
- 1. The standard of service established by the district is not reasonable in light of the factors set forth in subsection E of this section.

2. The Committee finds that the district's standard of service cannot reasonably be achieved in light of the secured financial commitments and the historic levels of support in the district; or

- 3. Any other basis which is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- I. The Committee shall prepare and submit an annual report to the King County council for each school district recommending a certification of concurrency in the district, except as provided in Subsection L of this section using the school concurrency standard as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.28.160. If a school district fails to submit its capital facilities plan for review by the STRC, King County shall assume the district has adequate capacity to accommodate growth for the following six years.
- J. The Committee shall submit copies of its recommendation of concurrency for each school district to the director of DDES, to the hearing examiner, and to the district.
- K. The committee shall recommend to the council a comprehensive plan amendment adopting the district's capital facilities plan as part of the comprehensive plan, for any plan which the Committee concludes accurately reflects the district's facilities status.
- L. In the event that after reviewing the district's capital facilities plan and other documents, the Committee is unable to recommend certifying concurrency in a school district, the Committee shall submit a statement to the council, the director and the hearing examiner stating that the Committee is unable to recommend certifying concurrency in a specific school district. The Committee shall recommend to the executive that he propose to the council, amendments to the land use element of the King County Comprehensive Plan or amendments to the development regulations

implementing the plan to more closely conform county land use plans and school facilities plans, including but not limited to requiring mandatory phasing of plats, UPDs or multifamily development located within the district's boundary. The necessary draft amendments shall accompany such recommendations.

- SECTION 64. Ordinance 10870, Section 563, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 4186 21A.34.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

- A. The public benefits eligible to earn increased densities, and the maximum incentive to be earned by each benefit, are in subsection F of this section. The density incentive is expressed as additional bonus dwelling unit, or fractions of dwelling units, earned per amount of public benefit provided.
- B. Bonus dwelling units may be earned through any combination of the listed public benefits.
- C. The guidelines for affordable housing bonuses including the establishment of rental levels, housing prices and asset limitations, will be updated and adopted annually by the council in the consolidated housing and community development plan.
- D. Bonus dwelling units may also be earned and transferred to the project site through the transfer of development rights (TDR) program established in K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, by providing any of the open space, park site or historic preservation public benefits set forth in subsection F.2. or 3. of this section on sites other than that of the RDI development.
- E. Residential development in R-4 through R-48 zones with property specific development standards requiring any public benefit enumerated in this chapter, shall be eligible to earn bonus dwelling units in accordance with subsection F of this section if the

public benefits provided exceed the basic development standards of this title. If a development is located in a special overlay district, bonus units may be earned if the development provides public benefits exceeding corresponding standards of the special district.

F. The following are the public benefits eligible to earn density incentives through RDI review:

**BENEFIT** 

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## **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

### 1. AFFORDABLE HOUSING

a. Benefit units consisting of rental housing permanently priced to serve nonsenior citizen low-income households (that is no greater than 30 percent of gross income for households at or below 50 percent of King County median income, adjusted for household size). A covenant on the site that specifies the income level being served, rent levels and requirements for reporting to King County shall be recorded at final approval.

1.5 bonus units per benefit unit, up to a maximum of 30 low-income units per five acres of site area; projects on sites of less than five acres shall be limited to 30 low-income units.

**DENSITY INCENTIVE** 

b. Benefit units consisting of rental housing designed and permanently priced to serve low-income senior citizens (that is no greater than 30 percent of gross income for 1-or 2-person households, 1 member of which is 62 years of age or older, with incomes at or below 50 percent of King County median income, adjusted for household size). A covenant on the site that specifies the income level being served, rent levels and requirements for reporting to King County shall be recorded at final approval.

1.5 bonus units per benefit unit, up to a maximum of 60 low-income units per five acres of site area; projects on sites of less than five acres shall be limited to 60 low-income units.

c. Benefit units consisting of senior citizen assisted housing units 600 square feet or less.

1 bonus unit per benefit unit

**BENEFIT** 

d. Benefit units consisting of moderate income housing reserved for income- and asset-qualified home buyers (total household income at or below 80 percent of King County median, adjusted for household size). Benefit units shall be limited to owner-occupied housing with prices restricted based on typical underwriting ratios and other lending standards, and with no restriction placed on resale. Final approval conditions shall specify requirements for reporting to King County on both buyer eligibility and housing prices.

0.75 bonus unit per benefit unit.

**BENEFIT** 

e. Benefit units consisting of moderate income housing reserved for income and asset-qualified home buyers (total household income at or below 80 percent of King County median, adjusted for household size). Benefit units shall be limited to owner-occupied housing with prices restricted based on typical underwriting ratios and other lending standards, and with a 15 year restriction binding prices and eligibility on resale to qualified moderate income purchasers. Final approval conditions shall specify requirements for reporting to King County on both buyer eligibility and housing prices.

1 bonus unit per benefit unit.

**BENEFIT** 

income housing reserved for income- and asset-qualified home buyers (total household income at or below 80 percent of King County median, adjusted for household size). Benefit units shall be limited to owner-occupied housing, with prices restricted to same income group, based on current underwriting ratios and other lending standards for 30 years from date of first sale. A covenant on the site that specifies the income level and other aspects of buyer eligibility, price levels and requirements

for reporting to King County shall be recorded

at final approval.

f. Benefit units consisting of moderate

1.5 bonus units per benefit unit.

**DENSITY INCENTIVE** 

g. Projects in which 100 percent of the units are reserved for moderate income - and asset-qualified buyers (total household income at or below 80 percent of the King County median, adjusted for household size). All units shall be limited to owner-occupied housing with prices restricted based on current underwriting ratios and other lending standards, and with prices restricted to same income group, for 15 years from date of first sale. Final approval conditions shall specify requirements for reporting to King County on both buyer eligibility and housing prices.

200 percent of the base density of the underlying zone. Limited to parcels 5 acres or less in size and located in the R-4 through R-8 zones. Housing types in the R-4 or R-6 zones shall be limited to structures containing four or less units, except for townhouses. Such RDI proposals shall not be eligible to utilize other RDI bonus density incentives listed in this section.

h. Benefit units consisting of mobile home park space or pad reserved for the relocation of an insignia or noninsignia mobile home, that has been or will be displaced due to closure of a mobile home park located in incorporated or unincorporated King County.

1.0 bonus unit per benefit unit.

# 2. OPEN SPACE, TRAILS AND PARKS

a. Dedication of park site or trail rightof-way meeting King County location and size standards for neighborhood, community or regional park, or trail, and accepted by the parks division.

- b. Improvement of dedicated park site to King County standards for developed parks.
- 0.5 bonus unit per acre of park area or quarter-mile of trail exceeding the minimum requirement of K.C.C.

  21A.14 for on-site recreation space or trail corridors, computed on the number of dwelling units permitted by the site's base density.
- 0.75 bonus unit per acre of park improvement. If the applicant is dedicating the site of the improvements, the bonus units earned by improvements shall be added to the bonus units earned by the dedication.

## **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

c. Improvement of dedicated trail segment to King County standards.

1.8 bonus units per quarter mile
of trail constructed to county standard
for pedestrian trails; or

2.5 bonus units per quarter mile of constructed to county standard for multipurpose trails (pedestrian/bicycle/equestrian).

Shorter segments shall be awarded bonus units on a pro rata basis. If the applicant is dedicating the site of the improvements, the bonus units earned by improvements shall be added to the bonus units earned by the dedication.

### **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

d. Dedication of open space, meeting
King County acquisition standards to the
county or a qualified public or private
organization such as a nature conservancy.

0.5 bonus unit per acre of open

space.

### 3. HISTORIC PRESERVATION

a. Dedication of a site containing an historic landmark in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 20.62, to King County or a qualifying nonprofit organization capable of restoring and/or maintaining the premises to standards set by the King County landmarks commission.

0.5 bonus unit per acre of historic site.

b. Restoration of a site or structure designated as an historic landmark in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 20.62 to a specific architectural or site plan approved by the King County landmarks commission.

0.5 bonus unit per acre of site or one thousand square feet of floor area of building restored.

## **BENEFIT**

## 4. ENERGY CONSERVATION

a. Benefit units that incorporate conservation features in the construction of all on-site dwelling units heated by electricity that save at least 20 percent of space heat energy use from the maximum permitted by the Northwest Energy Code, as amended. No more than 50 percent of the required savings may result from the installation of heat pumps. None of the required savings shall be achieved by reduction of glazing area below 15 percent of floor area. Energy use shall be expressed as allowable energy load per square foot or as total transmittance (UA).

0.15 bonus unit per benefit unit that achieves the required savings.

#### **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

b. Benefit units that incorporate conservation features in the construction of all on-site dwelling units heated by natural gas, or other nonelectric heat source, that save at least 25 percent of space heat energy use from the maximum permitted by the Northwest Energy Code, as amended. None of the required savings shall be achieved by reduction of glazing area below 15 percent of floor area. Energy use shall be expressed as allowable energy load per square foot or as total transmittance (UA).

0.10 bonus unit per benefit unit that achieves the required savings.

c. Developments located within ((1/4))

1/2 mile of transit routes served on at least a half-hourly basis during the peak hours and hourly during the daytime nonpeak hours or within 1/2 mile of a light rail transit or commuter rail station.

10 percent increase above the base density of the zone.

## **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

# 5. PUBLIC ART

a. Devoting 1% of the project budget to public art on site.

b. Contributing 1% of the project budget to the King County public art fund for development of art projects. The contribution shall be used for projects located within a one mile radius of the development project.

5 percent increase above the base density of the zone.

5 percent increase above the base density of the zone.

#### **DENSITY INCENTIVE**

### 6. COTTAGE HOUSING

Provision of three to sixteen detached cottage units clustered around at least one common open space.

Two hundred percent of the base density of the underlying zone. Limited to parcels in the R4-R8 zones. Such RDI proposals shall not be eligible to utilize other RDI bonus density incentives listed in this section.

# 7. COMPACT HOUSING

In R and UR zones, for the construction of detached single family homes 1500 square feet or smaller.

One hundred fifty percent of the base density of the underlying zone.

# 8. WALKABLE COMMUNITIES

In commercial centers located inside
the urban growth area, as part of a
development proposal that includes elements
of walkable design and transit oriented
development.

Two hundred percent of the base density of the underlying zone

If proposed energy conservation bonus units of this section are reviewed in conjunction with a subdivision or a short subdivision, the applicant shall provide data and calculations for a typical house of the type to be built in the development that demonstrates to the department's satisfaction how the required savings will be achieved. A condition of approval shall be recorded with the plat and shown on the title of each lot specifying the required energy savings that must be achieved in the construction of the dwelling unit. The plat notation shall also specify that the savings shall be based on the energy code in effect at the time of preliminary plat application. (15032 § 38, 2004: Ord. 14190 § 36, 2001: Ord. 14045 § 56, 2001: Ord. 10870 § 563, 1993).

SECTION 65. Ordinance 13274, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.010 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The purpose of the transfer of development rights program is to transfer residential density from ((eligibile)) eligible sending sites to eligible receiving sites through a voluntary process ((for)) that permanently ((preserving)) preserves rural, resource and urban separator lands that provide a public benefit. The TDR provisions are intended to supplement land use regulations, resource protection efforts and open space acquisition programs and to encourage increased residential development density or increased commercial square footage, especially inside cities, where it can best be accommodated with the least impacts on the natural environment and public services by:

1. Providing an effective and predictable incentive process for property owners of rural, resource and urban separator land to preserve lands with a public benefit as described in K.C.C. 21A.37.020; and

2. Providing an efficient and streamlined administrative review system to ensure that transfers of development rights to receiving sites are evaluated in a timely way and balanced with other county goals and policies, and are adjusted to the specific conditions of each receiving site.

- B. The TDR provisions in this chapter shall only apply to TDR receiving site development proposals submitted on or after September 17, 2001, and applications for approval of TDR sending sites submitted on or after September 17, 2001.
- <u>SECTION 66.</u> Ordinance 13274, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.020 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. For the purpose of this chapter, sending site means the entire tax lot or lots qualified under subsection B of this section. Sending sites may only be located within rural or resource lands or urban separator areas with R-1 zoning, as designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan ((and cannot be)). Except for lands zoned RA that are managed by the Washington State Department of Natural Resources as state grant or state forest lands, lands in public ownership may not be sending sites. If the sending site consists of more than one tax lot, the lots must be contiguous. For purposes of this section, lots divided by a street are considered contiguous if the lots would share a common lot line if the street was removed; this provision may be waived by the interagency committee if the total acreage of a rural or resource sending site application exceeds one hundred acres. A sending site shall be maintained in a condition that is consistent with the criteria in this section under which the sending was qualified.
- B. Qualification of a sending site shall demonstrate that the site contains a public benefit such that preservation of that benefit by transferring residential development

4256 following criteria: 4257 1. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan or a functional plan as 4258 an agricultural production district or zoned A; 4259 2. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan or a functional plan as 4260 forest production district or zoned F; 4261 3. Designation in the King Count Comprehensive Plan as rural residential, 4262 zoned 4263 RA-2.5, RA-5 or RA-10, and meeting the definition in RCW 84.34.020 of open space, 4264 farm and agricultural land, or timber land; 4265 4. ((Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan or a functional plan as 4266 within the rural forest focus area and zoned RA with a minimum of fifteen acres of 4267 forested land that is not encumbered through King County's development rights purchase 4268 program; 4269 5. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan, or a functional plan as 4270 a proposed rural or resource area regional trail or rural or resource area open space site, 4271 through either: 4272 a. designation of a specific site; or 4273 b. identification of proposed rural or resource area regional trails or rural or 4274 resource area open space sites which meet adopted standards and criteria, and for rural or 4275 resource area open space sites, meet the definition of open space land, as defined in RCW 4276 84.34.020;

rights to another site is in the public interest. A sending site must meet at least one of the

((6-)) <u>5.</u> Identification as habitat for federal listed endangered or threatened species in a written determination by the King County department of natural resources and parks\*, Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife, United States Fish and Wildlife Services or a federally recognized tribe that the sending site is appropriate for preservation or acquisition; or

((7-)) <u>6</u>. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan as urban separator and zoned R-1.

C. For the purposes of the TDR program, acquisition means obtaining fee simple rights in real property, or a less than a fee simple right in a form that preserves in perpetuity the public benefit supporting the designation or qualification of the property as a sending site.

D. If a sending site has any outstanding code violations, the person responsible for code compliance should resolve these violations, including any required abatement, restoration, or payment of civil penalties, before a TDR sending site may be qualified by the interagency review committee created under K.C.C. 21A.37.070. However, the interagency may qualify and certify a TDR sending site with outstanding code violations if the person responsible for code compliance has made a good faith effort to resolve the violations and the proposal is in the public interest.

E. For lots on which the entire lot or a portion of the lot has been cleared or graded in accordance with a Class II, III or IV special forest practice as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW within the six years prior to application as a TDR sending site, the applicant must provide an affidavit of compliance with the reforestation requirements of the Forest Practices Act, and any additional reforestation conditions of their forest practice permit.

Lots on which the entire lot or a portion of the lot has been cleared or graded without any required forest practices or county authorization, shall be not qualified or certified as a TDR sending site for six years unless the six-year moratorium on development applications has been lifted or waived or the landowner has a reforestation plan approved by the state Department of Natural Resources and King County.

SECTION 67. Ordinance 13274, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

### A. Receiving sites shall be:

- 1. King County unincorporated urban sites, except as limited in subsection D. of this section, zoned R-4 through R-48, NB, CB, RB or O, or any combination thereof.

  The sites may also be within potential annexation areas established under the countywide planning policies; or
- 2. Cities where new growth is or will be encouraged under the Growth Management Act and the countywide planning policies and where facilities and services exist or where public investments in facilities and services will be made, or
- 3. RA-2.5 zoned parcels, except as limited in subsection E. of this section, that meet the criteria listed in this subsection A.3. may receive development rights transferred from rural forest focus areas, and accordingly may be subdivided and developed at a maximum density of one dwelling per two and one-half acres. Increased density allowed through the designation of rural receiving areas:
  - a. must be eligible to be served by domestic Group A public water service;
- b. must be located within one-quarter mile of an existing predominant pattern of rural lots smaller than five acres in size;

c. must not adversely impact regionally or locally significant resource areas or 4324 critical areas; 4325 d. must not require public services and facilities to be extended to create or 4326 encourage a new pattern of smaller lots; 4327 e. must not be located within rural forest focus areas; and 4328 f. must not be located on Vashon Island or Maury Island. 4329 B. Except as provided in this chapter, development of an unincorporated King 4330 County receiving site shall remain subject to all zoning code provisions for the base zone, 4331 except TDR receiving site developments shall comply with dimensional standards of the 4332 zone with a base density most closely comparable to the total approved density of the 4333 TDR receiving site development. 4334 C. An unincorporated King County receiving site may accept development rights 4335 from one or more sending sites, up to the maximum density permitted under K.C.C. 4336 21A.12.030 and 21A.12.040. 4337 D. Property located within the outer boundaries of the Noise Remedy Areas as 4338 identified by the Seattle-Tacoma International Airport may not accept development 4339 rights. 4340 E. Property located within the shorelands, as defined in RCW 90.58.020, or 4341 <u>located</u> on Vashon Island or Maury Island may not accept development rights. 4342 SECTION 68. Ordinance 13274, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.040 4343 are each hereby amended to read as follows: 4344 A. The number of residential development rights that an unincorporated sending 4345 site is eligible to send to a receiving site shall be determined by applying the TDR

sending site base density established in subsection D. of this section to the area of the sending site, after deducting the area associated with any existing development, any retained development rights and any portion of the sending site already in a conservation easement or other similar encumbrance ((has been deducted)). For each existing dwelling unit or retained development right, the sending site area shall be reduced by the minimum lot size for that zone under K.C.C. 21A.12.030.

- B. Any fractions of development rights that result from the calculations in subsection A. of this section shall not be included in the final determination of total development rights available for transfer.
- C. For purposes of calculating the amount of development rights a sending site can transfer, the amount of land contained within a sending site shall be determined as follows:
- 1. If the sending site is an entire tax lot, the square footage or acreage shall be determined:
  - a. by the King County department of assessments records; or
- b. by a survey funded by the applicant that has been prepared and stamped by a surveyor licensed in the state of Washington; and
- 2. If the sending site consists of a lot that is divided by a zoning boundary, the square footage or acreage shall be calculated separately for each zoning classification.

  The square footage or acreage within each zoning classification shall be determined by the King County record of the action that established the zoning and property lines, such as an approved lot line adjustment. When such records are not available or are not adequate to determine the square footage or acreage within each zoning classification, the

department of development and environmental services shall calculate the square footage or acreage through the geographic information system (GIS) mapping system.

- D. For the purposes of the transfer of development rights (TDR) program <u>only</u>, the following TDR sending site base densities apply:
- 1. Sending sites designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan as urban separator and zoned R-1 shall have a base density of four dwelling units per acre ((for transfer purposes only));
- 2. Sending sites zoned RA-2.5 ((outside a rural forest focus area)) shall have a base density ((consistent with the base density established in the density and dimensions tables in K.C.C. 21A.12.030)) of one unit for each two and one-half acres. Sending sites zoned RA-2.5 that are vacant and are smaller than 1.25 acres shall be allocated one additional TDR for each vacant lot that is smaller than 1.25 acres;
- 3. Sending sites zoned RA-5 or RA-10 ((within rural forest focus areas)) shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per five acres ((for transfer purposes only)).

  Vacant sending sites that are zoned RA-5 and are smaller than two and one-half acres or that are zoned RA-10 and are smaller than five acres shall be allocated one additional

  TDR for each vacant lot that is smaller than two and one-half acres or five acres, respectively;
- 4. Sending sites zoned RA and that have a designation under the King County

  Shoreline Master Program of conservancy or natural shall be allocated one additional

  TDR;

4390 <u>5.</u> Sending sites zoned A-10 and A-35 within the agricultural production district 4391 shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per five acres for transfer purposes only; 4392 and

- ((5.)) <u>6.</u> Sending sites zoned F within the forest production district shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per eighty acres or one dwelling unit per each lot that is between fifteen and eighty acres in size ((<del>for transfer purposes only</del>)).
- E. A sending site may send one development right for every legal lot created on or before September 17, 2001, if that number is greater than the number of development rights determined under subsection A. of this section.
- F. The number of development rights that a King County unincorporated rural or natural resources land sending site is eligible to send to a King County incorporated urban area receiving site shall be determined through the application of a conversion ratio established by King County and the incorporated municipal jurisdiction. The conversion ratio will be applied to the number of available sending site development rights determined under subsection A. or E. of this section.
- G. Development rights from one sending site may be allocated to more than one receiving site and one receiving site may accept development rights from more than one sending site.
- H. The determination of the number of residential development rights a sending site has available for transfer to a receiving site shall be valid for transfer purposes only, shall be documented in a TDR certificate letter of intent and shall be considered a final determination, not to be revised due to changes to the sending site's zoning.
  - I. ((The number of residential development rights that a sending site with RA, A

determined by applying twice the base density allowed for transfer purposes as specified in subsection D. of this section.)) Each residential development right that originates from a sending site zoned RA, A or F shall be designated "Rural" and is equivalent to two additional units above base density in eligible receiving sites located in unincorporated urban King County. Each residential development right that originates from a sending site zoned R-1 urban separator shall be designated "Urban" and is equivalent to one additional unit above base density. NEW SECTION. SECTION 69. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C. Chapter 21A.37 to read as follows: An urban receiving site that purchases rural TDRs may include the reduced greenhouse gas emissions that are estimated to result from the TDR in calculating the receiving site's greenhouse gas emissions. SECTION 70. Ordinance 14190, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows: A. ((Following the)) Prior to issuing a certificate for transferable ((of)) development rights ((from)) to a sending site, the department of natural resources and parks, or its successor shall record deed restrictions in the form of a conservation easement documenting the development rights ((transfer shall be recorded by the department of natural resources and parks, or its successor,)) that have been removed from the property and shall place a notice ((placed)) on the title ((te)) of the sending site ((parcel)). The department of development and environmental services, or its successor,

or F zoning is eligible to send to an unincorporated urban area receiving site shall be

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shall establish and maintain an internal tracking system that identifies all certified transfer

of developments rights sending sites.

- B. A conservation easement granted to the county or other appropriate land management agency shall be required for land contained in the sending site. The conservation easement shall be documented by a map. The conservation easement shall be placed on the entire lot or lots. The conservation easement shall identify limitations <u>in perpetuity</u> on future residential and nonresidential development consistent with this chapter, ((and)) as follows:
- 1. A conservation easement, which contains the easement map, shall be recorded on the entire sending site to indicate development limitations on the sending site:
- 2. For a sending site zoned A-10 or A-35, the conservation easement shall be consistent in form and substance with the purchase agreements used in the agricultural land development rights purchase program. The conservation easement shall preclude subdivision of the subject property but may permit not more than one dwelling per sending site, and shall permit agricultural uses as provided in the A-10 or A-35 zone;
- 3. ((For a sending site located within a rural forest focus area, the sending site shall be a minimum of twenty acres. The conservation easement shall require that fifteen acres of contiguous forest land be restricted to forest management activities and shall include a forest stewardship plan approved by the county for ongoing forest management practices. The Forest Stewardship Plan shall meet the requirements of King County administrative rules concerning forest stewardship plans and shall not impose standards that exceed Title 222 WAC. No more than one dwelling unit is allowed for every twenty acres;

4.)) For a rural sending site ((located outside a rural forest focus area)) the conservation easement shall allow for restoration, maintenance or enhancement of native vegetation. A present conditions report shall be required to document the location of existing structures and existing native vegetation and the baseline conservation values of protected property at the time the conservation easement is put in place. If residential development will be allowed on the site under the conservation easement, the present conditions report shall be used to guide the location of residential development;

- ((5-)) 4. For a sending site qualifying as habitat for federal listed endangered or threatened species, the conservation easement shall protect habitat and allow for restoration, maintenance or enhancement of native vegetation. A present conditions report shall be required to document the location of existing structures. If existing or future residential development will be allowed on the site under the conservation easement, the present conditions report shall be used by the owner to guide the location of residential development; and
- ((6-)) 5. For a sending site zoned F, the conservation easement shall encumber the entire sending site. Lots between fifteen acres and eighty acres in size are not eligible to participate in the TDR program if they include any existing dwelling units intended to be retained, or if a new dwelling unit is proposed. For eligible lots between fifteen acres and eighty acres in size, the sending site must include the entire lot. For lots greater than eighty acres in size, the sending site shall be a minimum of eighty acres. The conservation easement shall permit forestry uses subject to a forest stewardship plan prepared by the applicant and approved by the county for ongoing forest management practices. The Forest Stewardship Plan shall include a description of the site's forest

resources and the long term forest management objectives of the property owner, and shall not impose standards that exceed Title 222 WAC.

SECTION 71. Ordinance 13274, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.080 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

- A. TDR development rights where both the proposed sending and receiving sites would be within unincorporated King County shall be transferred using the following process:
- 1. Following interagency review committee review and approval of the sending site application as described in K.C.C. 21A.37.070 the interagency review committee shall issue a TDR certificate letter of intent, agreeing to issue a TDR certificate in exchange for the proposed sending site conservation easement. After signing and notarizing the conservation easement and receiving the TDR certificate from the County, ((Ŧ))the sending site owner may ((then)) market the TDR sending site development rights to potential purchasers. The TDR certificate shall be in the name of the property owner and separate from the land title. If a TDR sending site that has been reviewed and approved by the interagency review committee changes ownership, the TDR certificate letter of intent may be transferred to the new owner if requested in writing to the department of natural resources by the person or persons that owned the property when the TDR certificate letter of intent was issued, provided that the documents evidencing the transfer of ownership are also provided to the department of natural resources;
- 2. In applying for receiving site approval, the applicant shall provide the department of development and environmental services with one of the following:
  - a. a TDR certificate letter of intent issued in the name of the applicant,

- b. a TDR certificate letter of intent issued in the name of another person or persons and a copy of a signed option to purchase those TDR sending site development rights,
  - c. a TDR certificate issued in the name of the applicant, or

- d. a TDR certificate issued in the name of another person or persons and a copy of a signed option to purchase those TDR sending site development rights;
- 3. Following building permit approval, but before building permit issuance by the department of development and environmental services or following preliminary plat approval or preliminary short plat approval, but before final plat or short plat recording of a receiving site development proposal which includes the use of TDR development rights, the receiving site applicant shall deliver the TDR certificate issued in the applicant's name for the number of TDR development rights being used and the TDR extinguishment document to the county;
- 4. When the receiving site development proposal requires a public hearing under this title or K.C.C. Title 19A or its successor, that public hearing shall also serve as the hearing on the TDR proposal. The reviewing authority shall make a consolidated decision on the proposed development and use of TDR development rights and consider any appeals of the TDR proposal under the same appeal procedures set forth for the development proposal; and
- 5. When the development proposal does not require a public hearing under this title or K.C.C. Title 19A, the TDR proposal shall be considered along with the development proposal, and any appeals of the TDR proposal shall be considered under the same appeal procedures set forth for the development proposal.

6. Development rights from a sending site shall be considered transferred to a receiving site when a final decision is made on the TDR receiving area development proposal, the sending site is permanently protected by a completed and recorded land dedication or conservation easement, notification has been provided to the King County assessor's office and a TDR extinguishment document has been provided to the department of natural resources and parks, or its successor agency.

- B. TDR development rights where the proposed receiving site would be within an incorporated King County municipal jurisdiction shall be reviewed and transferred using that jurisdiction's development application review process.
- SECTION 72. Ordinance 13733, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.100 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

The purpose of the TDR bank is to assist in the implementation of the transfer of development rights (TDR) program by purchasing and selling development rights, ((and)) purchasing conservation easements, and facilitating interlocal TDR agreements with cities in King County through the provision of amenity funds. The TDR bank may acquire development rights and conservation easements only from sending sites located in the rural area or in an agricultural or forest production district as designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan. Development rights purchased from the TDR bank may only be used for receiving sites in cities or in the urban unincorporated area as designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan.

SECTION 73. Ordinance 13733, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.110 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

Transfer of development rights (TDR) bank expenditure and purchase authorization.

- A. The TDR bank may purchase development rights from qualified sending sites at prices not to exceed fair market value and to sell development rights at prices not less than fair market value. The TDR bank may accept donations of development rights from qualified TDR sending sites.
- B. The TDR bank may purchase a conservation easement only if the property subject to the conservation easement is qualified as a sending site as evidenced by a TDR certificate letter of intent, the conservation easement restricts development of the sending site in the manner required by K.C.C. 21A.37.060 and the development rights generated by encumbering the sending site with the conservation easement are issued to the TDR bank at no additional cost.
- C. If a conservation easement is acquired through a county park, open space, trail, agricultural, forestry or other natural resource acquisition program for a property that is qualified as a TDR sending site as evidenced by a TDR certificate letter of intent, any development rights generated by encumbering the sending site with the conservation easement may be issued to the TDR bank so long as there is no additional cost for the development rights.
- D. The TDR bank may use funds to facilitate development rights transfers.

  These expenditures may include, but are not limited to, establishing and maintaining internet web pages, marketing TDR receiving sites, procuring title reports and appraisals and reimbursing the costs incurred by the department of natural resources and parks,

4573 and executing development rights purchases and sales. 4574 E. The TDR bank fund ((shall not)) may be used to cover the cost of providing 4575 staff support for identifying and qualifying sending and receiving sites,  $((\Theta_r))$  and the 4576 costs of providing staff support for the TDR interagency review committee ((or the 4577 department of natural resources and parks)). 4578 F. All proceeds from the sale of TDR bank development rights shall be available 4579 for acquisition of additional development rights upon approval of the TDR executive 4580 board. 4581 SECTION 74. Ordinance 10870, Section 581 and K.C.C. 21A.38.080 are each 4582 hereby amended to read as follows: 4583 Implementation of the UPD designation shall comply with the following: 4584 A. The minimum site size for an UPD permit application shall be not less than 4585 ((200)) one hundred acres. "Site size" for purposes of this subsection means contiguous 4586 land under one ownership or under the control of a single legal entity responsible for 4587 submitting an UPD permit application and for carrying out all provisions of the 4588 development agreement; and 4589 B. The UPD shall comply with the standards and procedures set out in Chapter 4590 21A.39. 4591 SECTION 75. Ordinance 11351, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.090 4592 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

water and land resources division, or its successor, for administering the TDR bank fund

A. The purpose of the economic redevelopment special district overlay is to provide incentives for the redevelopment of large existing, underutilized concentrations of commercial/industrial lands within urban areas.

- B. The economic redevelopment special district overlay shall only be designated through the area zoning process; located in areas designated within a community, subarea or neighborhood plan as an activity center; and zoned CB, RB, O, or I.
- C. The standards of this title and other county codes shall be applicable to development within the economic redevelopment special district overlay except as follows:
- 1. Commercial or industrial uses that exist within an area as of the effective date of legislation applying the economic redevelopment special district overlay, but that are not otherwise permitted by the zoning, shall be considered permitted uses upon only the lots that they occupied as of that date.
- 2. The minimum parking requirements of this title shall be reduced as follows((; provided that such reductions do not apply to new construction on vacant property or the vacant portions of partially developed property where that construction is not an enlargement or replacement of an existing building)):
  - a. The parking stall requirements are reduced 100 percent provided that:
- (1) the square footage of any enlargement or replacement of an existing building does not in total exceed 125 percent of the square footage of the existing building;
- (2) any new mixed use development provides a minimum of two stories of residences above the ground-floor level commercial;

4616	(3) the building fronts on an existing roadway improved to urban standards or
4617	a roadway programmed to be improved to urban standards as a capital improvement
4618	project, that accommodates on-street parking; and
4619	$((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) there is no net decrease in existing off-street parking space.
4620	b. the parking stall requirements for commercial and retail uses are reduced 50
4621	percent (( <del>provided that</del> )) <u>if</u> :
4622	(1) the square footage of any enlargement or replacement of an existing
4623	building in total exceeds 125 percent of the square footage of the existing building;
4624	(2) the height of the enlarged or replacement building does not exceed the
4625	base height of the zone in which it is located;
4626	(3) the building fronts on an existing roadway improved to urban standards or
4627	a roadway programmed to be improved as a capital improvement project, that
4628	accommodates on-street parking; and
4629	(4) there is no net decrease in existing off-street parking spaces, unless it
4630	exceeds the minimum requirements of subsection C.2.b.
4631	3. ((The landscaping requirements of this title shall be waived, provided that:
4632	a. street trees, installed and maintained by the adjacent property owner, shall
4633	be substituted in lieu of landscaping; and
4634	b. any portion of the overlay district that directly abuts properties outside of
4635	the district shall provide, along said portions, a landscape buffer area no less than 50
4636	percent of that required by this title.
4637	4. The setback requirements of this title shall be waived, provided that:

4638	a. setback widths along any street forming a boundary of the overlay district
4639	shall comply with this title, and
4640	b. any portion of the overlay district that directly abuts properties outside of
4641	the district shall provide, along said portions, a setback no less than 50 percent of that
4642	required by this title.
4643	5.)) The building height limits of this title shall be waived, provided that the
4644	height limit within 50 feet of the perimeter of the overlay district shall be 30 feet.
4645	((6-)) (4) Signage shall be limited to that allowed within the CB zone.
4646	((7.)) (5) The roadway improvements of the King County code shall be waived,
4647	provided a no-protest agreement to participate in future road improvement districts (RID)
4648	is signed by an applicant and recorded with the county.
4649	((8. The pedestrian circulation requirements of this title shall be waived.
4650	9. The impervious surface and lot coverage requirements of this title shall be
4651	waived.
4652	10.)) (6) On I zoned lands that are designated in the comprehensive plan as
4653	unincorporated activity centers, conditional use permits shall not be issued where the
4654	resulting impacts such as noise, smoke, odor and glare would be inconsistent with the
4655	maintenance of nearby viable commercial and residential areas.
4656	D. For properties that have frontage on pedestrian street(s) or routes as
4657	designated in an applicable plan or area zoning process, the following conditions shall
4658	apply:

4659	1. main building entrances shall be oriented to the pedestrian street. If multiple
4660	pedestrian streets front on the building, each pedestrian street shall have a similar main
4661	building entrance;
4662	2. at the ground floor (at grade), buildings shall be located no more than 5 feet
4663	from the sidewalk or sidewalk improvement, but in no instance shall encroach on the
4664	public right-of-way;
4665	3. building facades shall comprise at least 75% of the total pedestrian street
4666	frontage for a property, and if applicable, at least 75% of the total pedestrian route
4667	frontage for a property;
4668	4. minimum side setbacks of the underlying zoning are waived;
4669	5. building facades of ground floor retail, general business service, and
4670	professional office land uses, that front onto a pedestrian street or route shall include
4671	windows and overhead protection;
4672	6. building facades, along a pedestrian street or route, that are without
4673	ornamentation, or are comprised of uninterrupted glass curtain walls or mirrored glass are
4674	not permitted; and
4675	7. vehicle access shall be limited to the rear access alley or rear access street
4676	where such an alley or street exists.
4677	SECTION 76. Ordinance. 14045, Section 37, as amended, and K.C.C.
4678	21A.14.360 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4679	A. The county may accept the voluntary grant of an easement for a rural
4680	equestrian community trails [trail] consistent with K.C.C. 21A.14.350 through
4681	21A.14.390 from any development when such development contains any existing

historically established rural equestrian community trail, and when located in the RA, A or F zones ((and within an equestrian community designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan)). The residents or tenants of the development shall be provided access to any such trail provided hereunder for use consistent with the function of the trail. The area of any such trail provided hereunder shall be counted as part of the site for purposes of density and floor area calculations. The application of this section shall not reduce the allowed density within a residential subdivision or short subdivision. The county may also accept the voluntary grant of an easement for a rural equestrian community trail consistent with K.C.C. 21A.14.350 through 21A.14.390 when there is no development proposed for the property.

B The rural equestrian community trails provisions apply to any property located in the RA, A or F zones ((and within an equestrian community designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan)).

- 4. Development proposals for government/business service uses denoted in the permitted use table in K.C.C. 21A.08.060.
- 4697 <u>SECTION 77.</u> Ordinance. 14259, Section 10 and K.C.C. 21A.14.365 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. The department shall notify every applicant for a plat, short plat, boundary line adjustment, clearing and grading permit, conditional use permit, building permit for new construction or additions to existing structures, or zone reclassification in the RA, A or F zones ((and within an equestrian community designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan)) on the opportunity to voluntarily grant an easement for a rural equestrian community trail in accordance with Ordinance 14259.

B. The department shall notify the department of natural resources and parks of every application for a plat, short plat, boundary line adjustment, clearing and grading permit, conditional use permit, building permit for new construction or additions to existing structures, or zone reclassification in the RA, A or F zones ((and within an equestrian community designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan)).

SECTION 78. Ordinance. 14045, Section 38, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.14.370 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

The county shall accept a voluntary grant of easement for the preservation or relocation of a rural equestrian community trail in the RA, A or F zone ((within the Equestrian Community area designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan)) whenever:

- A. The department makes a determination in writing that:
- 1. The equestrian community trail is listed or mapped on an inventory of equestrian community trails maintained by the King County parks and recreation department. The department shall field verify the presence of a trail where an inventory indicates the general location of a trail that has not yet been field verified:
- 2. The equestrian community trail connects to a state, county or other trail open to the public;
- 3. The equestrian community trail, following a site inspection by the department of natural resources and parks, is reasonably fit for use as a rural equestrian community trail;

4. If the equestrian community trail traverses or impacts an environmentally sensitive area, it can be modified to meet code requirements for trails in sensitive areas; and

- 5. Permanent protection or relocation of an equestrian community trail can be accomplished without interference with allowed uses and development of the subject property, and the site can be developed without interference with the trail and allows for future owners of the property to access historically existing or public trails in the vicinity of the site.
- B. If the trail is proposed to be granted as part of a mitigation package for a development proposal, the department of development and environmental services determines and reports to the department of natural resources that permanent protection or relocation of an equestrian community trail can be accomplished without interference with the proposed use and development of the subject property, and the site can be developed without interference with the trail and in a manner that allows future owners of the property to access historically existing or public trails in the vicinity that are linked to the subject site. The department of development and environmental services shall report its findings in writing.
- 4743 <u>SECTION 79.</u> Ordinance. 14045, Section 39, as amended, and K.C.C. 4744 21A.14.380 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - **21A.14.380** Rural equestrian community trails location and design standards. The following design standards apply to rural equestrian community trails provided pursuant to this chapter located within the RA, A or F zones ((and within the equestrian community designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan)).

A. An on-site rural equestrian community trail should be retained at its existing location unless that location impairs the use of the property as intended by the applicant. A rural equestrian trail retained in the existing location shall not require any upgrades or improvements, except for maintenance required by this section. The trail may be relocated to a location within the street right-of-way or to another corridor separate from a street right-of-way, provided that whatever alternative is used preserves the same connections as the original trail to an existing public park or trail in the vicinity of the subject property. The preferred place for a relocated trail is out of the right-of-way or separated from the paved surface and road shoulder by a berm, ditch or other separation. Trails may only be relocated to a street right-of-way when meeting the standards in subsection E of this section. A tax credit pursuant to the Public Benefit Rating System may only be given for trails relocated off the road right-of-way. The trail location shall be preserved by appropriate easements or dedications.

- B. Corridors for trails located outside a street right-of-way shall be ten feet wide, or six feet wide if the trail will be located along a property line and additional corridor space can reasonably be expected to be preserved on the abutting property and the corridor is not encumbered by any structures adjacent to the corridor.
- C. If permitted by K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, an existing or relocated rural equestrian community trail may be located in a designated sensitive area buffer.
- D. Rural equestrian community trails that are not located within street rights-of-way, should be natural, visually and functionally unobtrusive, and as low-impact as possible.

E. Relocated or new rural equestrian community trails within public or private road rights-of-way shall be designed consistent with adopted King County Road Standards (KCRS, Section 3.11), as supplemented by the following standards:

1. The trail shall be located to provide access to a local equestrian travel

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- The trail shall be located to provide access to a local equestrian travel
   corridor through the project site and adjacent properties, as determined by the King
   County department of transportation in cooperation with the local equestrian community.
- 2. The preferred design is a trail separated from the paved roadway by a berm,
  ditch, tree cover or other natural obstacle; the center of the trail tread shall be at least
  eight feet of horizontal distance from the paved roadway edge.
  - 3. When a separated trail cannot be provided, a soft-surfaced ninety-six inchwide roadway shoulder path shall be installed on all roads other than local access streets, where a forty-eight inches shoulder path shall be sufficient.
    - 4. All trails shall have an all-weather tread of thirty-six to forty-eight inches.
  - 5. The roadway shall include appropriate surface treatment to reduce slippage at roadway/trail crossings.
  - 6. Appropriate signs shall be provided to indicate the location of street crossings for trails, with emphasis on arterials and subcollector street.
  - F. Relocated or new rural equestrian community trails not located in a right-of-way shall be designed to the King County Road Standards, KCRS, Section 3.11.A.2.
- 4790 <u>SECTION 80.</u> Ordinance. 10870, Section 333, as amended and K.C.C.
- 4791 21A.08.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. Government/business services land uses.

Ī	KEY		RESOURCE			RESIDENTIAL						COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL							
Ī	P-Permitted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	C	В	R	В	О	I	
	C-Conditional Use		G	О	I	U	R	E	R	E	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N	
	S-Special Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D	
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SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND USE	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-	R12-	NB	CB	RB	0	I
							8	48					(30)
	GOVERNMENT SERVICES:												
*	Public agency or utility office				P3	P3 C5	P3	P3 C	P	P	P	P	P16
	r done agency or dancy office				C5	1000	C	150	1	-	•	•	110
*	Public agency or utility yard				P27	P27	P27	P27			P		P
*	Public agency archives										P	P	P
921	Court				D7	D7	D7	D7	D7	P4 P	P P	P P	D
9221 9224	Police Facility Fire Facility				P7 C6	P7 C6	P7 C6	P7 C6	P7 P	P	P	P	P P
7224	The Facility				and3	Co	Co	Co	1	1	1	1	1
					3								
*	Utility Facility	P29	P29	P29	P29	P29	P29	P29	P	P	P	P	P
		C28	C28	C28	C28	C28	C28	C28					
					and								
*	Commuter Parking Lot				33 C 33	C P19	С	C 19	P	P	P	P	P35
	Commuter 1 arking Lot				P19	(11)	P19	C 17	1	•	1	•	1 33
*	Private Stormwater	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8
	Management Facility												
*	Vactor Waste Receiving	P	P	P	P18	P18	P18	P18	P31	P31	P31	P31	P
	Facility	-											
*	BUSINESS SERVICES: Construction and Trade				P34						P	P9	P
*	Individual Transportation and				134					P25	P	P10	P
	Taxi										_		-
421	Trucking and Courier Service									P11	P12	P13	P
*	Warehousing, (1) and												P
*	Wholesale Trade	-						C1.4	D27	D	D	D	D.
4221	Self-service Storage Farm Product Warehousing,	P15			P15	P15,		C14	P37	P	P	P	P P
4222	Refrigeration and Storage	C36			and	C36							Г
	8				33								
					C36								
*	Log Storage	P15	P		P26								P
					and 33								
47	Transportation Service				33								P
473	Freight and Cargo Service										P	P	P
472	Passenger Transportation									P	P	P	
	Service												
48	Communication Offices									_	P	P	P
482	Telegraph and other									P	P	P	P
*	Communications General Business Service								P	P	P	P	P16
*	Professional Office								P	P	P	P	P16
7312	Outdoor Advertising Service										P	P17	P
735	Miscellaneous Equipment									P17	P	P17	P
	Rental				ļ								
751	Automotive Rental and Leasing								D20	P	P	D20	P
<u>*</u>	Automotive Parking Off-Street Required Parking	1			P32	P32	P32	P32	P20 P32	P20 P32	P21 P32	P20 P32	P P32
•	Lot				1 34	1 32	1 32	1 32	1 32	1 34	1 32	1 32	1 34
7941	Professional Sport										P	P	
	Teams/Promoters				ļ								
873	Research, Development and							<u> </u>			P2	P2	P2
*	Testing	+		-		-	ļ		-				D
Ť	Heavy Equipment and Truck Repair					1			1				P
-	ACCESSORY USES:	1	1	<u> </u>		<b>†</b>	<del>                                     </del>		<b>†</b>				
*	Commercial/Industrial	1		P	P22				P22	P22	P	P	P
	Accessory Uses												
*	Helistop					C23	C23	C23	C23	C23	C24	C23	C24

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070;
Development Standards, see chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30; General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;
Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;

(\*) Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06. GENERAL CROSS REFERENCES:

## B. Development conditions.

4794 1. Except self-service storage. 4795 2. Except SIC Industry No. 8732-Commercial Economic, Sociological, and 4796 Educational Research, see general business service/office. 4797 3.a. Only as a re-use of a public school facility or a surplus nonresidential 4798 facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.32; or 4799 b. only when accessory to a fire facility and the office is no greater than one 4800 thousand five hundred square feet of floor area. 4801 4. Only as a re-use of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 4802 21A.32. 4803 5. New utility office locations only if there is no commercial/industrial zoning in the utility district, and not in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that 4804 4805 no feasible alternative location is possible, and provided further that this condition 4806 applies to the UR zone only if the property is located within a designated unincorporated 4807 Rural Town. 4808 6.a. All buildings and structures shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty 4809 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; 4810 b. Any buildings from which fire-fighting equipment emerges onto a street 4811 shall maintain a distance of thirty-five feet from such street; 4812 c. No outdoor storage; and 4813 d. Excluded from the RA-10 and RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no 4814 feasible alternative location is possible. 4815 7. Limited to storefront police offices. Such offices shall not have: 4816 a. holding cells,

b. suspect interview rooms (except in the NB zone), or 4818 c. long-term storage of stolen properties. 4819 8. Private stormwater management facilities serving development proposals 4820 located on commercial/industrial zoned lands shall also be located on 4821 commercial/industrial lands, unless participating in an approved shared facility drainage 4822 plan. Such facilities serving development within an area designated urban in the King 4823 County Comprehensive Plan shall only be located in the urban area. 4824 9. No outdoor storage of materials. 4825 10. Limited to office uses. 4826 11. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to 4827 a gasoline service station. 4828 12. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to 4829 a gasoline service station and SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air. 4830 13. Limited to SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air. 4831 14. Accessory to an apartment development of at least twelve units provided: 4832 a. The gross floor area in self service storage shall not exceed the total gross 4833 floor area of the apartment dwellings on the site; 4834 b. All outdoor lights shall be deflected, shaded and focused away from all 4835 adjoining property; 4836 c. The use of the facility shall be limited to dead storage of household goods; 4837 d. No servicing or repair of motor vehicles, boats, trailers, lawn mowers or 4838 similar equipment;

e. No outdoor storage or storage of flammable liquids, highly combustible or 4840 explosive materials or hazardous chemicals; 4841 f. No residential occupancy of the storage units; 4842 g. No business activity other than the rental of storage units; and 4843 h. A resident director shall be required on the site and shall be responsible for 4844 maintaining the operation of the facility in conformance with the conditions of approval. 4845 15.a. The floor area devoted to warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not 4846 exceed two thousand square feet; 4847 b. Structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration and storage shall 4848 maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining 4849 residential zones; and 4850 c. Warehousing, refrigeration and storage is limited to agricultural products 4851 and sixty percent or more of the products must be grown or processed in the Puget Sound 4852 counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of 4853 the source of products to be included in the warehousing, refrigeration or storage. 4854 16. Only as an accessory use to another permitted use. 4855 17. No outdoor storage. 4856 18. Only as an accessory use to a public agency or utility yard, or to a transfer 4857 station. 4858 19. Limited to new commuter parking lots designed for thirty or fewer parking 4859 spaces or commuter parking lots located on existing parking lots for churches, schools, or 4860 other permitted nonresidential uses that have excess capacity available during

4861 commuting; provided that the new or existing lot is adjacent to a designated arterial that 4862 has been improved to a standard acceptable to the department of transportation; 4863 20. No tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles. 4864 21. No dismantling or salvage of damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded 4865 vehicles. 4866 22. Storage limited to accessory storage of commodities sold at retail on the 4867 premises or materials used in the fabrication of commodities sold on the premises. 4868 23. Limited to emergency medical evacuation sites in conjunction with police, 4869 fire or health service facility. Helistops are prohibited from the UR zone only if the 4870 property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town. 4871 24. Allowed as accessory to an allowed use. 4872 25. Limited to private road ambulance services with no outside storage of 4873 vehicles. 4874 26. Limited to two acres or less. 4875 27a. Utility yards only on sites with utility district offices; or 4876 b. Public agency yards are limited to material storage for road maintenance 4877 facilities. 4878 28. Limited to bulk gas storage tanks that pipe to individual residences but 4879 excluding liquefied natural gas storage tanks. 4880 29. Excluding bulk gas storage tanks. 4881 30. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the 4882 King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shall be subject to the provisions for rural 4883 industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.

31. Vactor waste treatment, storage and disposal shall be limited to liquid 4885 materials. Materials shall be disposed of directly into a sewer system, or shall be stored 4886 in tanks (or other covered structures), as well as enclosed buildings. 4887 32. Provided: 4888 a. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the urban area must be 4889 located in the urban area; 4890 b. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the rural area must be 4891 located in the rural area; and 4892 c. Off-street required parking must be located on a lot that would permit, either 4893 outright or through a land use permit approval process, the land use the off-street parking 4894 will serve. 4895 33. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor 4896 provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone ((and in an equestrian 4897 community designated by the Comprehensive Plan)). 4898 34. Limited to landscape and horticultural services (SIC 078) that are accessory 4899 to a use classified as retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply store (SIC 5261) and 4900 provided that construction equipment for the accessory use shall not be stored on the 4901 premises. 4902 35. Allowed as a primary or accessory use to an allowed industrial-zoned land 4903 use. 4904 36. Accessory to agricultural uses provided: 4905 a. In the RA zones and on lots less than thirty-five acres in the A zone, the floor 4906

4884

area devoted to warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not exceed three thousand five

hundred square feet unless located in a farm structure, including but not limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003;

- b. On lots at least thirty-five acres in the A zones, the floor area devoted to warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not exceed seven thousand square feet unless located in a farm structure, including but not limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003;
- c. In the A zones, structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration and storage shall be located on portions of agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct agricultural production, or areas without prime agricultural soils;
- d. Structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; and
- e. Warehousing, refrigeration and storage is limited to agricultural products and sixty percent or more of the products must be grown or processed in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be included in the warehousing, refrigeration or storage.
- 37. Use shall be limited to the NB zone on parcels outside of the Urban Growth Area, Rural Towns and Rural Neighborhoods and the building floor area devoted to such use shall not exceed ten thousand square feet.
- 4928 <u>SECTION 81.</u> Pursuant to K.C.C. 20.44.080, the metropolitan King County
  4929 council finds that the requirements for environmental analysis, protections and mitigation

4930 measures in the chapters of K.C.C. Titles 16 and 21A amended by this ordinance, provide 4931 adequate analysis of and mitigation for the specific adverse environmental impacts to 4932 which the requirements apply. 4933 SECTION 82. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person 4934 or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the 4935 provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. Attachments A. King County Critical Aquifer Recharge Areas map, dated June 9, 2008 4936 4937 **EFFECT:** committee changes are: 4938 Page 13, line 192, and page 152, line 2762: corrects the name of the referenced 4939 guidelines; 4940 Page 28, lines 532 through 533: clarification to ensure that the sale or transfer of illegal 4941 lots could be enforced through civil procedures; 4942 Page 34, line 615: replaces "and for" with "including" to clarify that agriculture includes 4943 raising livestock; 4944 Page 47, lines 870 through 871: removes reference to equestrian communities for 4945 mapping purposes as there are no longer any designated equestrian communities; 4946 Page 62, lines 1152 through 1153: removes reference to equestrian communities for 4947 mapping purposes as there are no longer any designated equestrian communities; 4948 Page 98, table for Section 27: replaces condition 1 for 18 and 17 for 15; 4949 Page 99, lines 1754 through 1755: adds new condition 1 regarding density not allowed in 4950 PAA;

- 4951 Page 101, line 1801: adds modifier "well served by transit" as condition for allowed
- 4952 density;
- 4953 Page 101, line 1804: clarifies that condition density on RB zoned parcel within PAA
- 4954 prohibited;
- 4955 Page 101, lines 1806 through 1807: clarifies that condition density on RB zoned parcel
- 4956 within PAA prohibited;
- 4957 Page 135, table to Section 41: deletes activity "Construction of new stream bank or
- 4958 channel stabilization and maintenance of existing stream bank or channel stabilization";
- 4959 Page 141, line 2507: adds "native wetland" modifier;
- 4960 Page 143, line 2557: corrects code reference;
- 4961 Page 1456, line 2596: adds new condition "f";
- 4962 Page 150, lines 2703 through 2705: adds "severe channel migration hazard area" to
- subpart e and deletes subpart f;
- 4964 Page 150, line 2717: replaces phrase "portion of" with the word "or";
- 4965 Page 151, lines 2724 through 2726: adds new subpart b;
- 4966 Page 151, line 2729 and 2741: clerical to place "or" in correct line;
- 4967 Page 152, lines 2742 through 2751: adds new subpart 4, which allows protection of
- 4968 accessory residential dwellings from erosion;
- 4969 Page 152, lines 2753: allows private entities to protect structures;
- 4970 Page 152, lines 2755 through 2756, and line 2759: provides for new flood protection
- 4971 facilities to also enhance aquatic area habitat and process;
- 4972 Page 152, lines 2755 through 6 and 2759: changes to condition when alterations allowed;
- 4973 Page 160, lines 2920 through 2924: adds condition 4 through 6;

- 4974 Page 161, lines 2944 through 2946: broadens disability definition;
- 4975 Page 184, line 3470: new CARA map reference;
- 4976 Page 198, line 3673 through 3674: removes rural stewardship requirement;
- 4977 Page 198, line 3680: this provision is replaced and amended by new text starting on line
- 4978 3752;
- 4979 Page 200, line 3717, and page 208, lines 3866 through 3867: corrects ordinance reference
- 4980 to which Basin and Shoreline Conditions Map is attached;
- 4981 Page 218, line 4100: clarifies that monitoring and evaluation is of the chapter, not just the
- 4982 ordinance adopting the latest CAO;
- 4983 Page 235, density bonus table: removes manufactured homes for item 7;
- 4984 Page 238, lines 4265 through 4268: this provision is no longer necessary because all RA
- 2985 zoned property will get similar benefits as the RFFA property does under the current
- 4986 code;
- 4987 Page 244, line 4395: removes redundant phrase;
- 4988 Page 245, line 4431 through 4433: Clarification of what must be documented;
- 4989 Page 246, line 4451 through page 247 line 4459: All RA zoned property is being treated
- 4990 the same. The provisions relating to the RFFA are unnecessary;
- Page 247, line 4462 through 4463: makes it clear the "baseline conditions" must be
- referenced in the conservation easement;
- 4993 Page 256, new section 76 at line 4677;
- 4994 Page 257, lines 4683 through 4684 and 4693 through 4694: eliminates reference to
- 4995 equestrian communities;

4996 Page 257, new section 77 at line 4697 and lines 4702 through 4703: eliminates reference 4997 to equestrian communities; 4998 Page 258, lines 4708 through 4709: eliminates reference to equestrian communities; 4999 Page 258 new section 78 at line 4710 and lines 4714 through 4715: eliminates reference 5000 to equestrian communities; 5001 Page 259 new section 79 at line 4743 and lines 4747 through 4748: eliminates reference 5002 to equestrian communities; 5003 Page 261 new section 80 at line 4790 and lines 4896 through 4897: eliminates reference 5004 to equestrian communities; 5005 Page 268, line 4928 renumber section; 5006 Page 269, line 4933 renumber section; and 5007 Page 269lines 4935: references new CARA map attached. 5008